

## *New results on narrow structure in the pion nucleon elastic scattering from the EPECUR experimentn.*

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V.Yu. Trautman  
PNPI, Gatchina

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ACU, Abilene



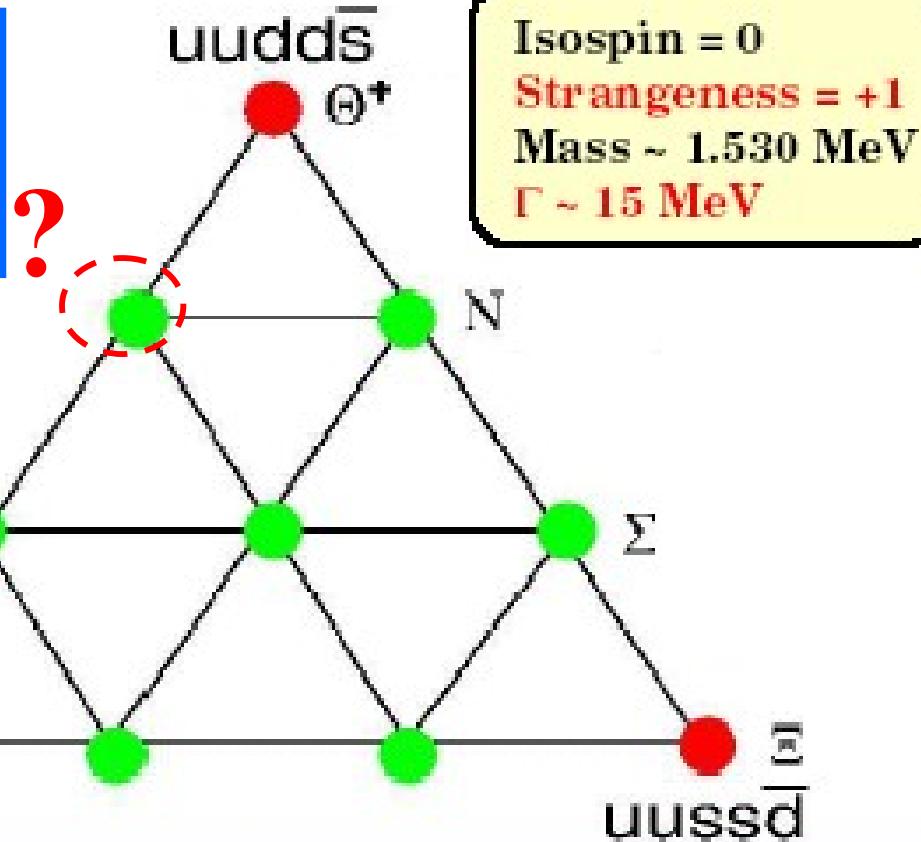
# Pentaquark antidecuplet

[ $\bar{10}$ ] Spin =  $\frac{1}{2}$

NEW MULTIPLET

D.Diakonov et al. Z. Phys A359, 1997, 305

**prediction – N\*\*\* (Original 1710)**  
From modified PWA – 1680  
R. Arndt, Ya. Azimov, M. Polyakov,  
IS, R. Workman,  
Phys Rev C 69, 035208 (2004)

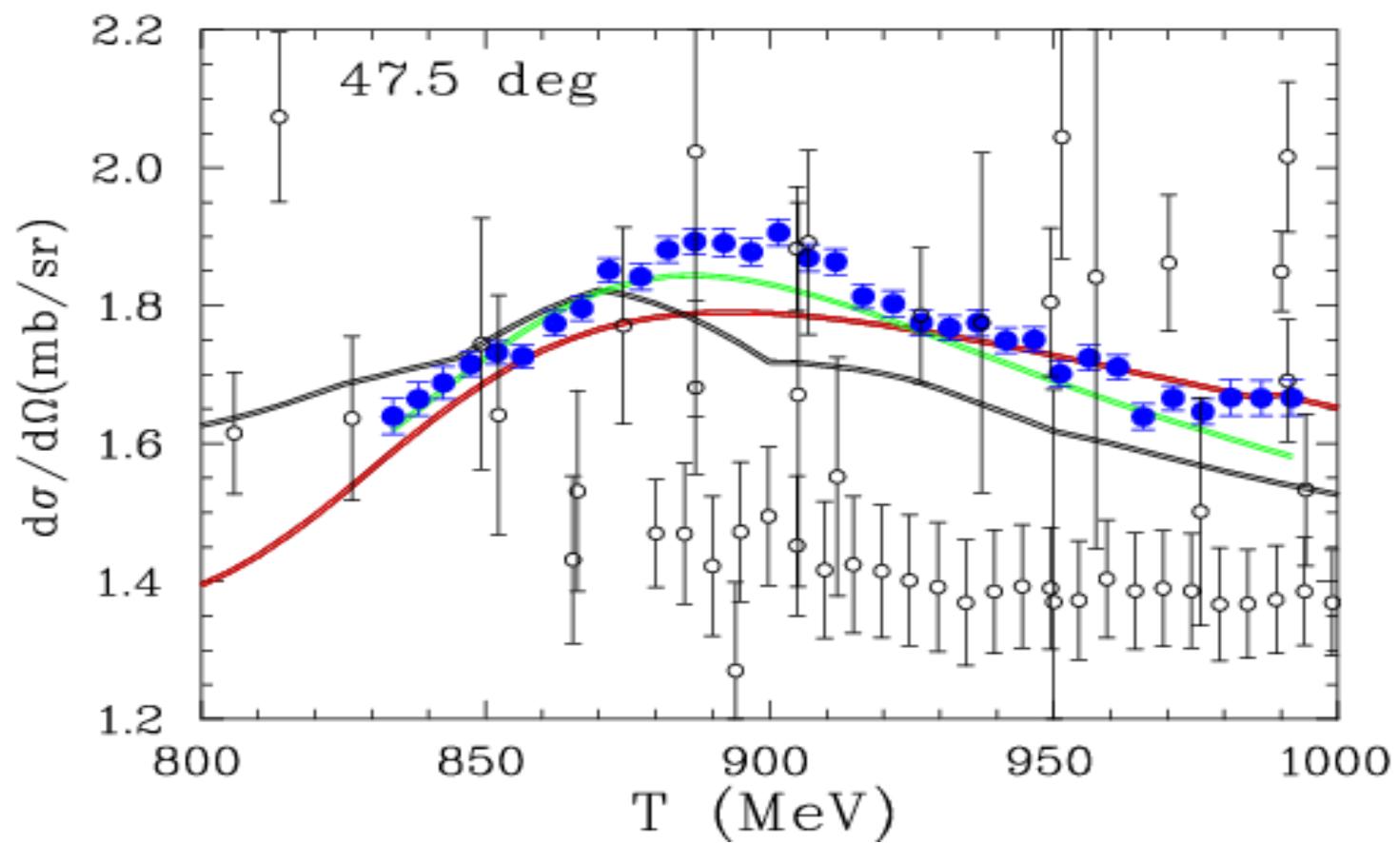


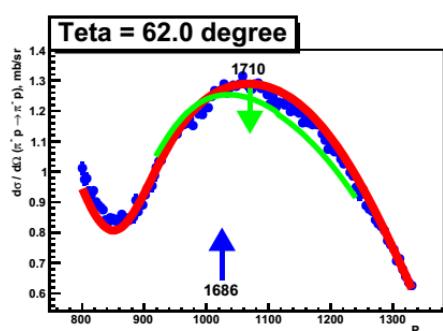
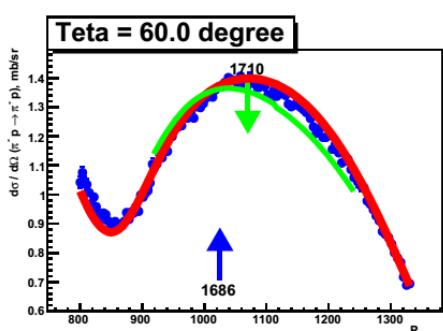
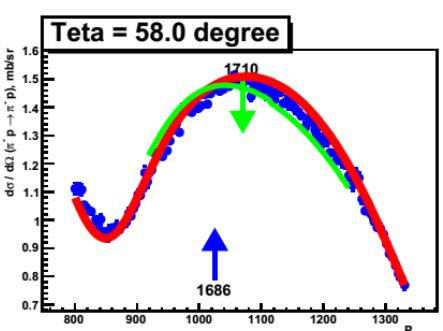
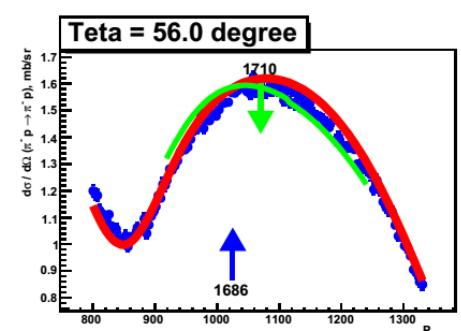
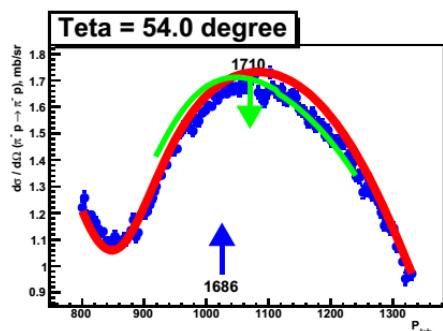
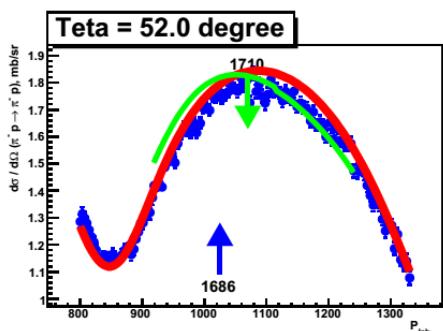
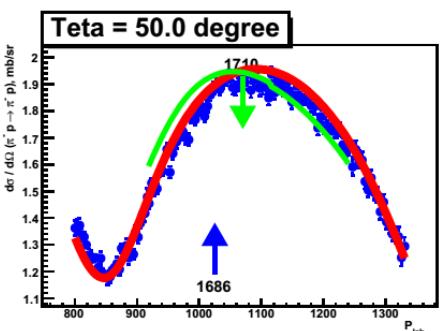
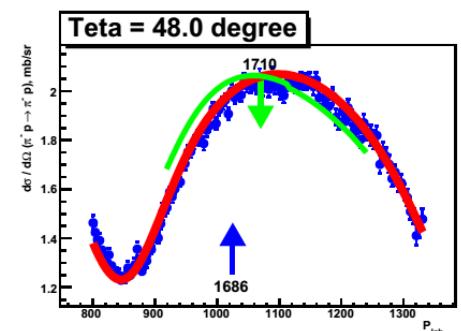
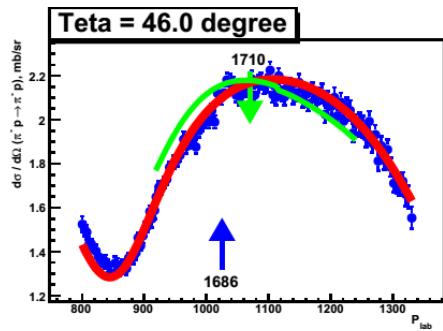
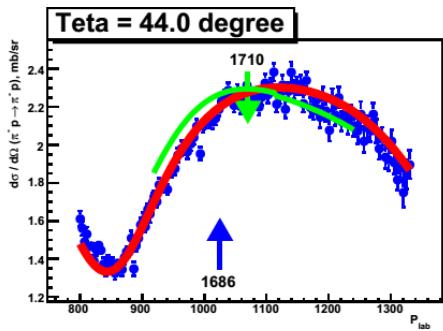
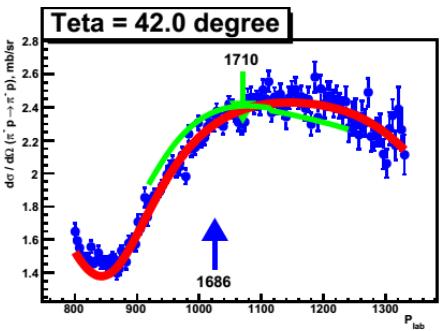
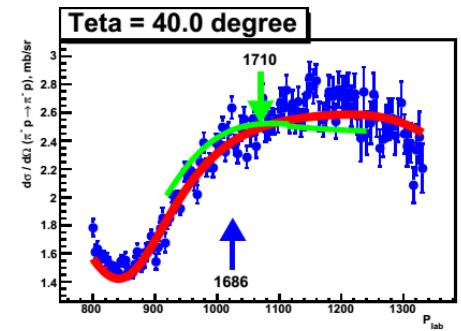


