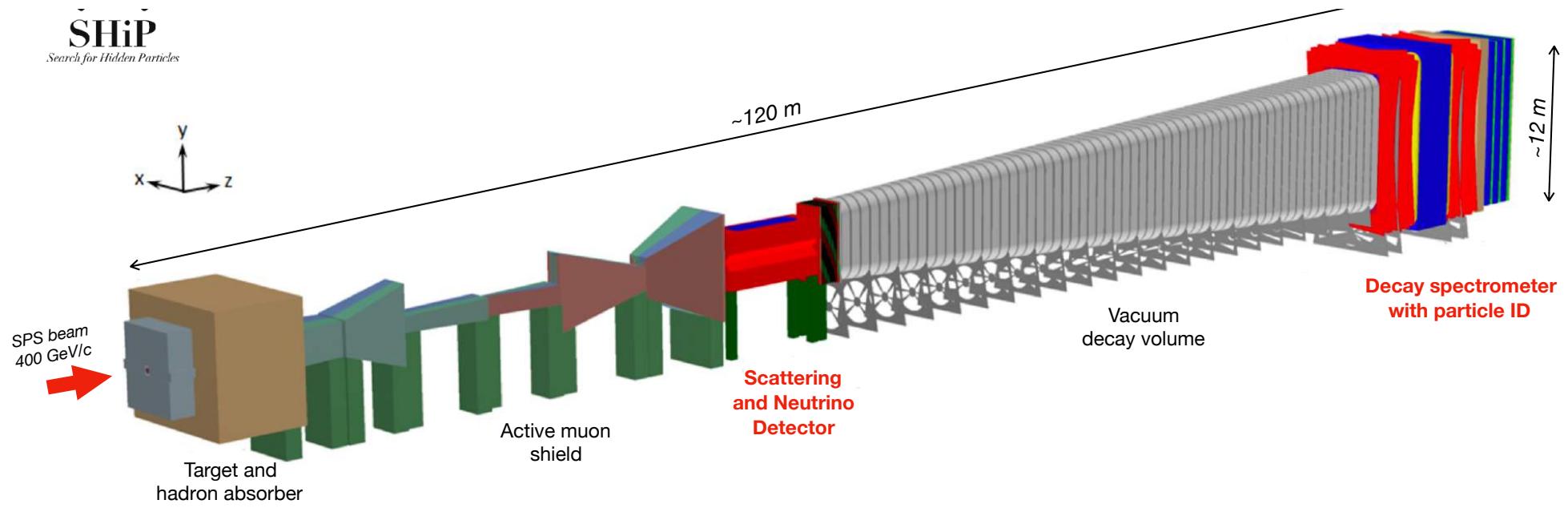


В.Т. Ким

ОФВЭ ПИЯФ НИЦ КИ

Сессия Ученого Совета
24-27 декабря 2018 г.



Search for Hidden Particles

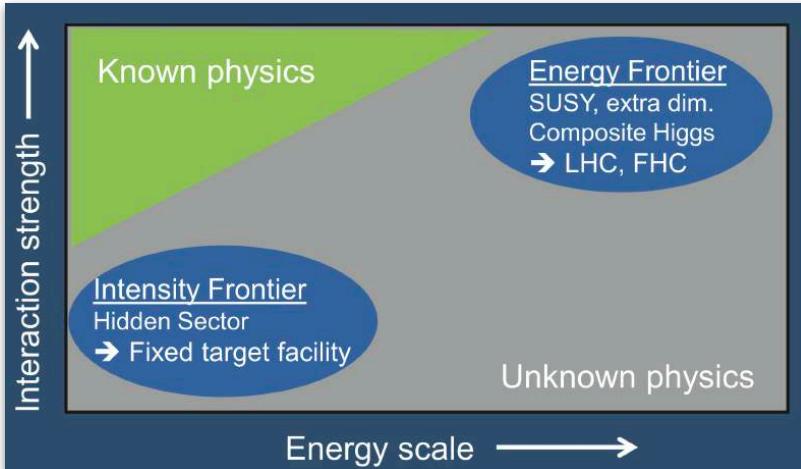
Поиск частиц, из которых могут решить проблему Темной Материи и отсутствие антиматерии во Вселенной

52 института из 17 стран

SHiP Technical Proposal 2015
SHiP Physics Paper 2015

“Sensitivity of the SHiP experiment to Heavy Neutral Leptons”
SHiP Coll., JHEP 04 (2019) 077

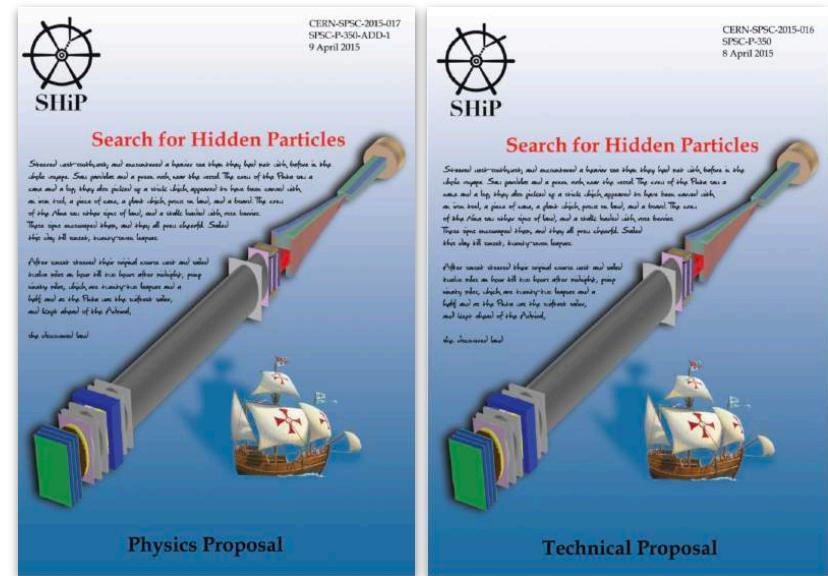
“Sensitivity of the SHiP experiment to Heavy Neutral Leptons”
SHiP Coll., JINST 14 (2019) P03025



- Fixed target facility at the CERN SPS (400 GeV)
- Designed to find a solution for BSM physics by searching for very weakly interacting particles
- Hidden Sector (HS) production and decay rates are strongly suppressed relative to SM: production branching ratios $O(10^{-10})$
- Detection of long-lived particles in the “zero background” experiment

- **2013** Expression of Interest for a new CERN SPS experiment submitted
- **2015** Technical proposal and description of physics case submitted
- **2016** Recommendation by CERN SPSC to proceed to Comprehensive Design Study
- **2018** Comprehensive design study by the Beam Dump Facility group published
- **2019** Comprehensive Design Report to be submitted

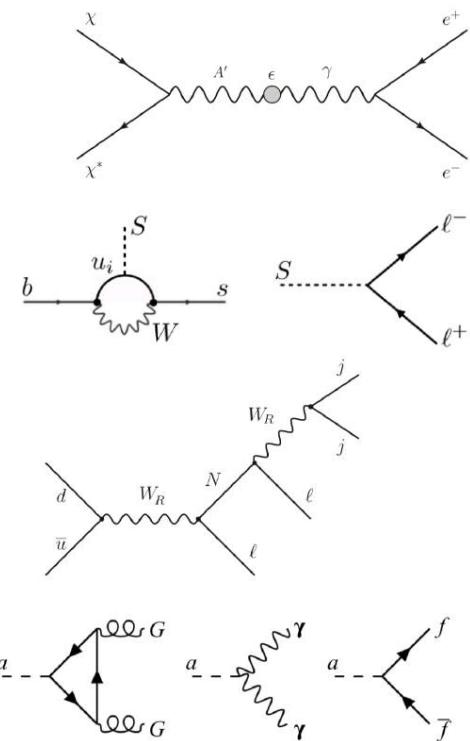
290 authors, 52 institutes, 17 countries



SHiP: Hidden Sector (HS) under study



- Dark vectors (“Dark Photons”)
 - Addition of U(1) gauge group to SM, kinetic mixing with γ and Z
 - Bremsstrahlung, light neutral meson decays, quark annihilation
- (Light) Dark Matter direct detection (“WIMPs”)
 - Stable or long-lived DM that couple to EM current via A'
- Dark scalars (“Dark Higgses”)
 - Neutral singlet scalars that couple to the SM Higgs field
 - Produced in penguin decays of K, D, B mesons
- Heavy neutral leptons (“sterile neutrinos”)
 - Explains SM neutrino masses (seesaw), Dark Matter, Baryon Asymmetry
 - Weak semi-leptonic decays of hadrons, W, Z
- Axion-like particles (“ALPs”)
 - Non-renormalizable coupling to SM, solution of the strong CP problem
 - Generalisation of the axion model in MeV-GeV mass range



Portal	Coupling to SM
Dark Photon, A'_μ	$\epsilon/(2\cos\theta_W) F_{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu}$
Dark Higgs, S	$(\mu S + \lambda S^2) \mathcal{H}^\dagger \mathcal{H}$
Axion or ALP, a	$a/\tilde{f}_r \cdot F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}, a/\tilde{f}_r \cdot G_{i,\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_i{}^{\mu\nu}, \partial a/\tilde{f}_a \cdot \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \psi$
Sterile Neutrino, N	$\Sigma F_{\alpha l} (\bar{L}_\alpha H) N_l$

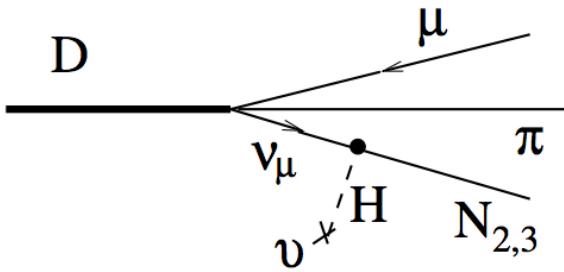
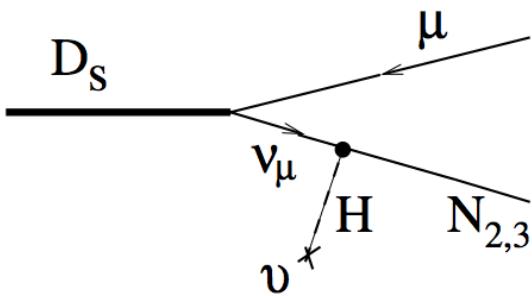
Main decay modes of hidden particles in various models ($l = e, \mu$)	
Model	Final state
Neutrino portal, SUSY neutralino	$l^\pm \pi^\mp, l^\pm K^\mp, l^\pm \rho^\mp, \rho^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0$
Vector, scalar, axion portals, SUSY sgoldstino	$l^+ l^-$
Vector, scalar, axion portals, SUSY sgoldstino	$\pi^+ \pi^-, K^+ K^-$
Neutrino portal ,SUSY neutralino, axino	$l^+ l^- \nu$
Axion portal, SUSY sgoldstino	$\gamma \gamma$
SUSY sgoldstino	$\pi^0 \pi^0$