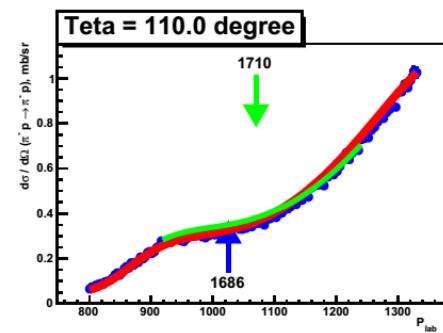
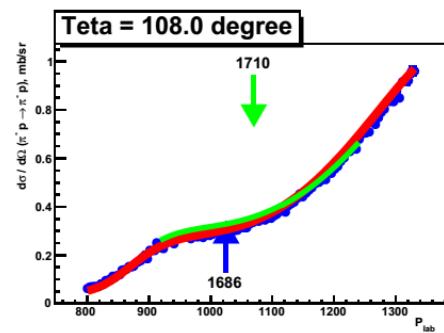
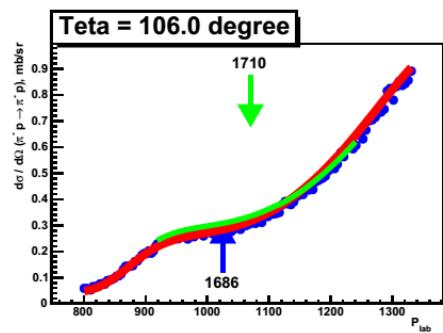
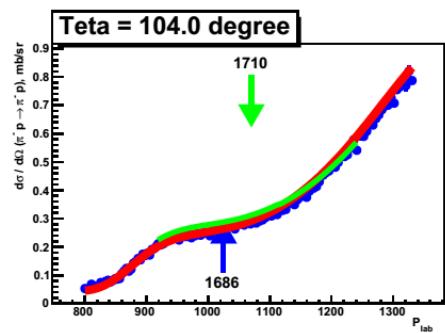
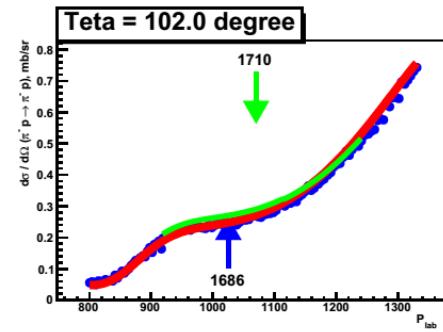
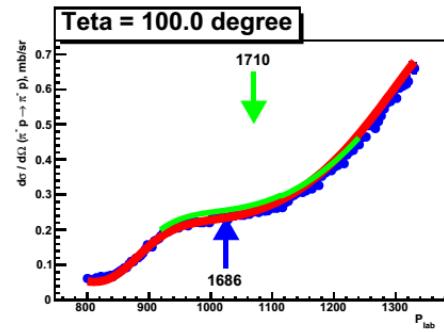
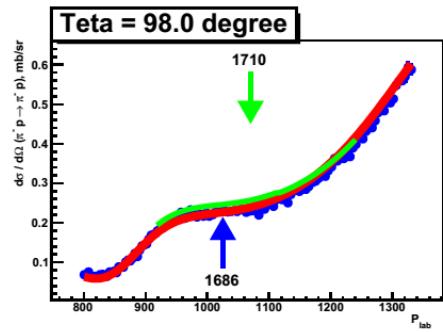
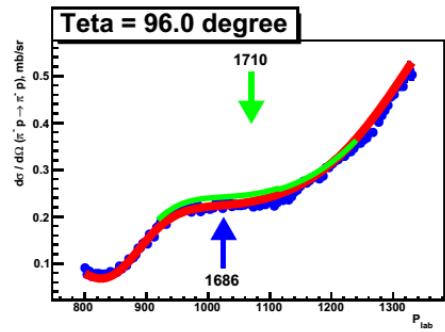
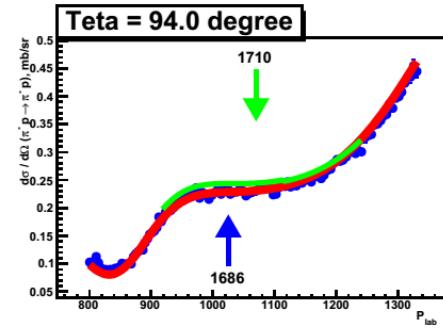
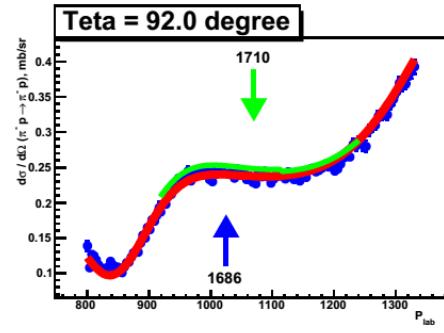
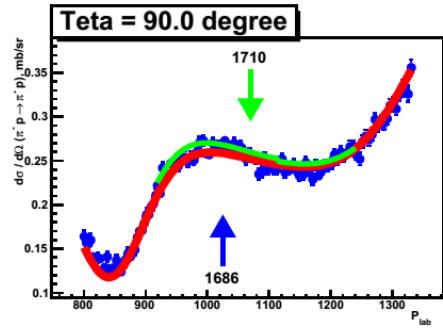
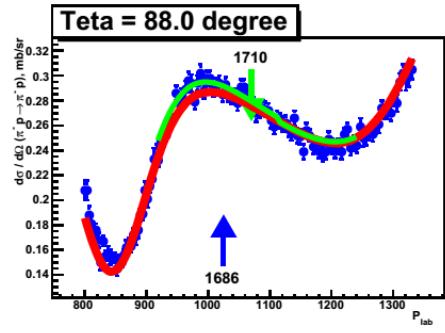
*Why pions? Theory gives weak coupling to  $\pi N$  sector.*

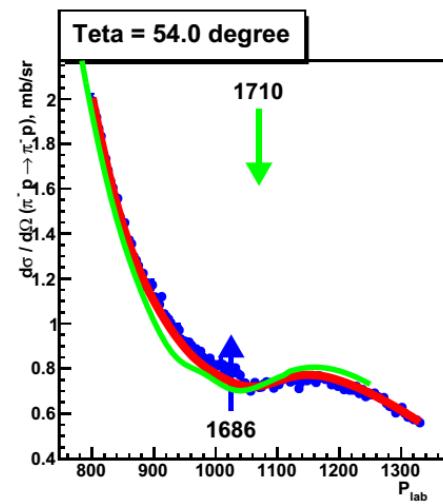
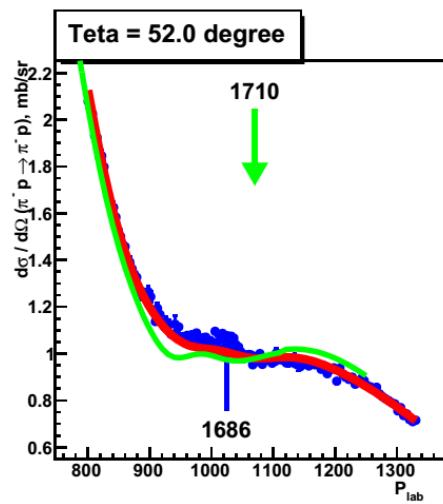
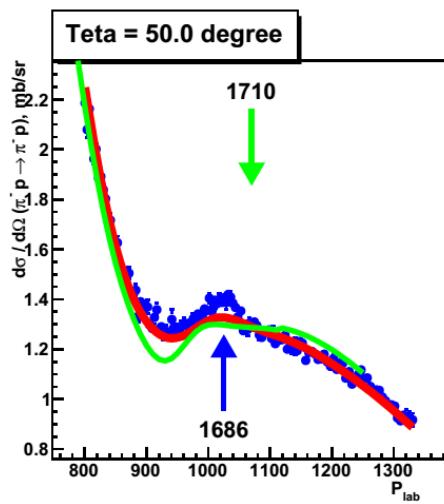
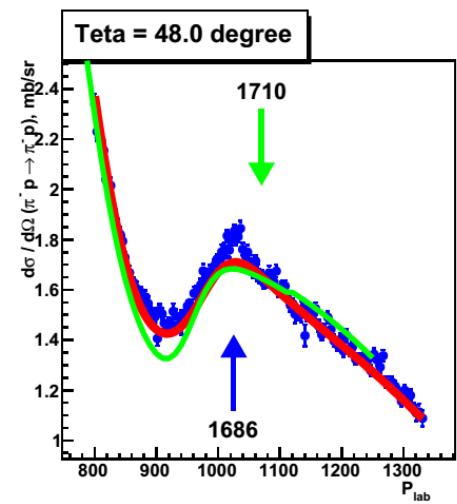
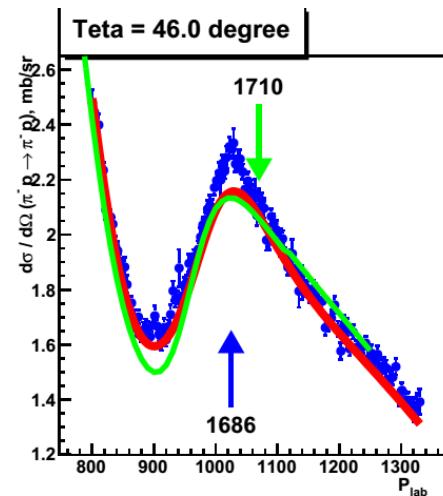
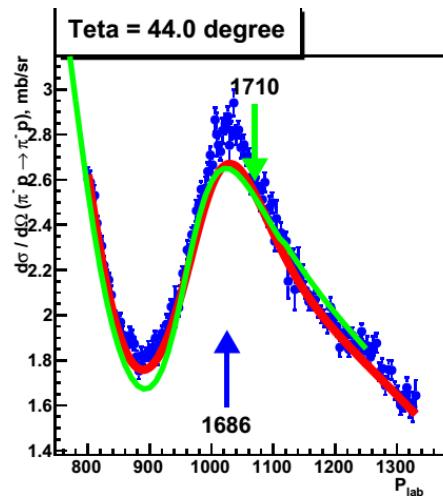
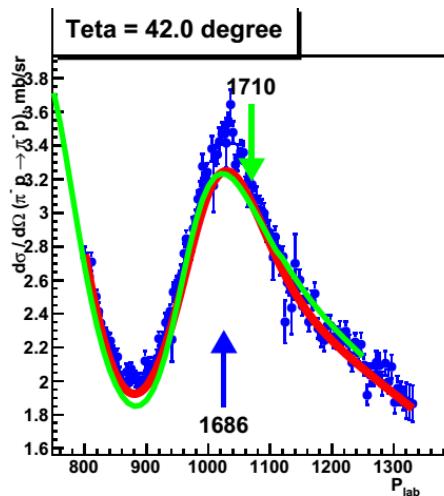
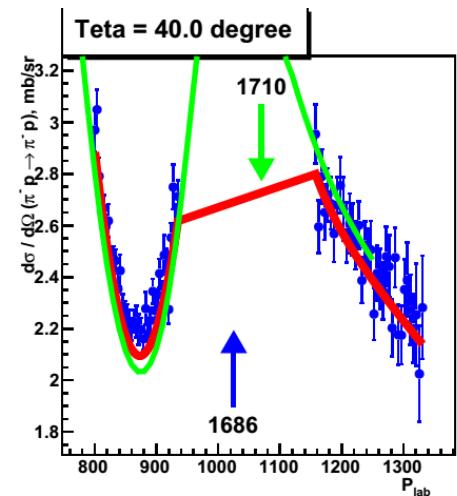
*Advantages:*