CERN-PBC-REPORT-2018-007

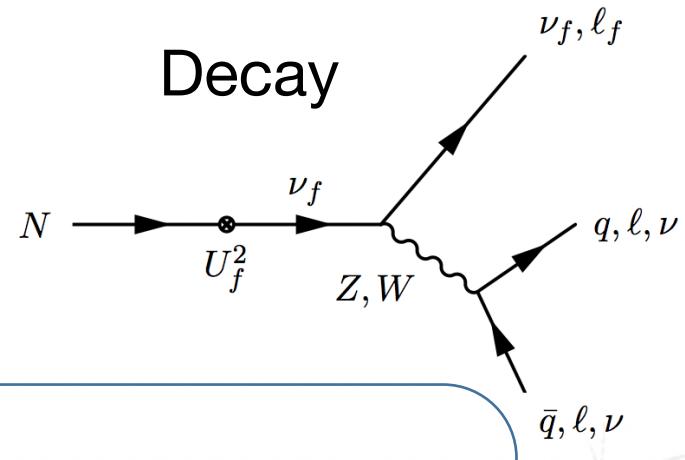
CERN-SPSC-2015-016



Production



Decay



$N \rightarrow H^0 \nu$, with $H^0 = \pi^0, \rho^0, \eta, \eta'$

$N \rightarrow H^\pm \ell^\mp$, with $H = \pi, \rho$

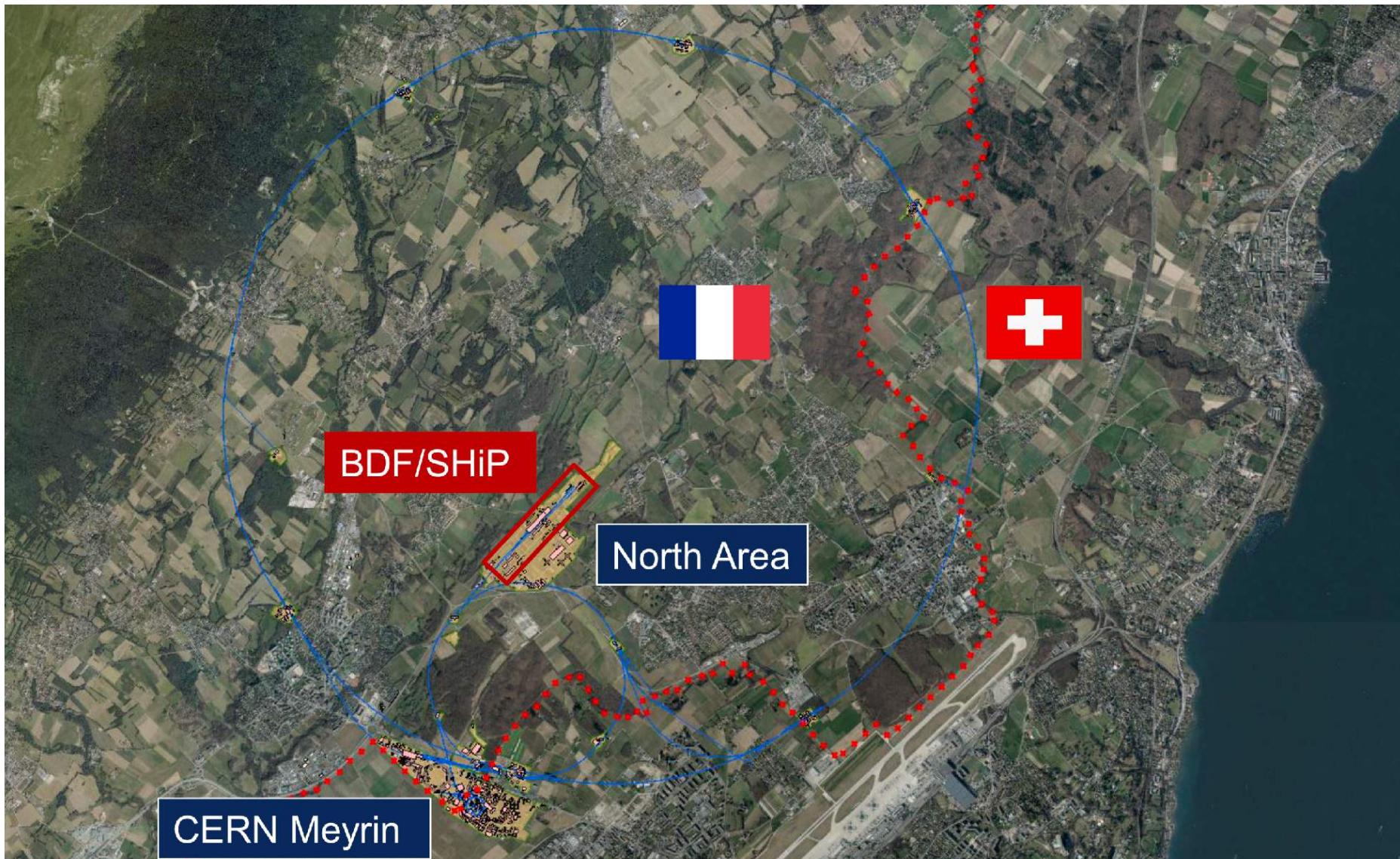
$N \rightarrow 3\nu$

$N \rightarrow \ell_i^\pm \ell_j^\mp \nu_j$

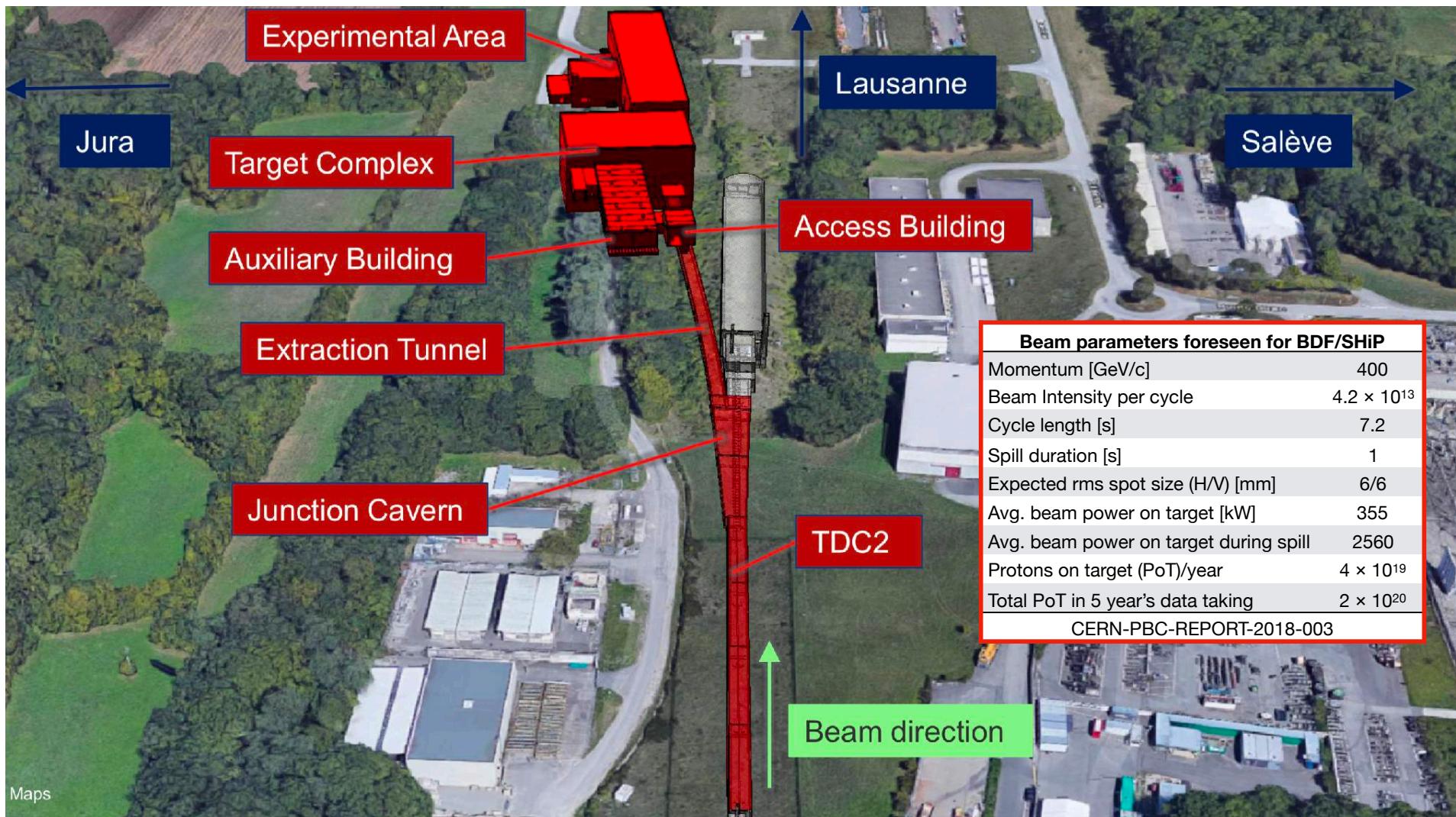
$N \rightarrow \nu_i \ell_j^\pm \ell_j^\mp$