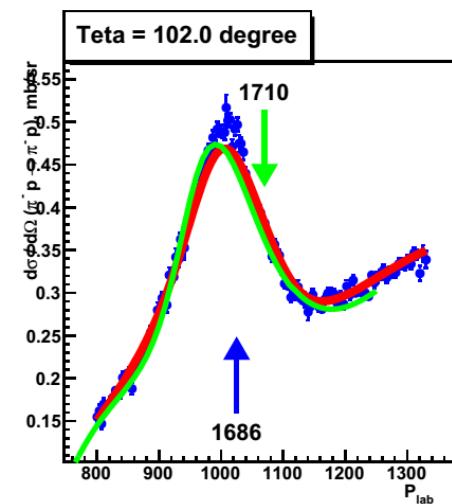
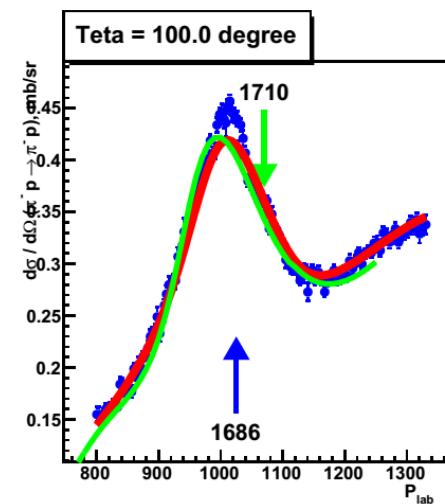
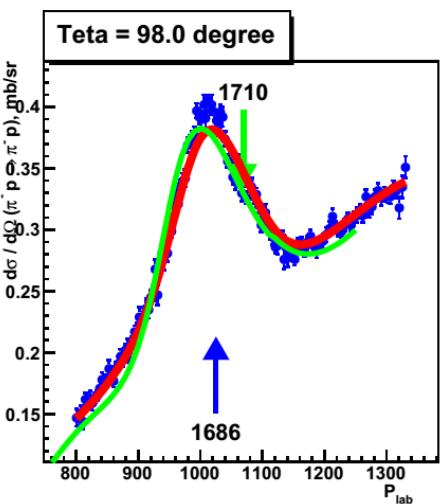
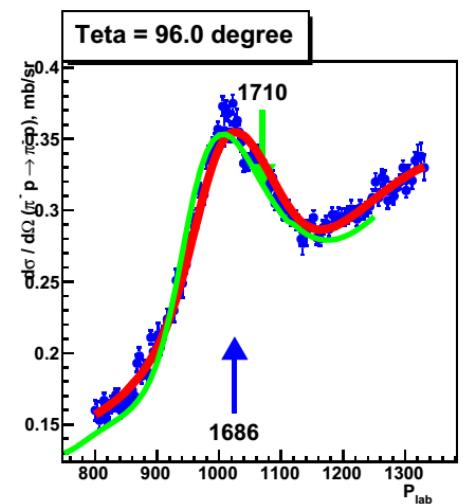
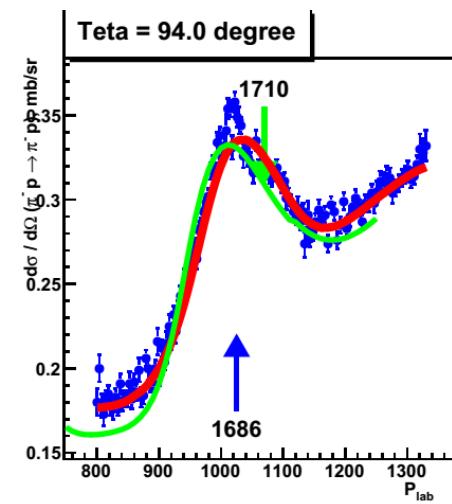
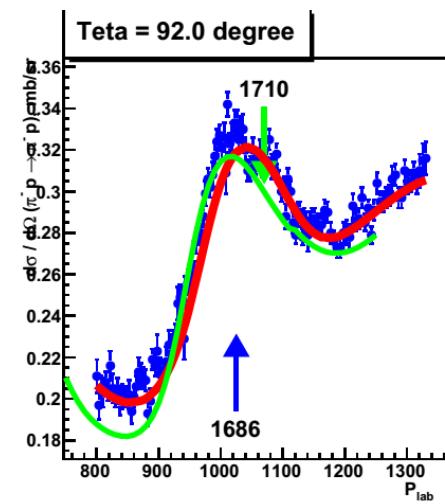
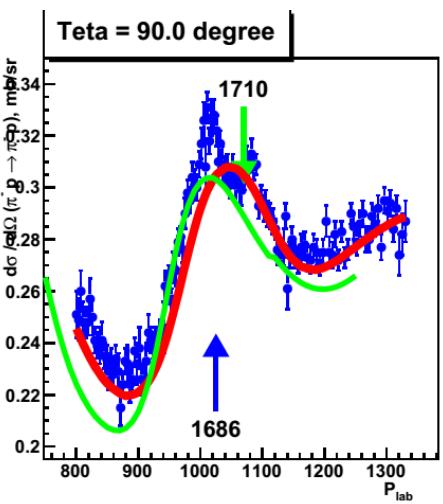
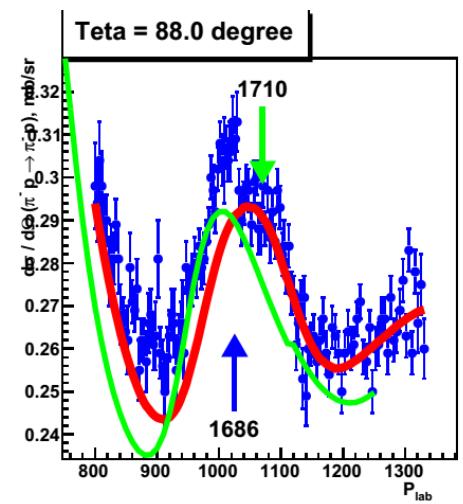
1. *The structure of the  $\pi N$  amplitude is much more simpler than in photoproduction*
2. *The  $\pi N$  partials waves are known very well from phase shift analysis.*
3. *There is isospin symmetry.*
4. *The number of free parameters smaller because there is no photocouplings*













## *K-matrix approach with effective Lagrangians.*

P.F.A. Goudsmit et al Nucl.Phys A575 (1994)673

A.B. Gridnev, N.G. Kozlenko. Eur.Phys.J.A4:187-194, (1999).

T. Feuster and U. Mosel Phys. Rec. C 58 457 (1998).



*It is assumed that the K-matrix, being a solution of the equation for scattering amplitude, can be considered as a sum of the tree-level Feynman diagrams with the effective Lagrangians in the vertices.*

*4\* resonances in s and u channels and sigma , rho like exchange in t channel.*

*Multichannel:*

- 1. elastic scattering*
- 2. two pion production(effective)*
- 3.  $\eta n$  production*
- 4.  $K\Lambda$  production*
- 5.  $K\Sigma$  production*



*Free parameters → coupling constants.*

*We concentrate on elastic scattering and treat inelastic channels approximately to save the number of free parameters.*

*Database:*

*EPECURE results.*

*SAID single energy solutions up to 1 GeV.*

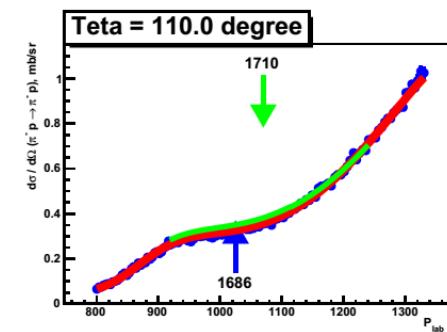
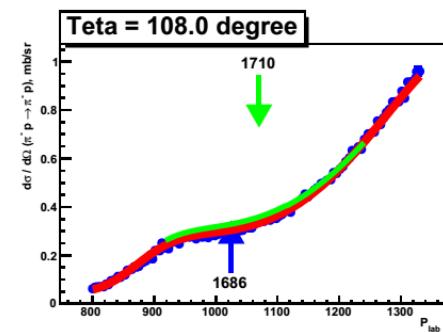
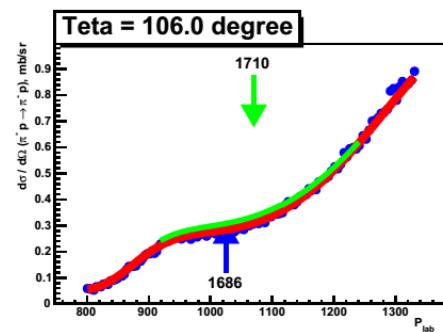
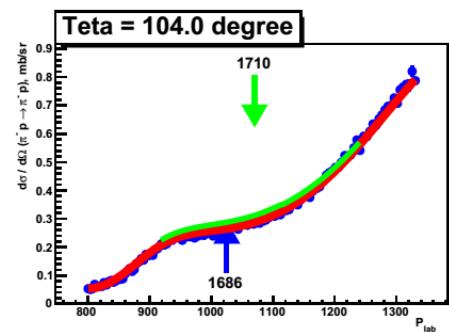
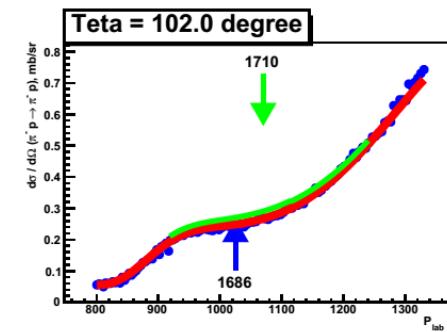
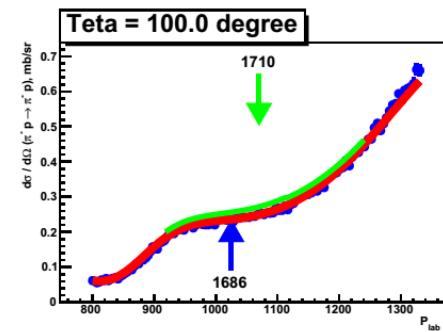
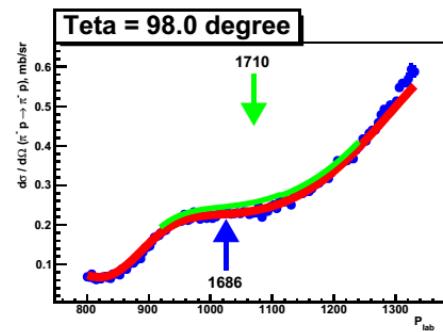
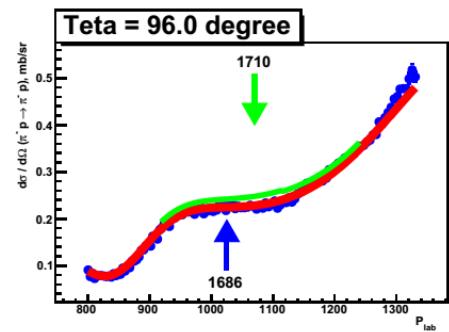
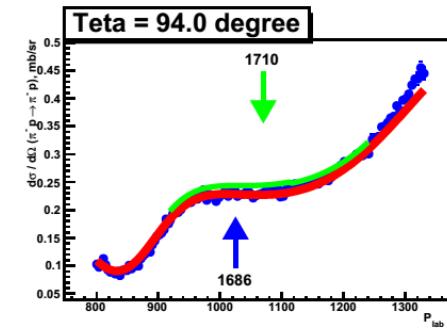
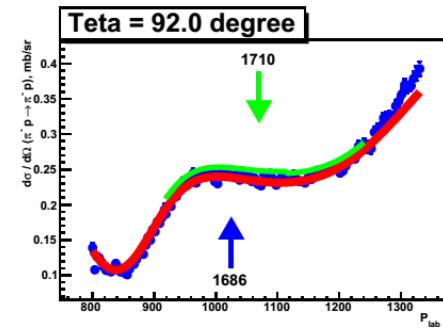
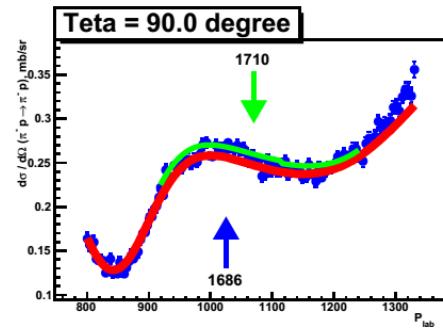
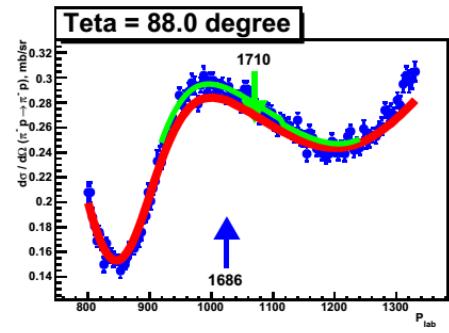
*$\eta$  n total cross section*