CERN Beam Dump Facility

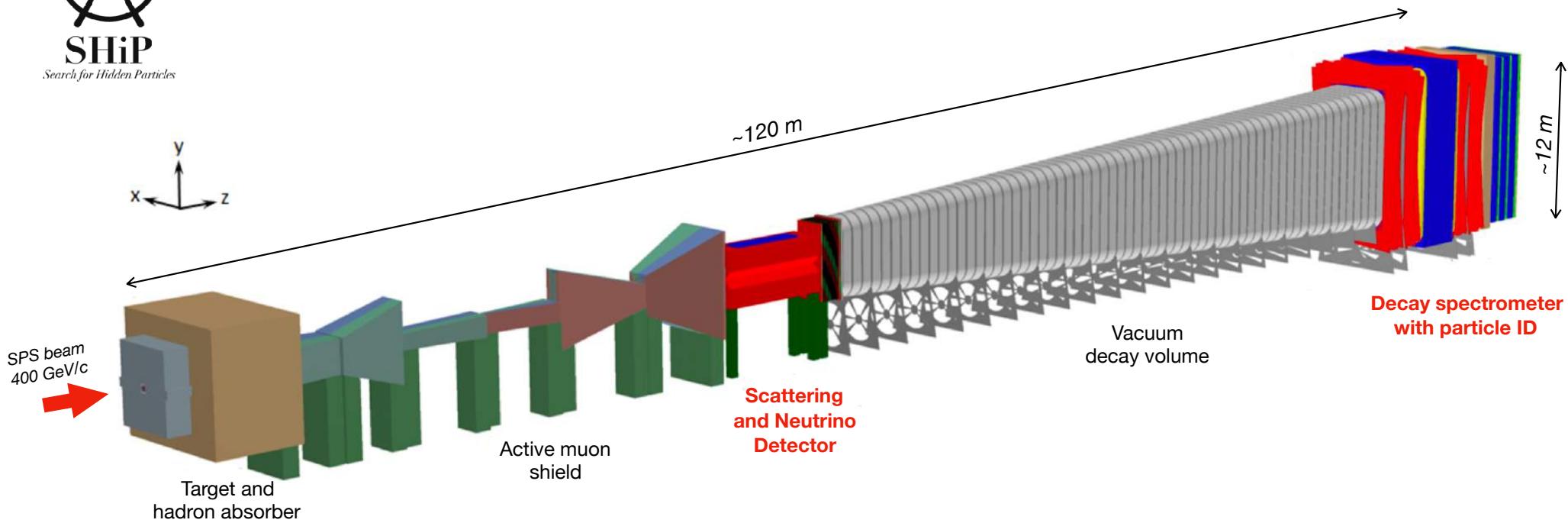


BDF: Tunnel for SHiP and TauFV





Experimental setup of SHiP



Scattering and Neutrino Detector (SND)

- Emulsion spectrometer located inside of a long dipole magnet $B=1.2\text{T}$
- Muon identification system downstream
- Physics goals:**
 - SM physics: ν_τ cross section and magnetic moment, DIS structure functions F_4 and F_5 , neutrino-induced charm production and strangeness, nuclear effects
 - Search for LDM scattering

Hidden Sector (HS) Spectrometer

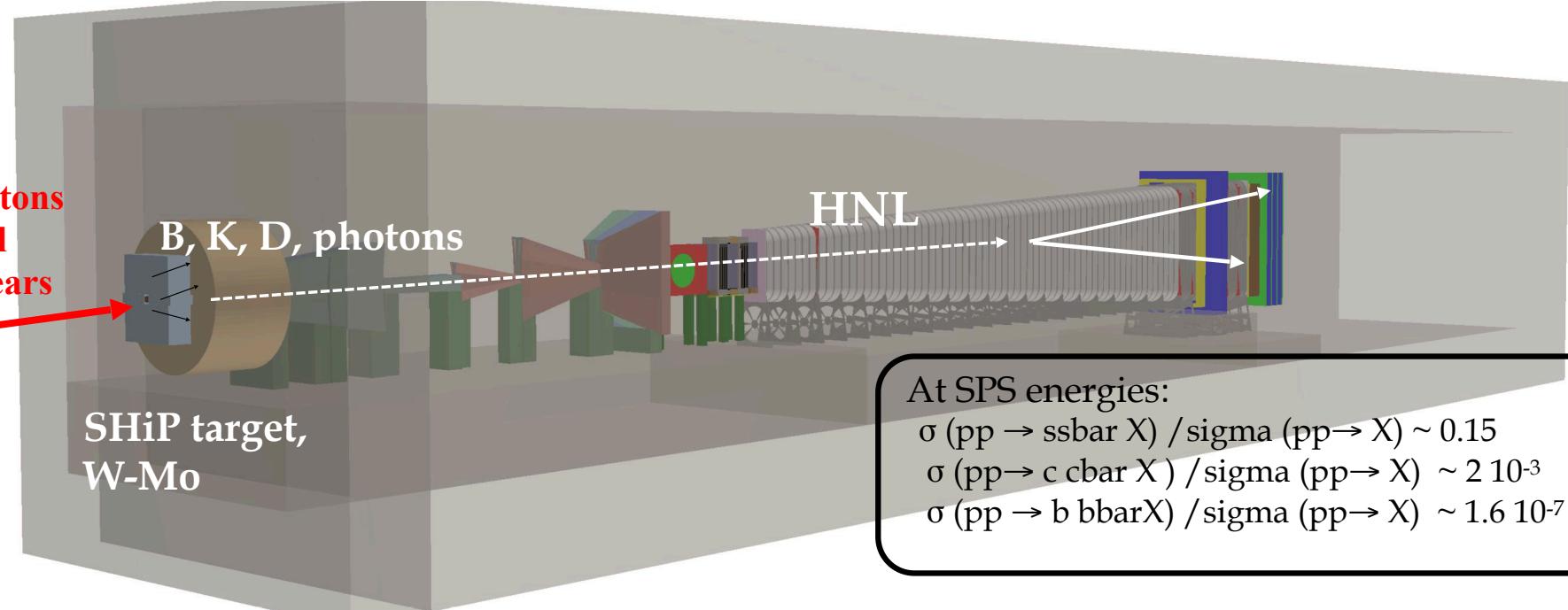
- Distance from the target is a compromise between
 - HS life time and angular acceptance
 - muon induced background
- Decay volume 50m long, 1 mbar pressure
- Magnetic spectrometer downstream
- Physics goal:** search for very weakly interacting long lived particles including Heavy Neutral Leptons - right-handed partners of the active neutrinos, vector, scalar, axion portals to the Hidden Sector, and light supersymmetric particles

SHiP: HNL signal



Beam:

400 GeV/c protons
 4×10^{13} pot/spill
 2×10^{20} pot/5 years



SHiP target,
W-Mo

B, K, D, photons

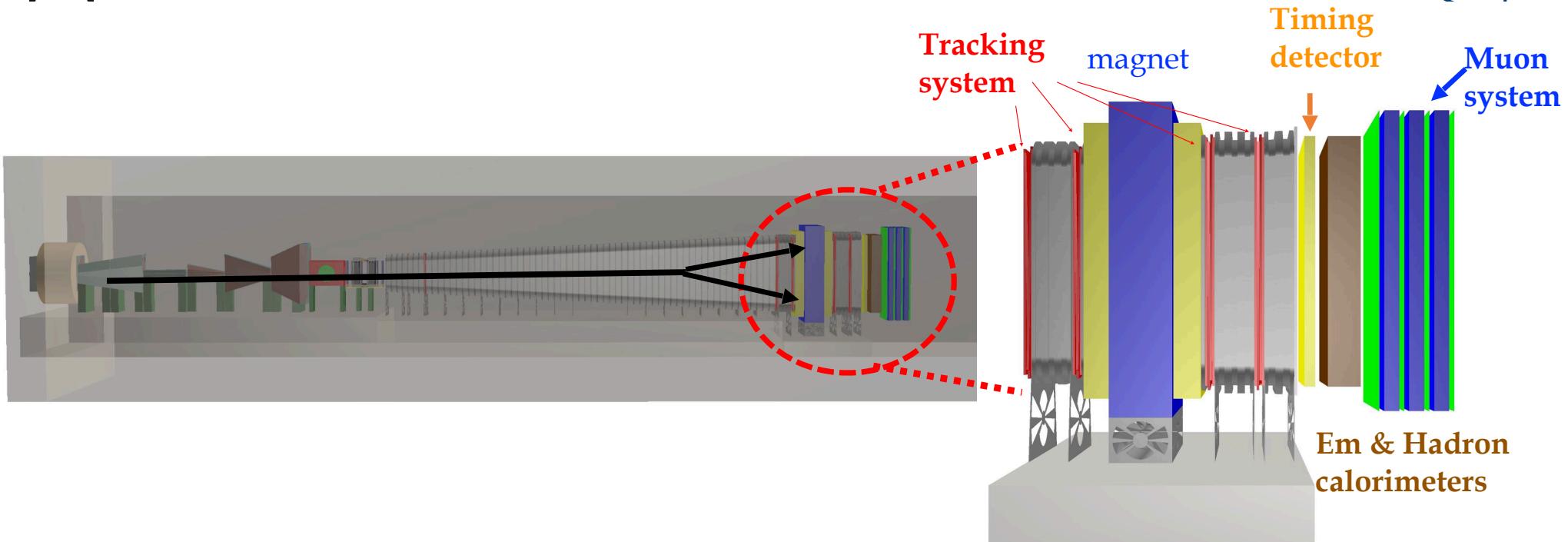
HNL

At SPS energies:

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow s\bar{s} X) / \sigma(pp \rightarrow X) \sim 0.15$
 $\sigma(pp \rightarrow c\bar{c} X) / \sigma(pp \rightarrow X) \sim 2 \times 10^{-3}$
 $\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b} X) / \sigma(pp \rightarrow X) \sim 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$



SHiP: HS spectrometer



- 1) Fully reconstructed signal: at least two charged particles (+ π^0 , γ) e.g. $N \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^-$ or $N \rightarrow \rho^+ \mu^-$
- 2) Partially reconstructed signal (neutrinos in the final state) e.g. $N \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$
- 4) Fully neutral channels e.g. $A \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$