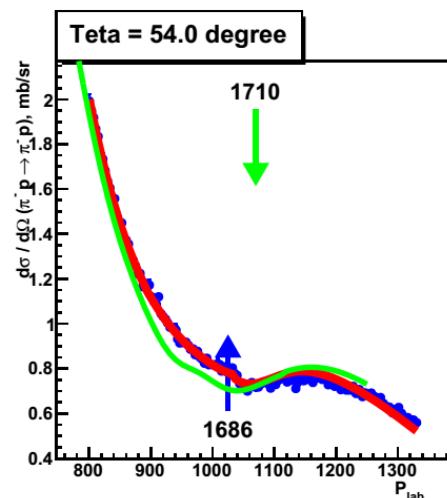
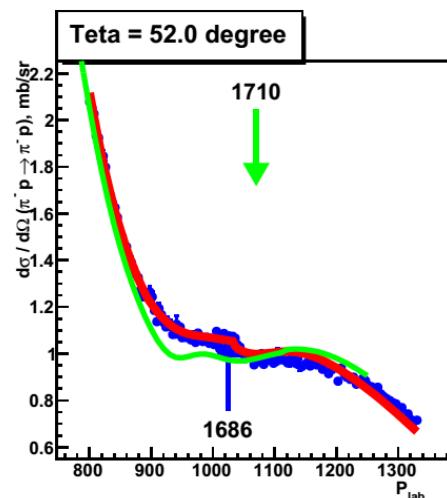
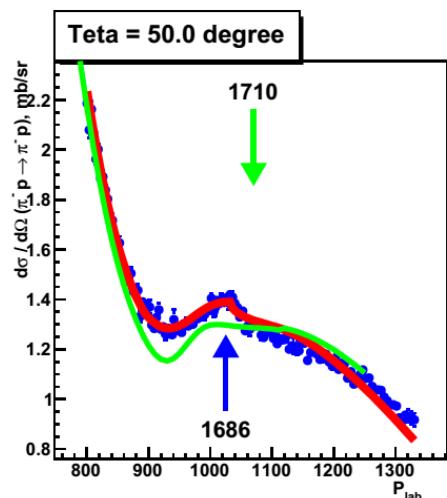
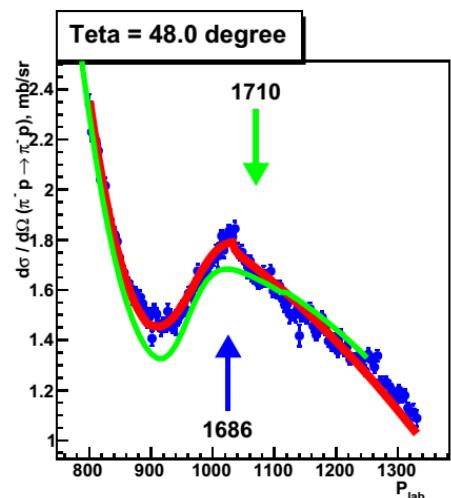
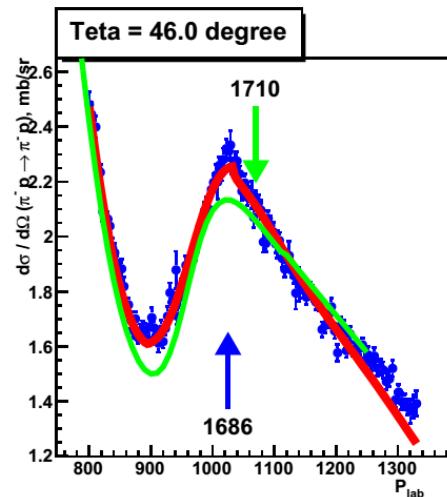
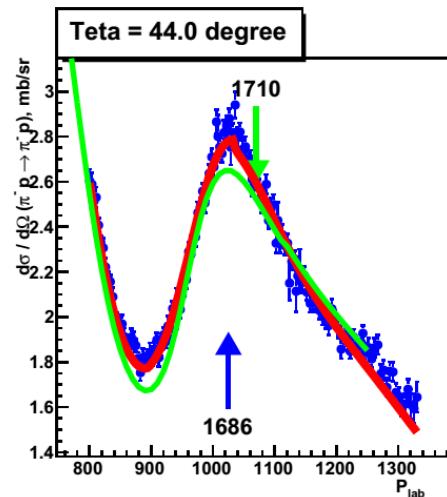
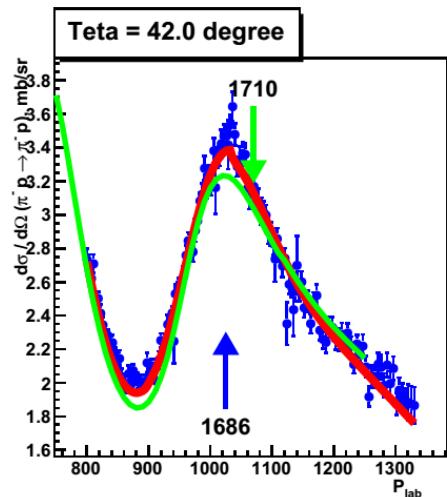
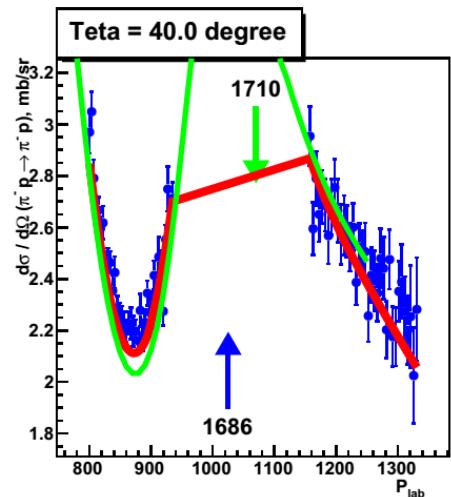
*KΛ differential cross section*

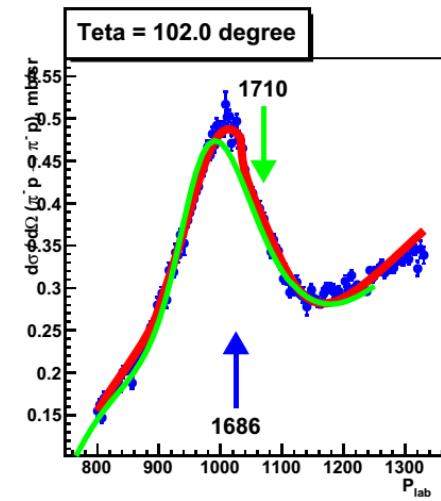
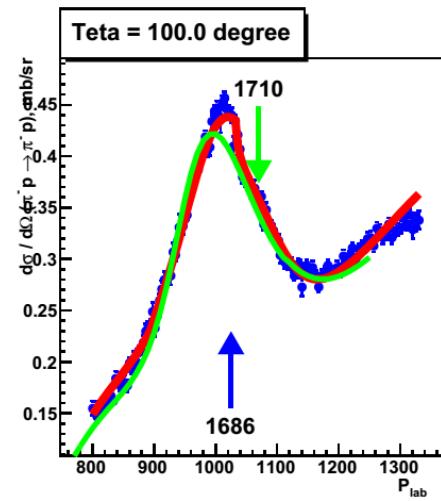
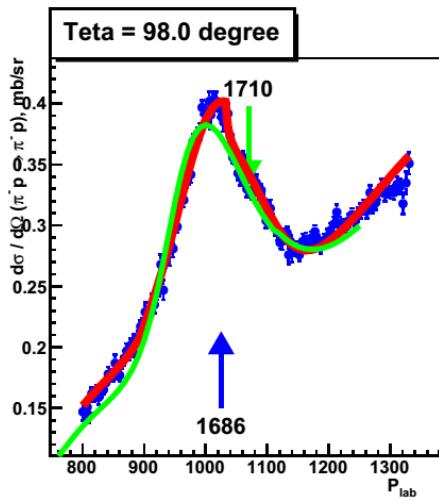
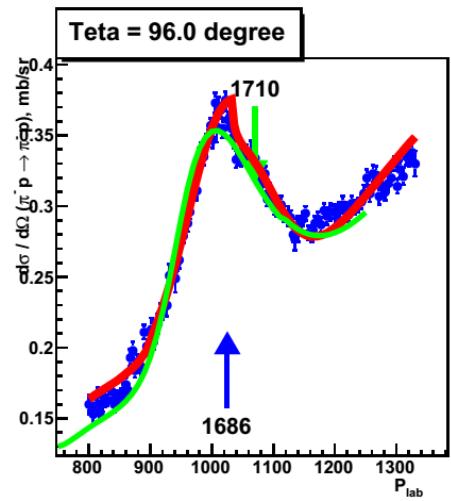
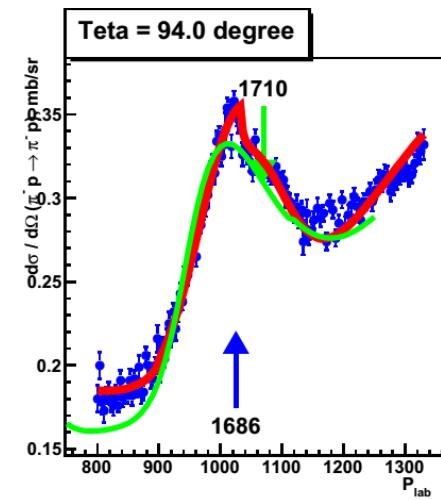
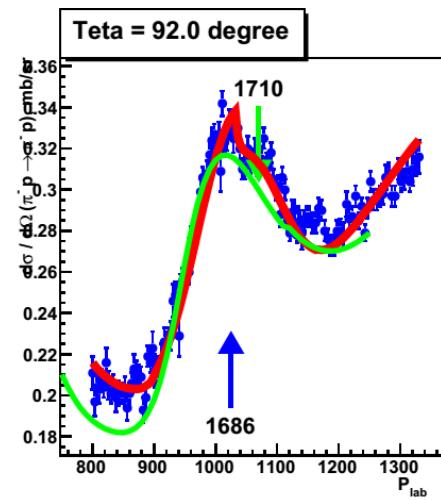
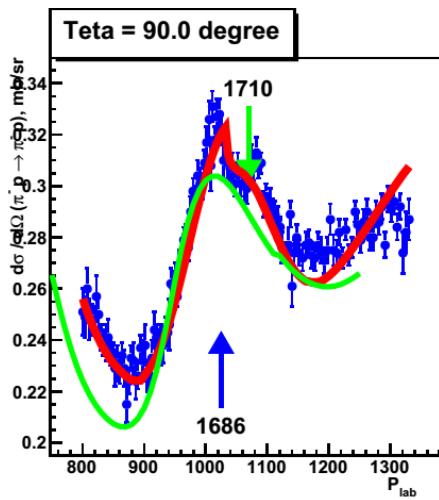
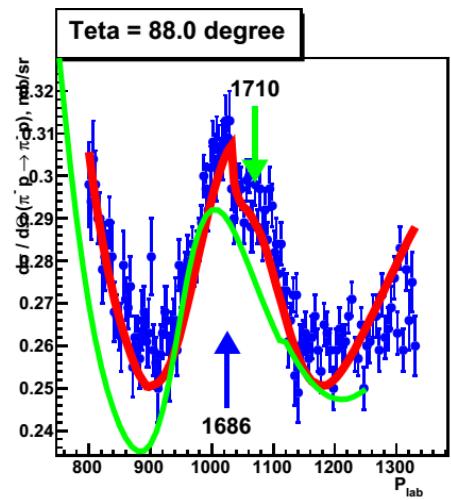
*$K^0 \Sigma^0$  differential cross section*

*$K^+ \Sigma^+$  differential cross section*

*$K^+ \Sigma^-$  differential cross section*







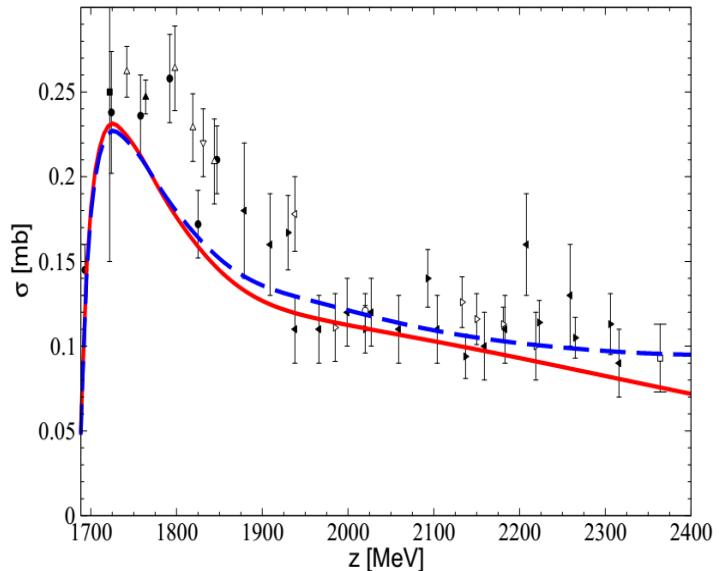


FIG. 22: Total cross section of the reaction  $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Sigma^0$ .