SHiP: Physics Signals

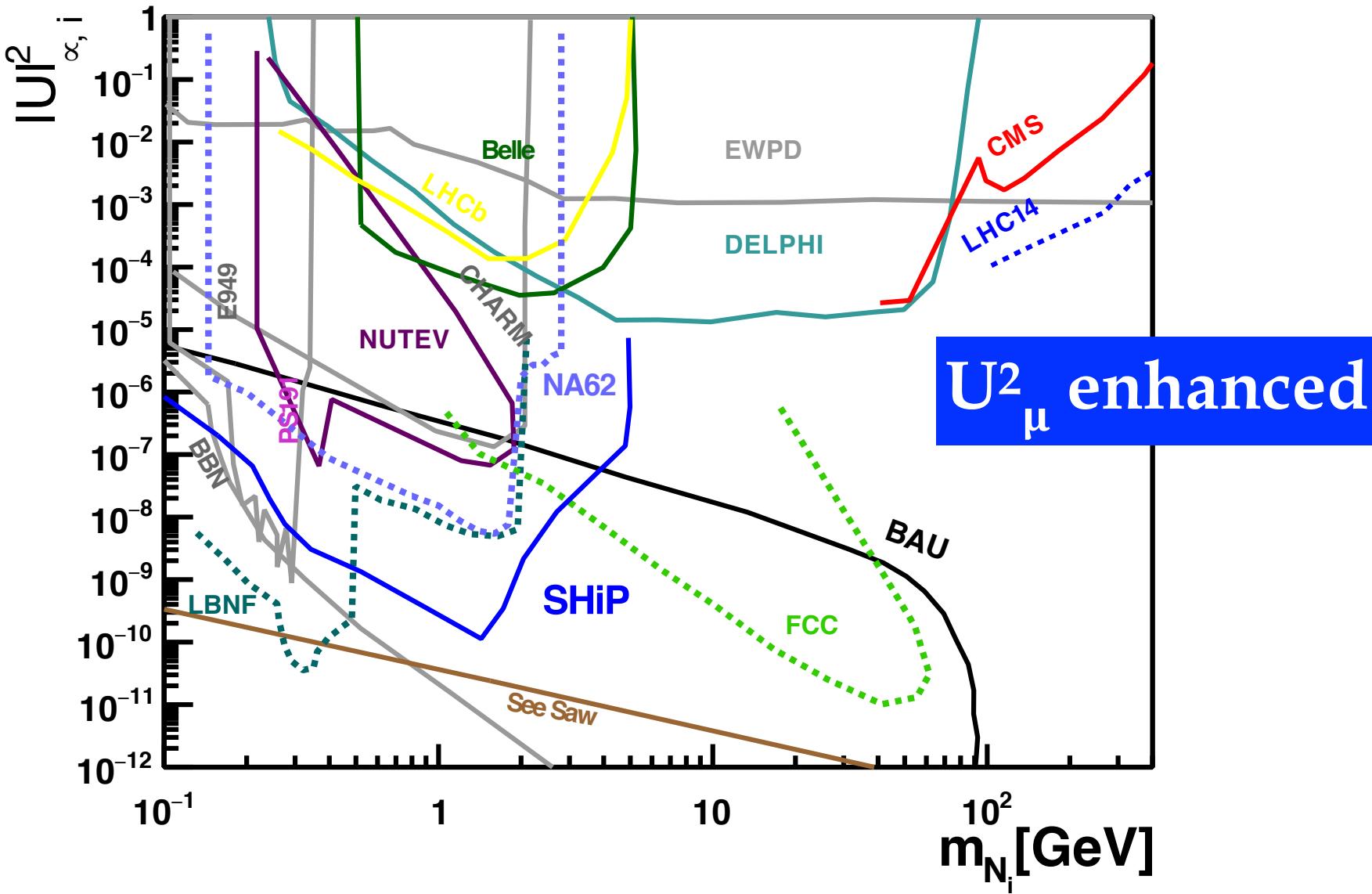


Signature	Physics	Backgrounds
$\pi^- \mu^+, K^- \mu^+$	HNL,NEU	$RDM, K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$\pi^- \pi^0 \mu^+$	HNL($\rightarrow \rho^- \mu^+$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu (+\pi^0)$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$
$\pi^- e^+, K^- e^+$	HNL, NEU	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$
$\pi^- \pi^0 e^+$	HNL($\rightarrow \rho^- e^+$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$
$\mu^- e^+ + p^{miss}$	HNL,Higgs Portal (HP)($\rightarrow \tau\tau$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$
$\mu^- \mu^+ + p^{miss}$	HNL,HP($\rightarrow \tau\tau$)	$RDM, K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$\mu^- \mu^+$	DP,PNGB,HP	$RDM, K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$\mu^- \mu^+ \gamma$	Chern-Simons	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu (+\pi^0)$
$e^- e^+ + p^{miss}$	HNL,HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$
$e^- e^+$	DP,PNGB,HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$
$\pi^- \pi^+$	DP,PNGB,HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$,
$\pi^- \pi^+ + p^{miss}$	DP,PNGB, HP($\rightarrow \tau\tau$), HSU,HNL($\rightarrow \rho^0 \nu$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$,
$K^+ K^-$	DP,PNGB, HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+, K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+, \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$,
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	DP,PNGB,HP, HNL($\eta\nu$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+, K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+, \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi$
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	DP,PNGB,HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$	PNGB($\rightarrow \pi\pi\eta$)	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0 (+\pi^0)$
$\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma\gamma$	PNGB($\rightarrow \pi\pi\eta$)	—
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	DP,PNGB,HP	$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$
$\pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	Hidden Susy (HSU)	—
$\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$	Hidden Susy	—
$\mu^+ \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	Hidden Susy	—
$\mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^-$	Hidden Susy	—

HNL=Heavy Neutral Lepton, NEU=Pseudo-Nambu Goldston Boson

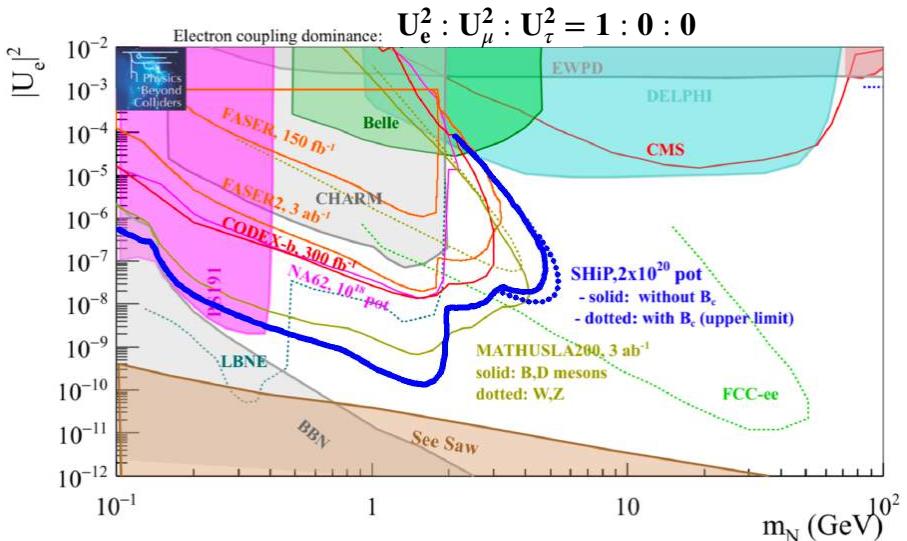
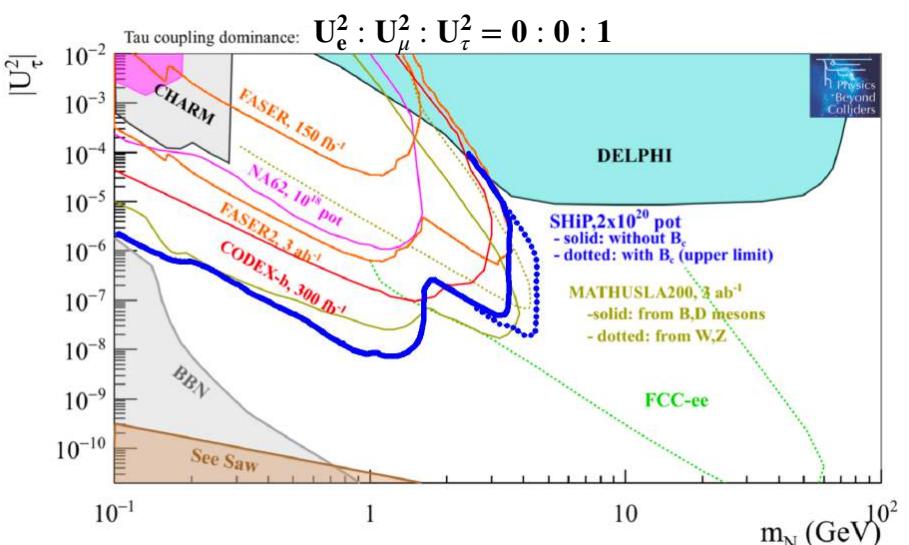
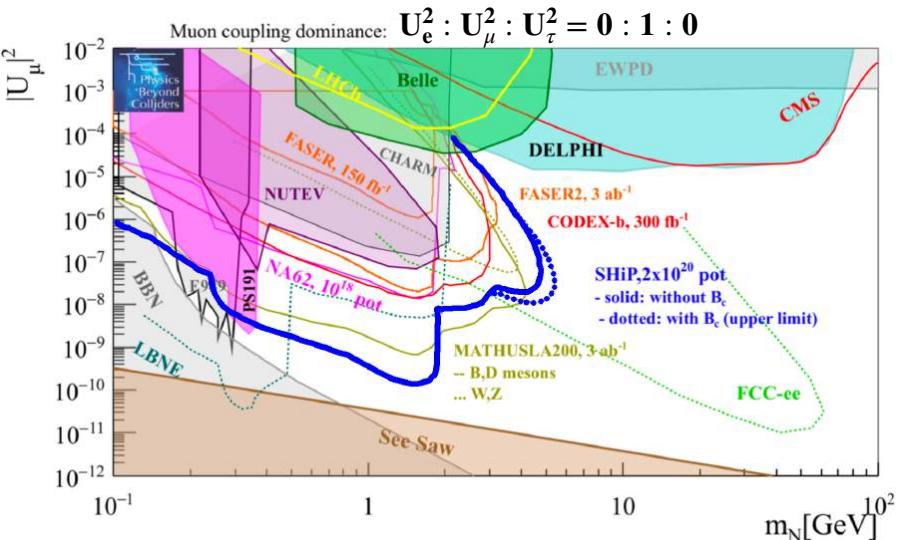
DP=Dark Photon, PNGB=random di-muons from the target

$U^2_e : U^2_\mu : U^2_\tau = 1:16:3.8$
 Normal hierarchy of active neutrino masses





SHiP: Heavy Neutral Leptons (NHL)



$$HNL \rightarrow l^\pm \pi^\mp, l^\pm K^\mp, l^\pm \rho^\mp$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{vector} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{DS} + \sum F_{\alpha l} (\bar{L}_\alpha H) N_l$$

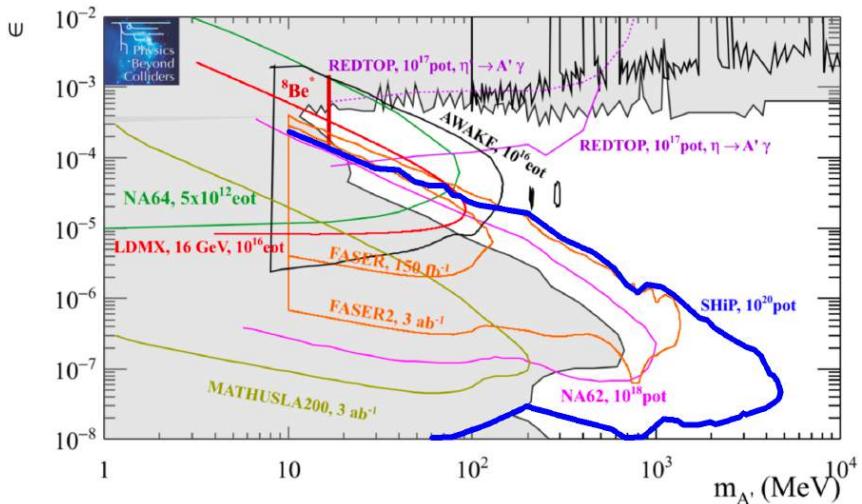
- Neutrino portal extension of the SM (ν MSM)
 - motivated by the fact that it can be tightly related with the neutrino mass generation mechanism (see-saw), provide dark matter candidate and explain the baryon asymmetry
 - N_1 (dark matter, ~ 10 keV), $N_{2,3}$ (see-saw, baryon asymmetry, few GeV)
 - Shown in figures: single-flavour dominance was assumed, e.g. HNLs couple only with one flavour of the active neutrinos at the time.

JHEP 1904 (2019) 077, [1811.00930]

SHiP: Dark Photon



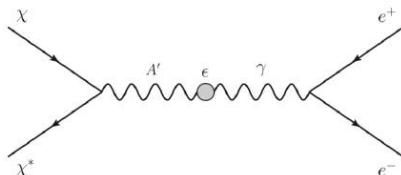
Dark Photon couple to SM particles



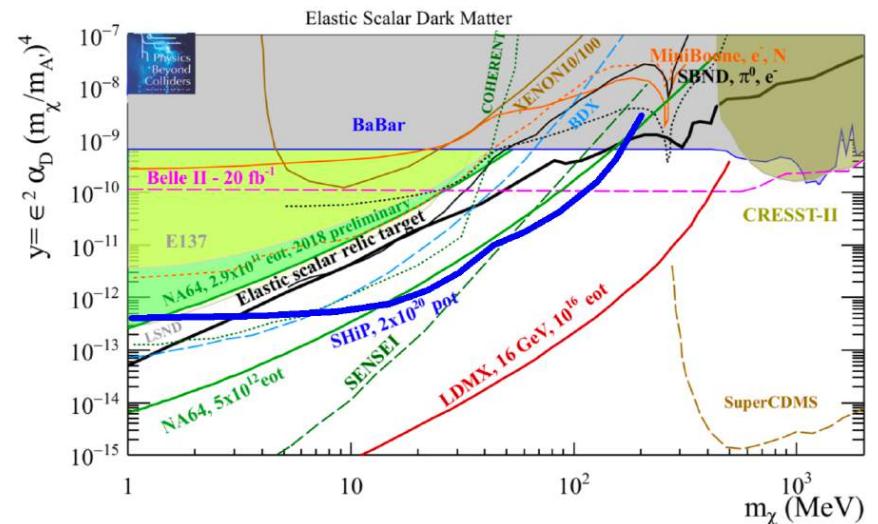
$$A' \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-, \pi^+\pi^-$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{vector} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{DS} - \epsilon/(2\cos\theta_W) F'_{\mu\nu} \mathcal{B}_{\mu\nu}$$

- The SM is augmented by a single new state \mathcal{A}'
- DM is assumed to be either heavy or contained in a different sector