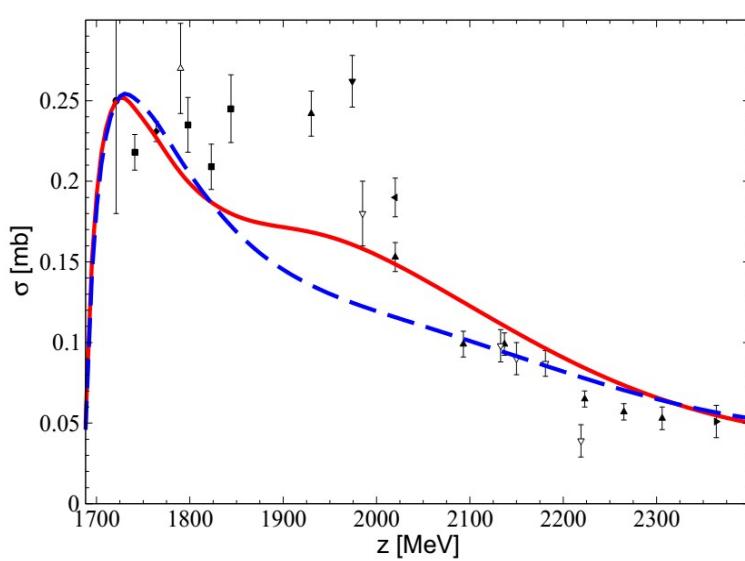


FIG. 28: Total cross section of the reaction  $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^-$ .

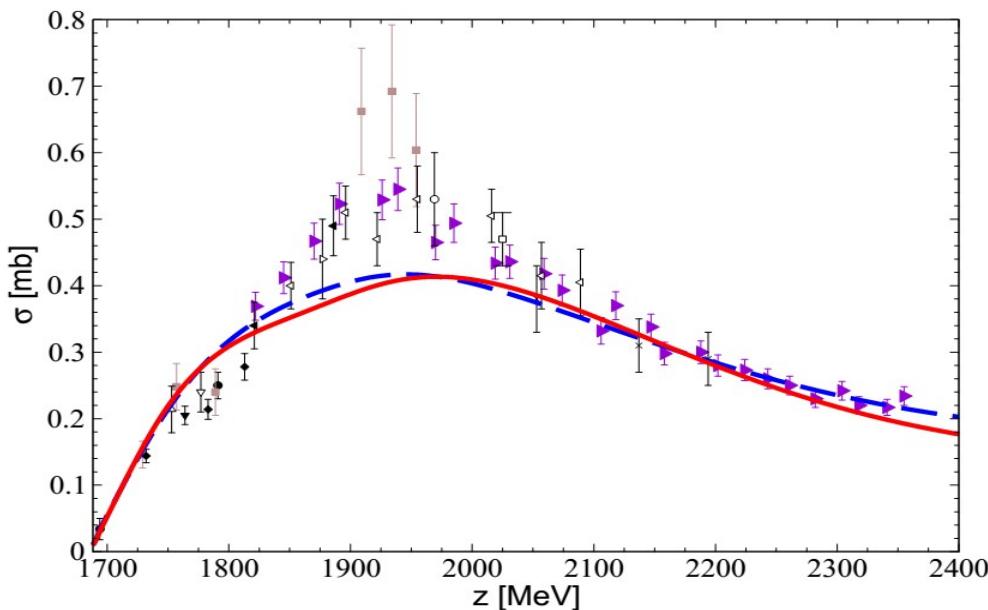
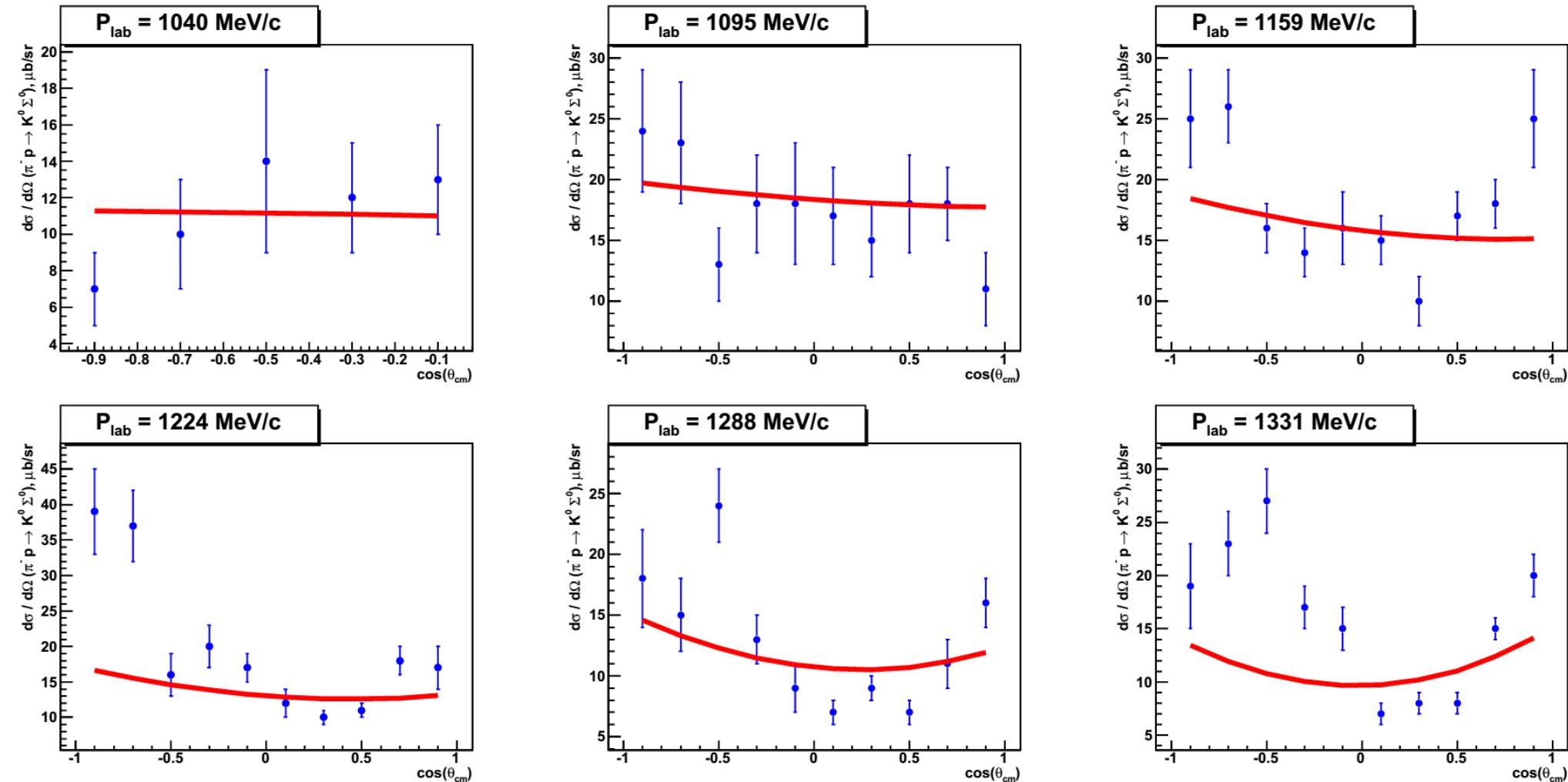
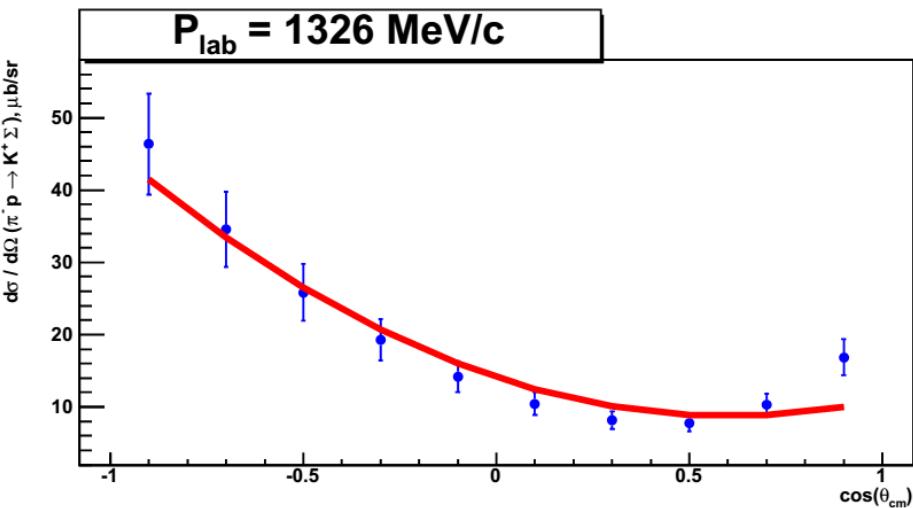
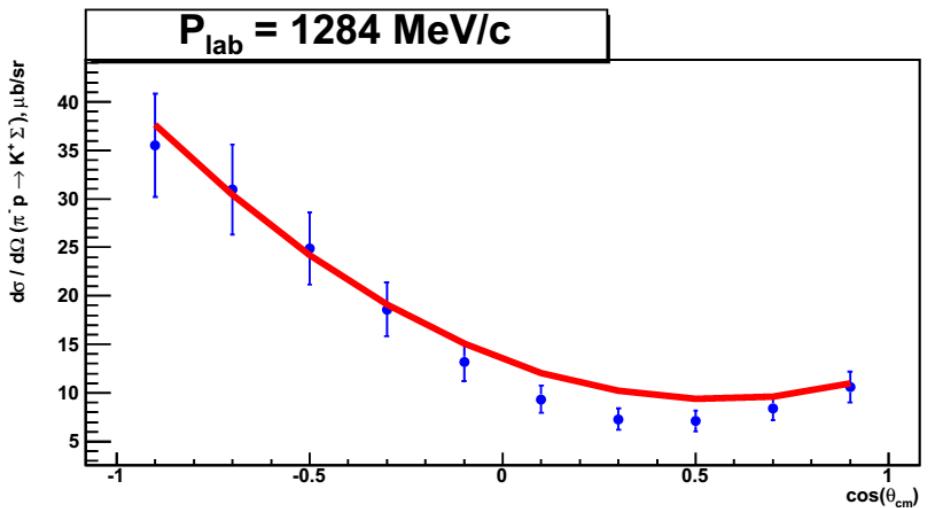
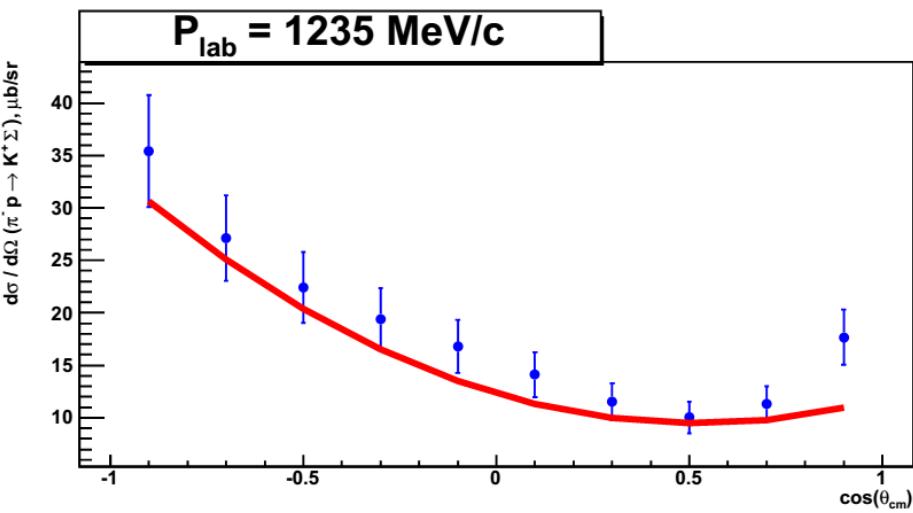
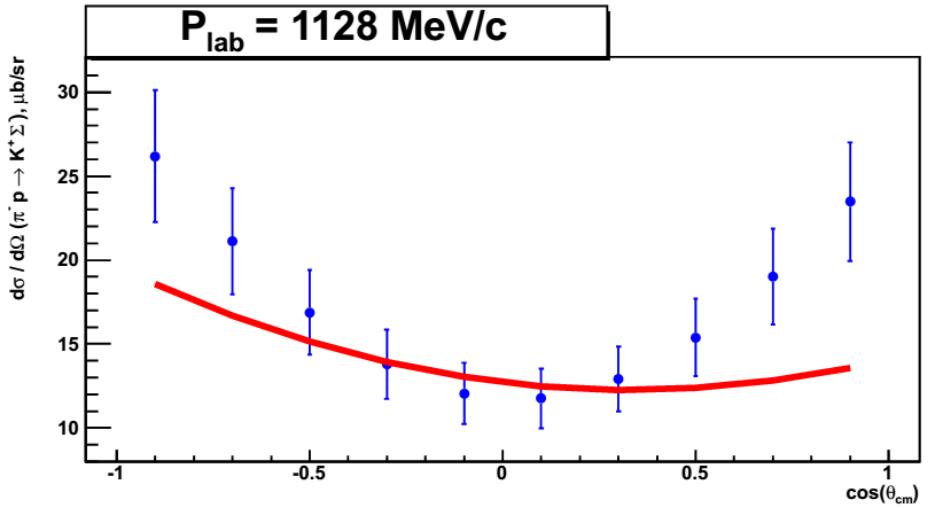


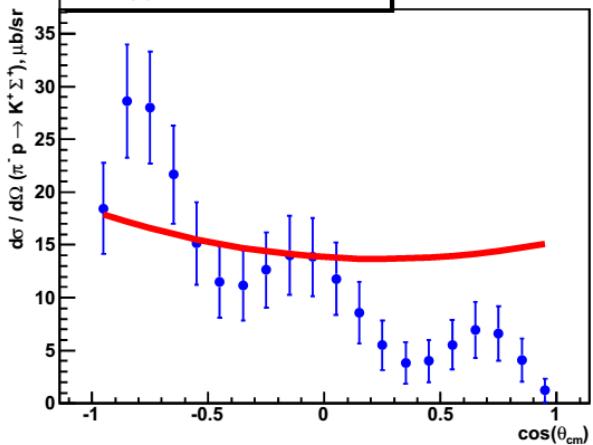
FIG. 31: Total cross section of the reaction  $\pi^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \Sigma^+$ .



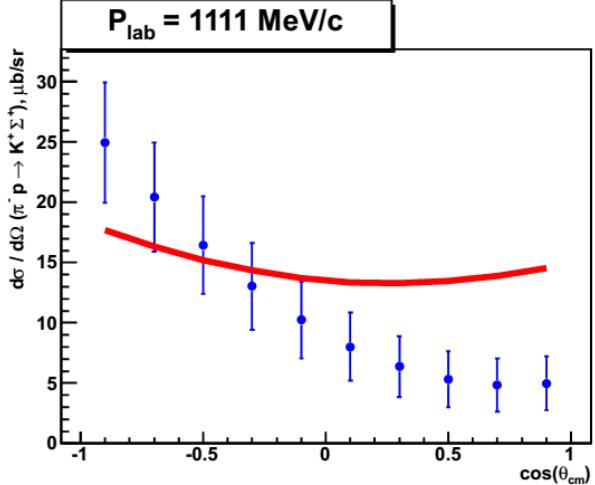




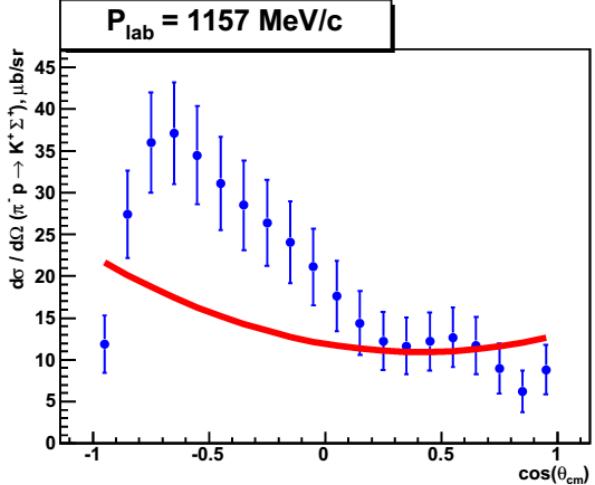
$P_{\text{lab}} = 1105 \text{ MeV/c}$



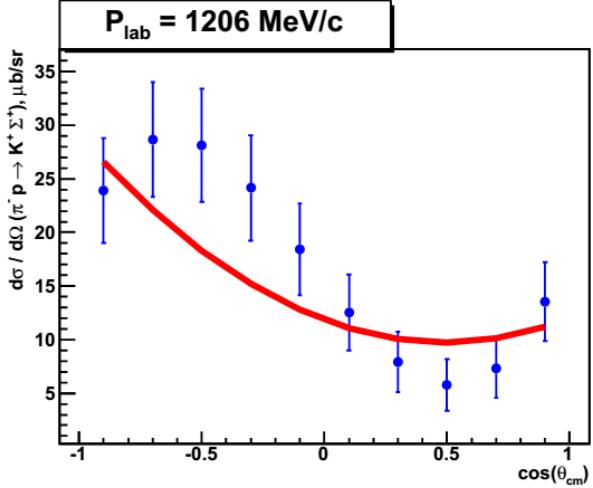
$P_{\text{lab}} = 1111 \text{ MeV/c}$



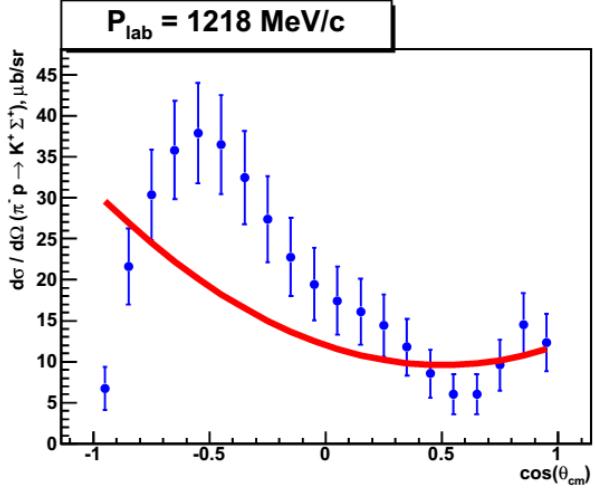
$P_{\text{lab}} = 1157 \text{ MeV/c}$



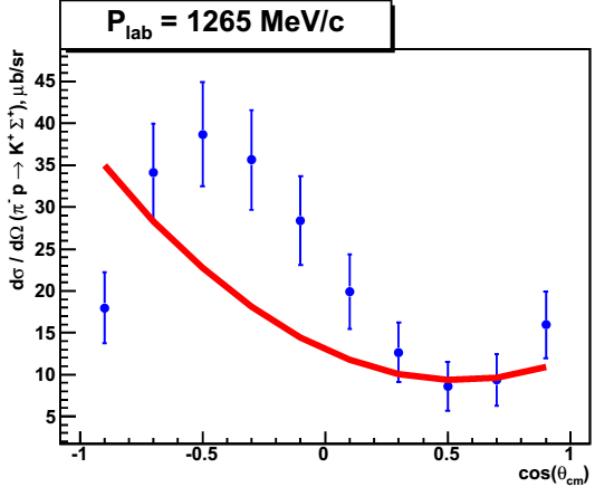
$P_{\text{lab}} = 1206 \text{ MeV/c}$

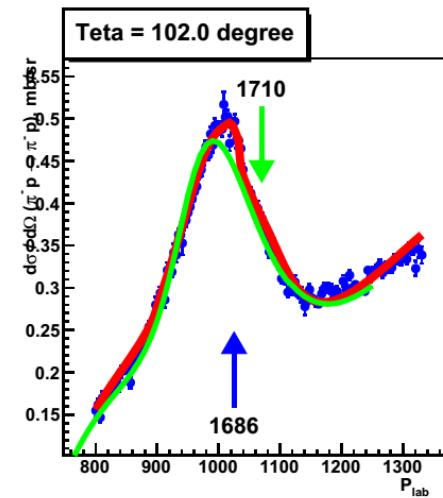
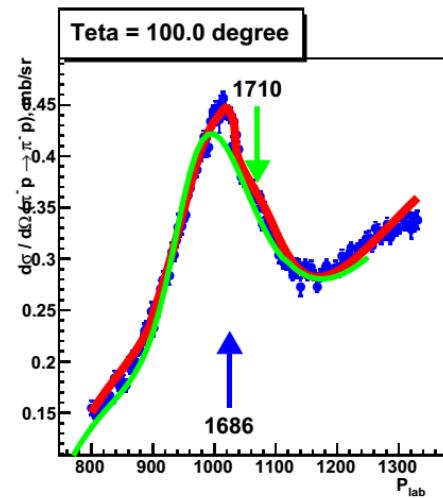
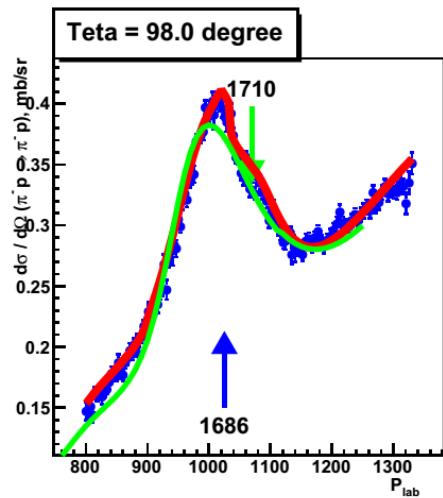
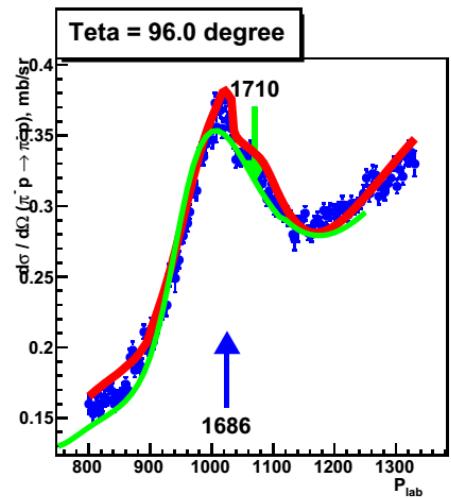
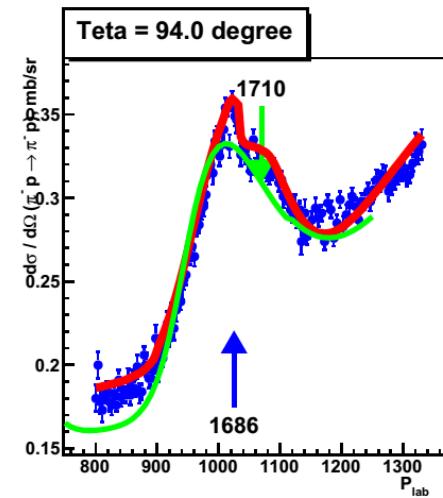
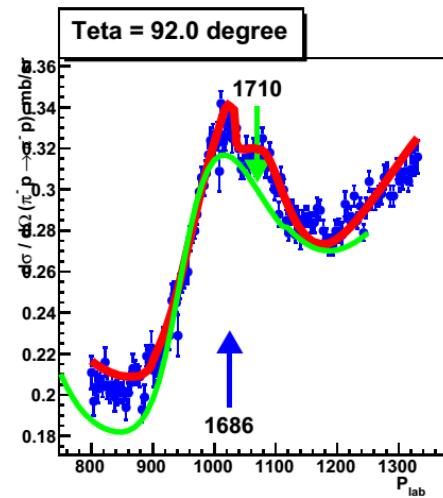
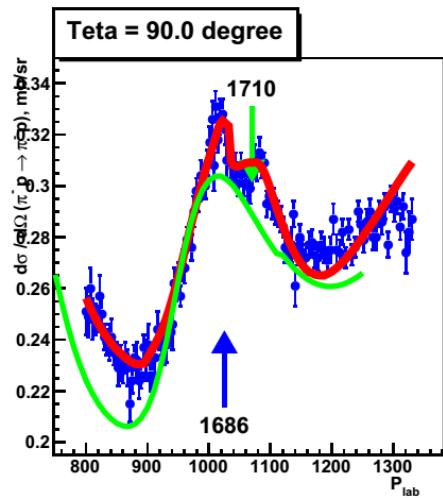
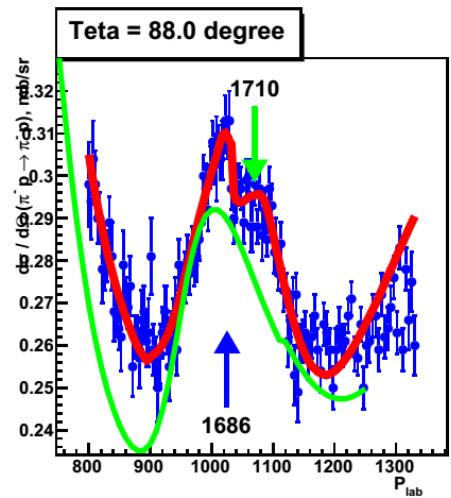