Dark Photon couple to Light DM



$$A' \rightarrow \chi\chi$$

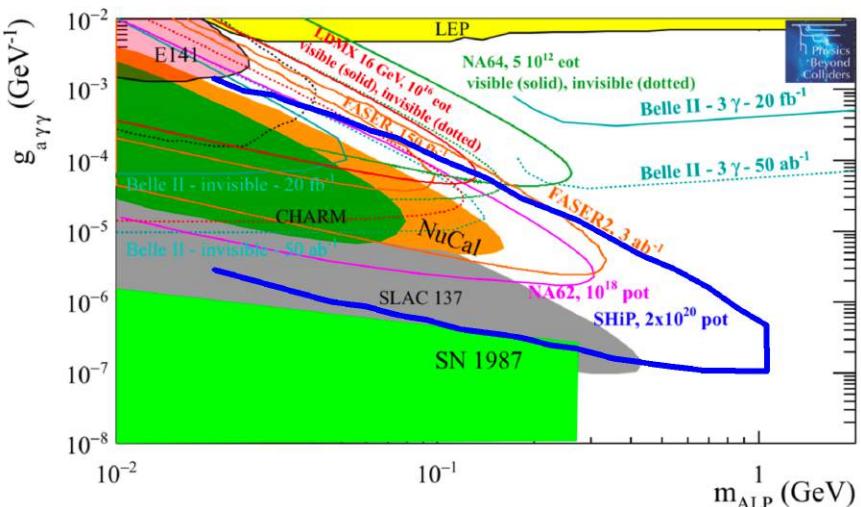
$$\mathcal{L}_{DS} = -1/4 (F'_{\mu\nu})^2 + 1/2 m_{\mathcal{A}}{}^2 (\mathcal{A}'_\mu)^2 + i(\partial_\mu + ig_D \mathcal{A}'_\mu) \chi |^2 + \dots$$

- Model where minimally coupled viable WIMP dark matter model can be constructed
- The parameter space for this model is: $\{m_{A'}, \epsilon, m_\chi, \alpha_D\}$
 - $m(\mathcal{A}') = 3m(\chi)$, $\alpha(D) = 0.1$

SHiP: Axion and Dark Scalar



Axions and ALPs with photon coupling in the MeV-GeV mass range

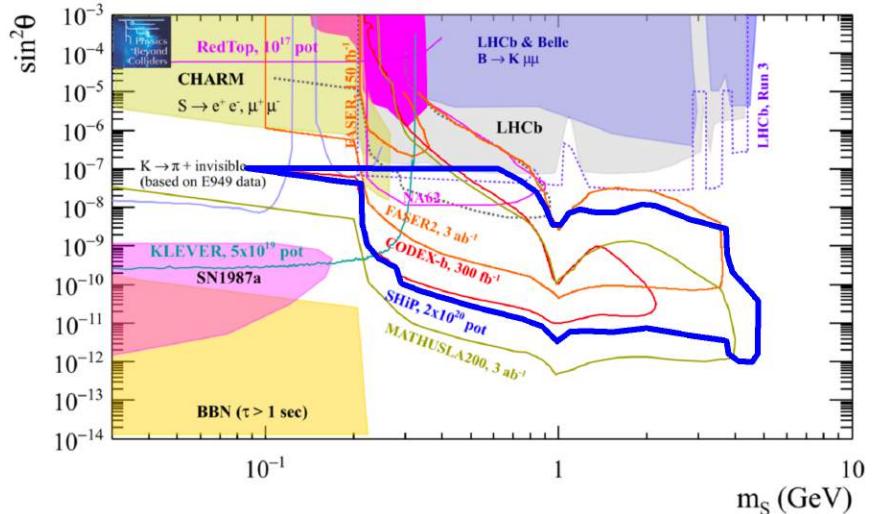


$ALP \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

$$\mathcal{L}_{axion} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{DS} - a/(4f_\gamma) F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

- Axion = Pseudo-Nambu Goldstone Boson associated to Peccei-Quinn symmetry, a global U(1), introduced to address the Strong QCD problem. Vast range of masses and couplings possible, with fixed relation.
- Axion-Like Particle (ALP): a generalised version of the axion (at the cost of the original motivation from the strong CP problem). No direct relation between coupling and mass.
- Interest to explore the MeV-GeV region at accelerator-based experiments

Dark Scalar coupled to the Higgs



$S \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-, \pi^+\pi^-, \dots$

$$\mathcal{L}_{scalar} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{DS} - (\mu S + \lambda S^2) \mathcal{H}^\dagger \mathcal{H}$$

- The minimal scalar portal model operates with one extra singlet field S and two types of couplings, μ and λ
- Benchmark 4: assume $\lambda=0$

Straw Spectrometer Tracker (SST) R&D

ПИЯФ

В.Т. Ким

Е.В. Кузнецова

О.Л. Федин

В.П. Малеев

В.Л. Головцов

Л.В. Уваров

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В.И. Яцюра

Г.Е. Гаврилов

С.А. Насыбулин

А.Я. Бердников

СПбПУ

Я.А. Бердников

А.В. Зеленов



SHiP Straw Tracker:

- production technology
- event reconstruction
- physics performance
- digital read-out: conception
- test beam stand and data analysis

Status: R&D Midterm Preparation

CDR submitted Dec. 2 2019

TDR ~ 3 years -> 2022

**2019-2020 European Strategy
 2020 can be approved**



SHiP: Conclusions and Outlooks



- Explore the [intensity frontier](#) in the framework of study of new physics PBC-BSM
- New infrastructure in the [North Area of CERN SPS](#): extraction tunnel, target complex, experimental area
- Detector concept:
 - [Beam Dump Facility](#): average beam power 355 kW, 2.6 MW during the spill
 - [Active muon shield](#): muon flux reduction by 10^6
 - [Scattering and Neutrino Detector](#): emulsions + magnetic spectrometer
 - LDM scattering; SM neutrino physics: ν_τ study, magnetic moment, induced charm production, nuclear effects, strangeness
 - [Hidden Sector spectrometer](#): 50 m decay volume + magnetic spectrometer
 - Direct search for very weakly interacting long lived particles: Heavy Neutral Leptons, vector, scalar, axion portals to the Hidden Sector, and light SUSY particles
- [Comprehensive Design Report](#) (CDR) at the end of 2019
- Preparation of the [Technical Design Report](#) (TDR) by the end of 2022
 - Final detector cost and schedule of the experiment
- 3 years to complete detector R&D, prototyping and validation
- ~6 years for the [construction of BDF](#), detector production, installation, commissioning
- [Data-taking for the LHC Run 4 and Run 5](#)

Global project schedule for the Beam Dump Facility and the SHiP detector (CERN-SPSC-2019-010)

Accelerator schedule	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
LHC	Run 2			LS2		Run 3		LS3		Run 4			
SPS									SPS stop	NA stop			
SHiP / BDF	Comprehensive design & 1st prototyping		Design and prototyping		Production / Construction / Installation								
Milestones	TP		CDS	ESPR	TDR	PRR					CuB		