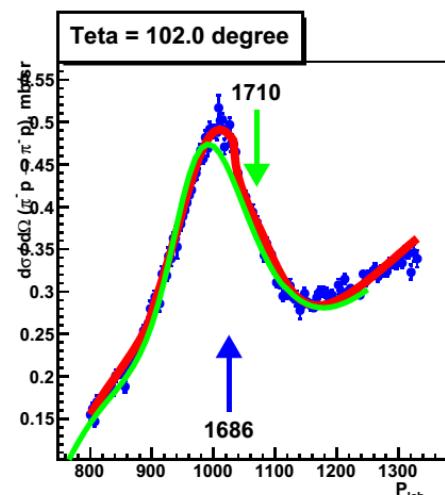
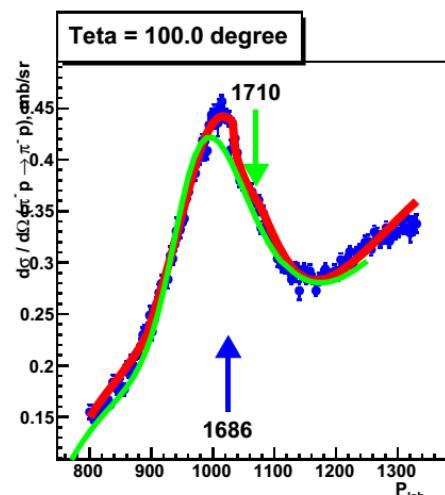
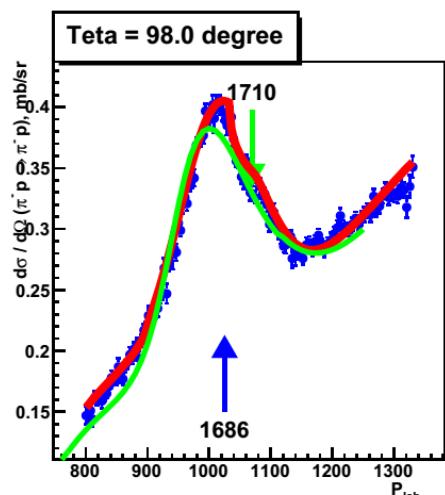
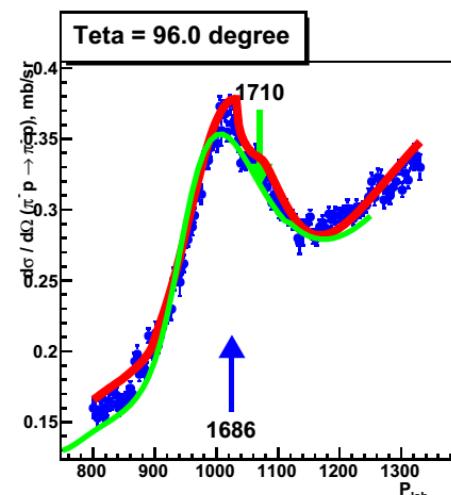
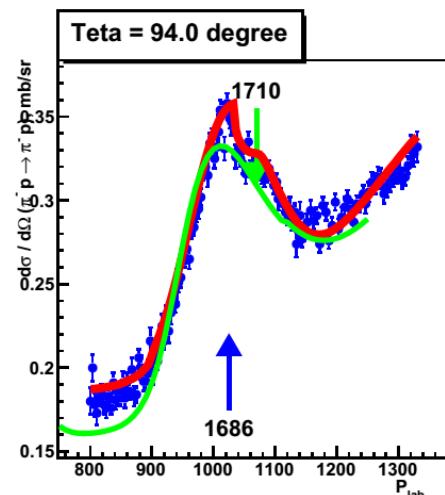
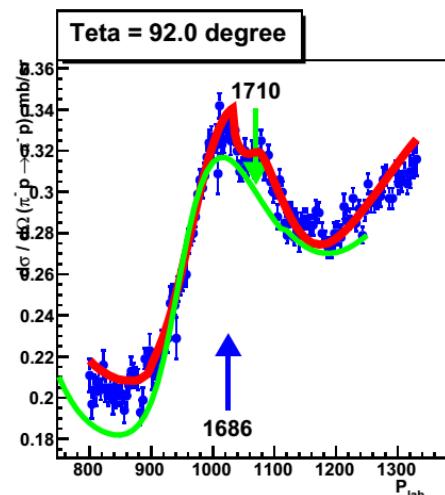
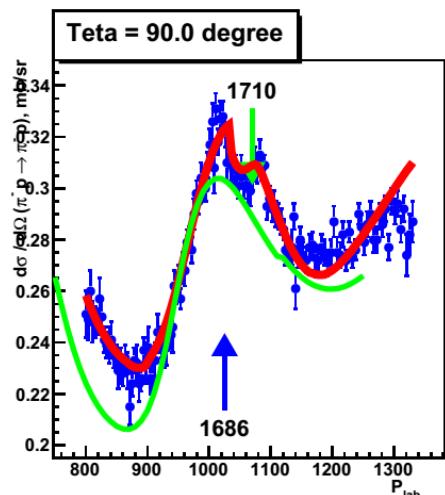
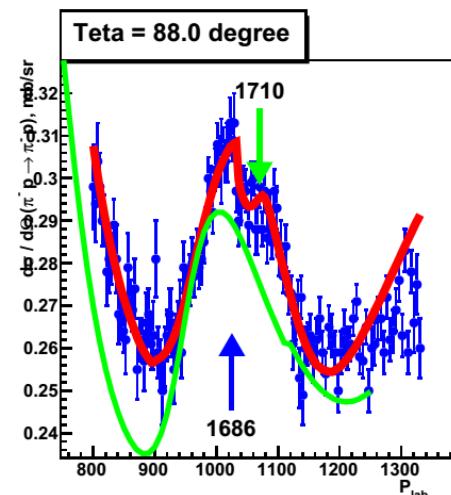
$P_{\text{lab}} = 1218 \text{ MeV/c}$



$P_{\text{lab}} = 1265 \text{ MeV/c}$









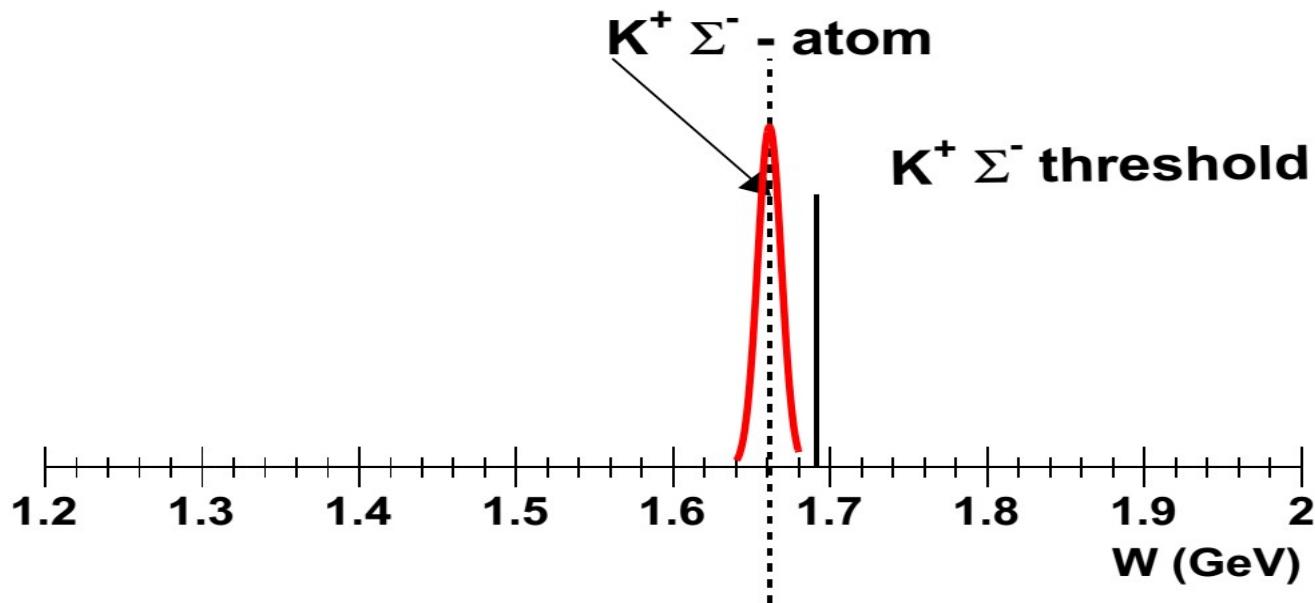
Total  $hi^{**2/p}$  2.4

$960 - 1140 \text{ MeV}/c$

Background	2.6
$P_{11}$	1.6
$S_{11}$ and $P_{11}$	1.5



$\pi^- p$  elastic ,  $\gamma n \rightarrow \eta n$

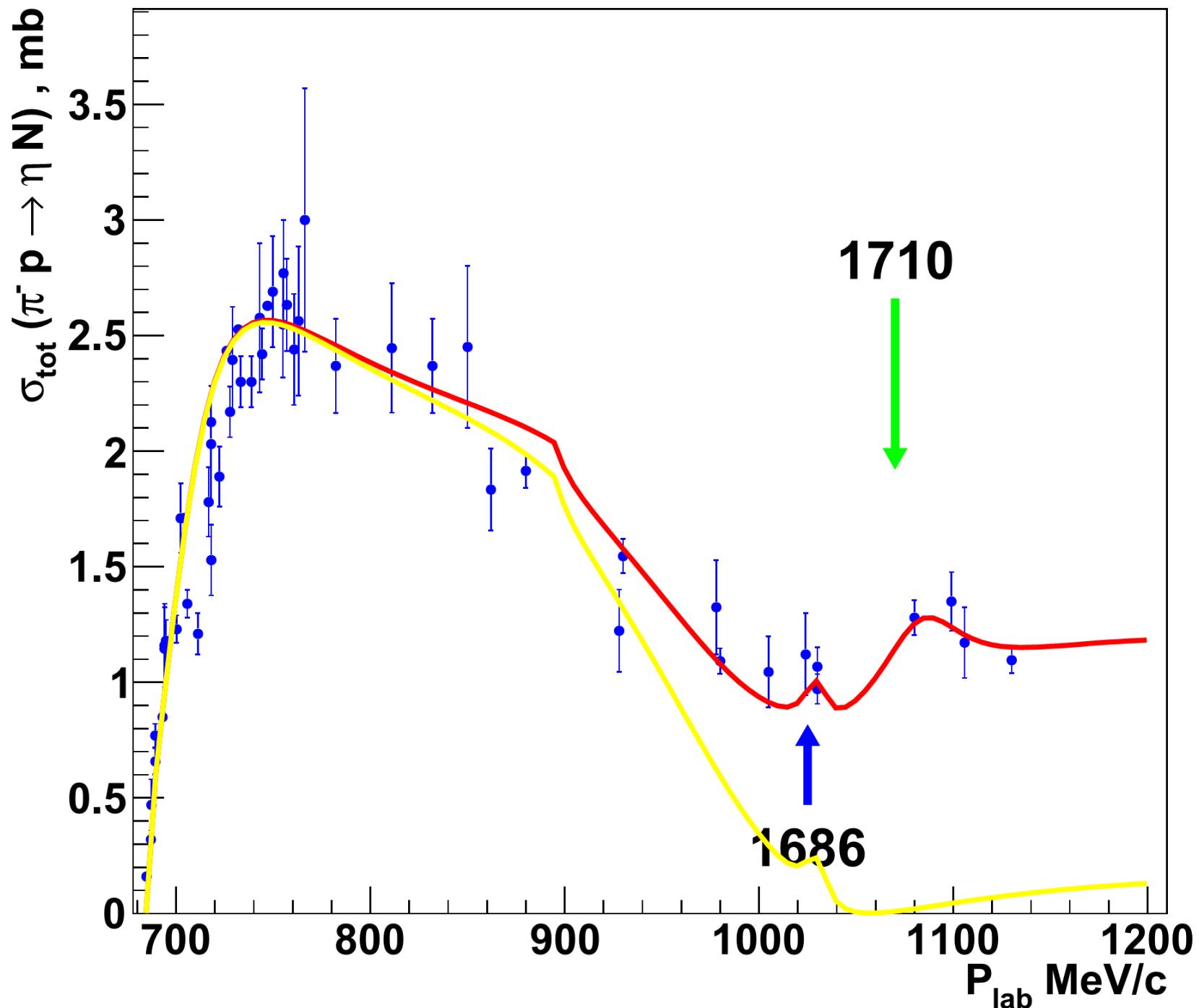


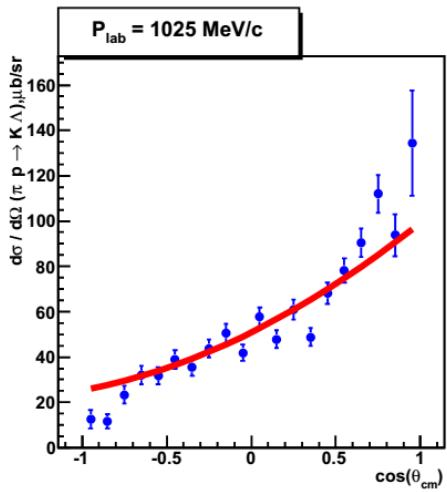
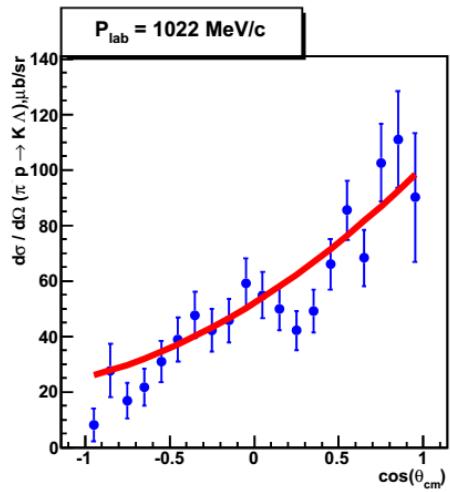
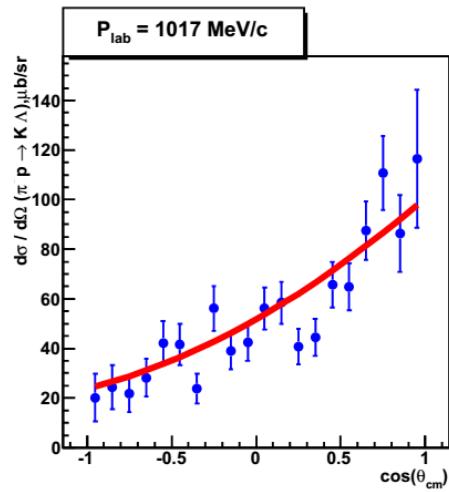
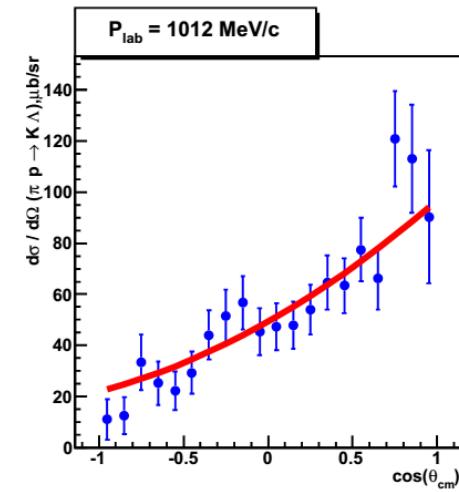
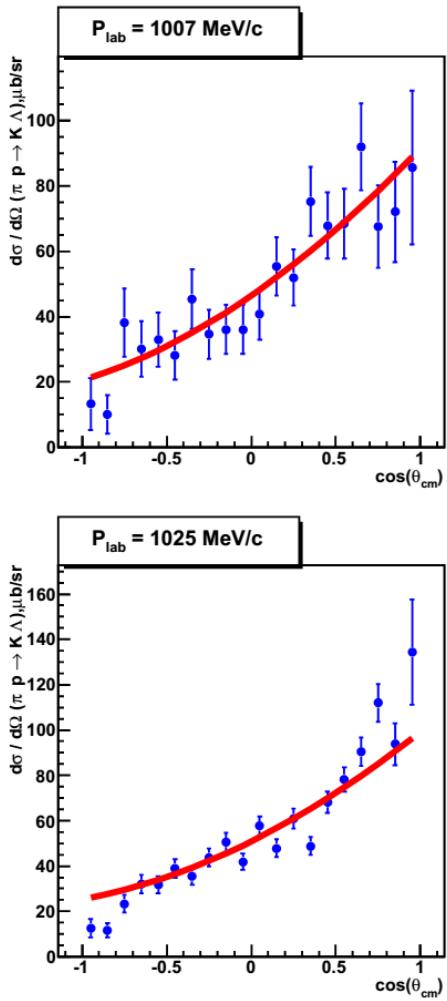
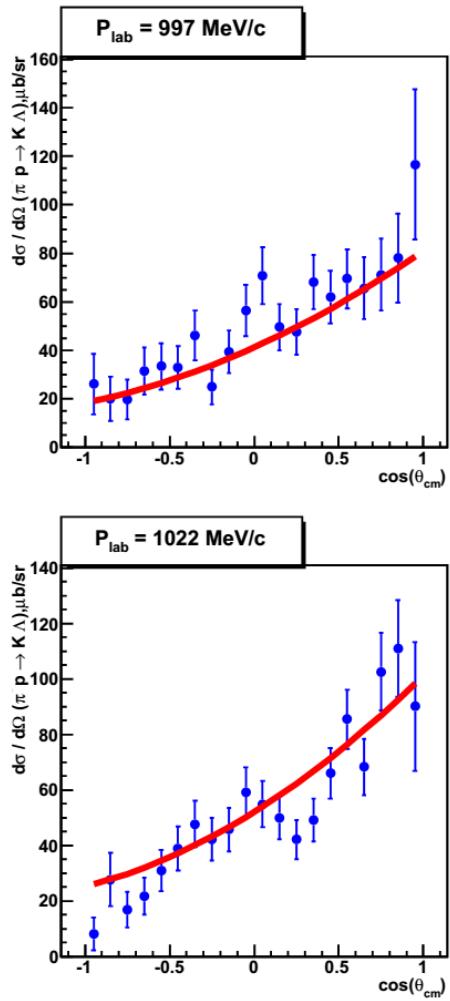
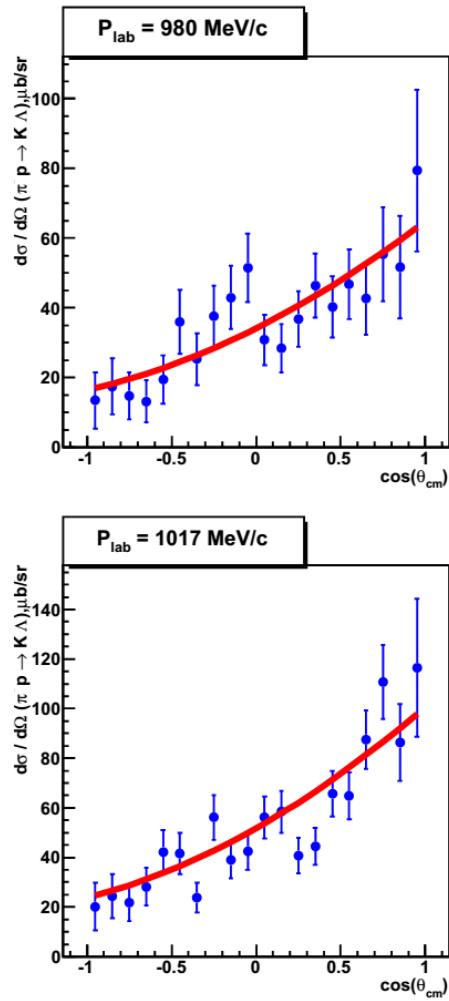
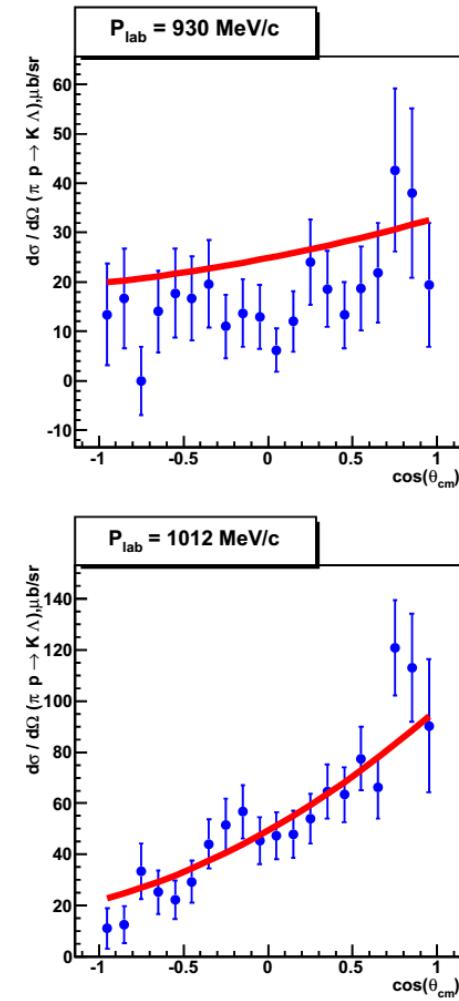
*Experimental check:*

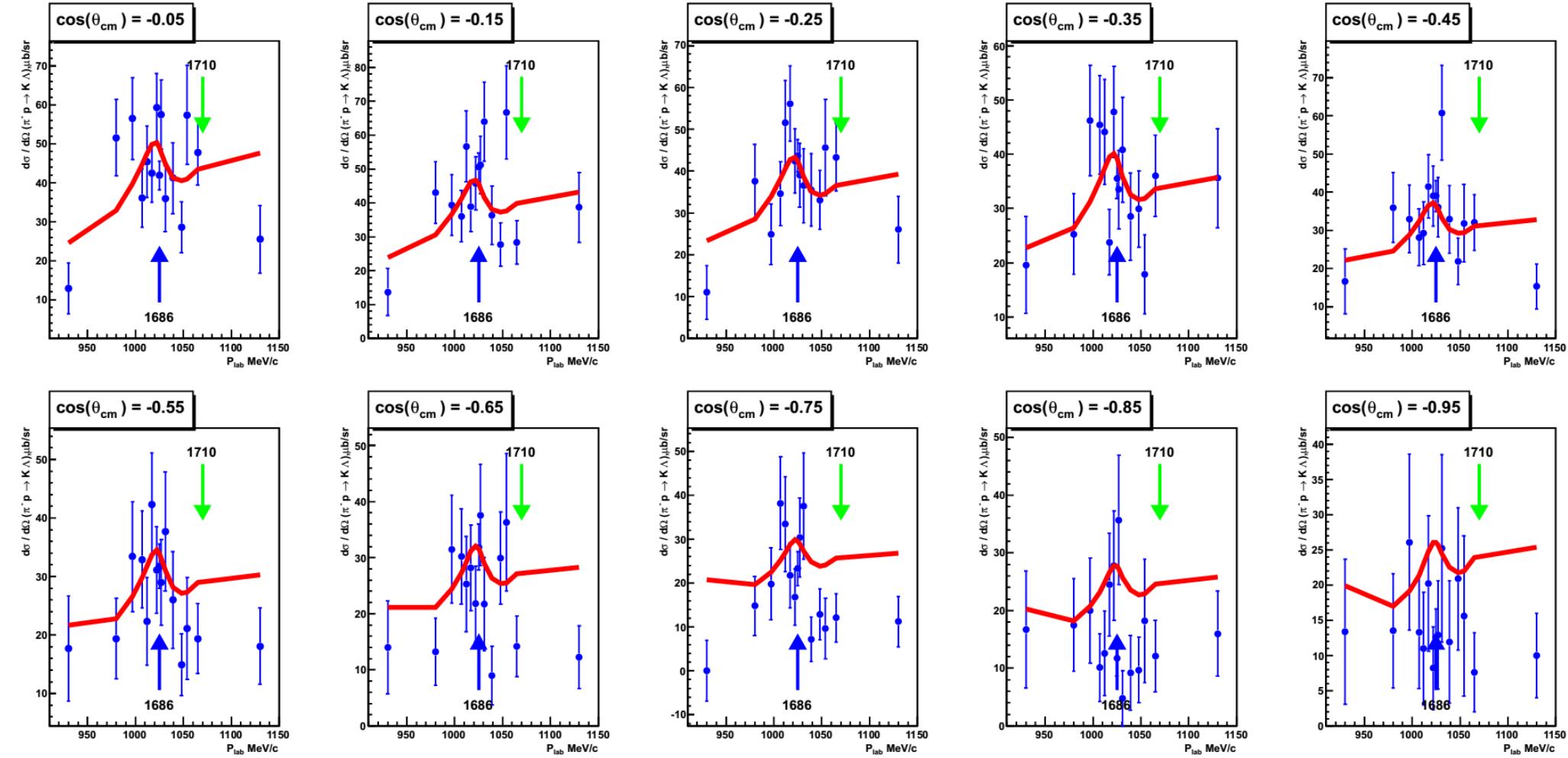
$\pi^- p \rightarrow$  elastic,  $\eta n$ ,  $k \Lambda$ .

*Isospin symmetry*

$\pi^+ n \rightarrow$  elastic,  $\eta n$ ,  $k \Lambda$ .









# preliminary

*S11*

*P11*

$$M=1686(1.5) \quad M=1724(2.0)$$

$$\Gamma_{tot}=32.4 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma_{tot}=35.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{el}=10.0 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma_{el}=0.35 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{2\pi}=7.9 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma_{2\pi}=0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\eta n}=13.2 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma_{\eta n}=7.6 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{K\Lambda}=1.3 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma_{K\Lambda}=11.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{K\Sigma}=16.0 \text{ MeV}$$

*P11*

$$M=1717(2.0)$$

$$\Gamma_{tot}=35.0 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{el}=0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{2\pi}=0.8 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\eta n}=9.8 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{K\Lambda}=9.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{K\Sigma}=14.4 \text{ MeV}$$



Благодарю за внимание!