

HERMES and OLYMPUS experiments

***STUDY OF NUCLEON (HADRON) STRUCTURE USING ELECTRON
BEAMS AT DESY***

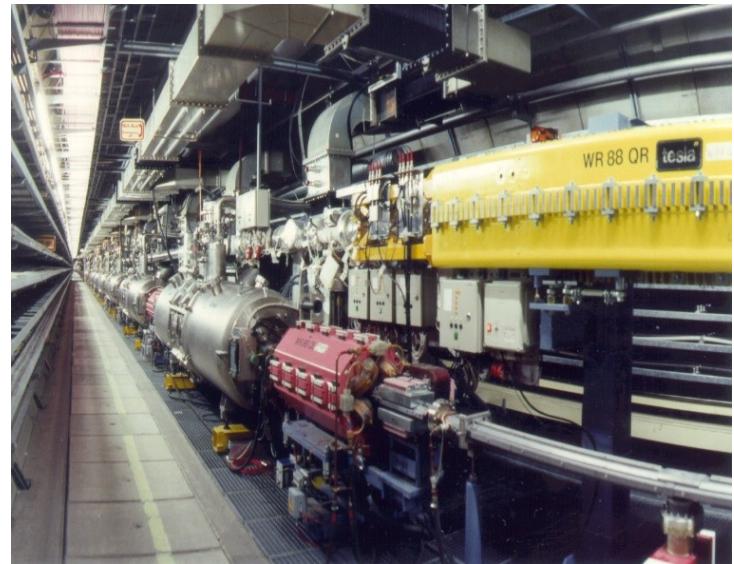
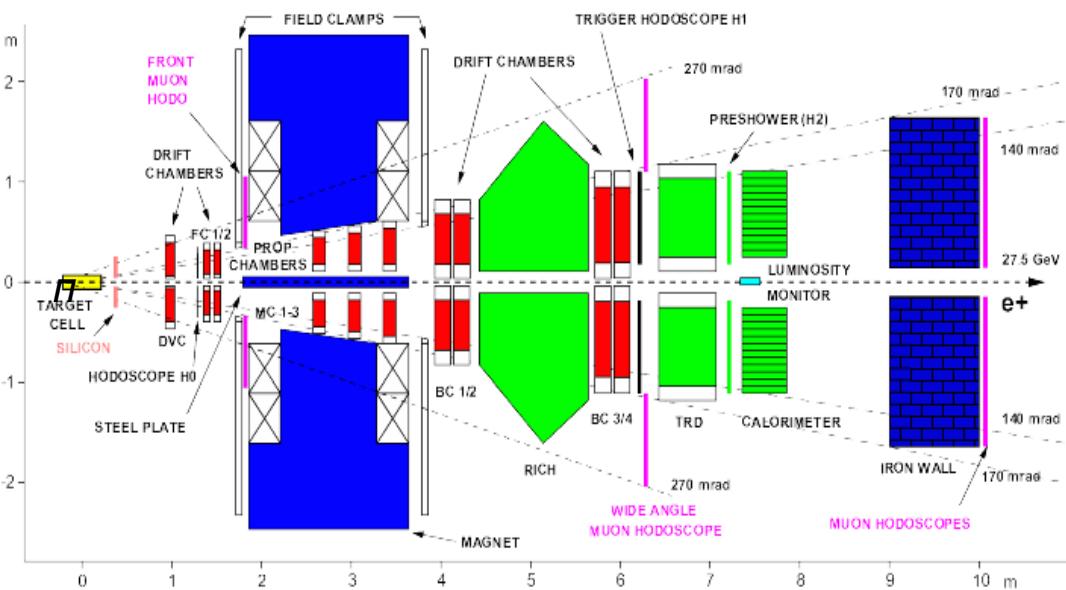
HERMES data taking period 1995-2007 , data analysis
OLYMPUS data taking 2012, data analysis

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Main motivation: “spin crisis”

Π

HERA RING $P_{\text{beam}} \sim 50\%$



Впервые реализована
идея само-поляризации
пучка электронов в
магнитном поле
ускорителя:

HERMES most important contributions to nucleon spin structure

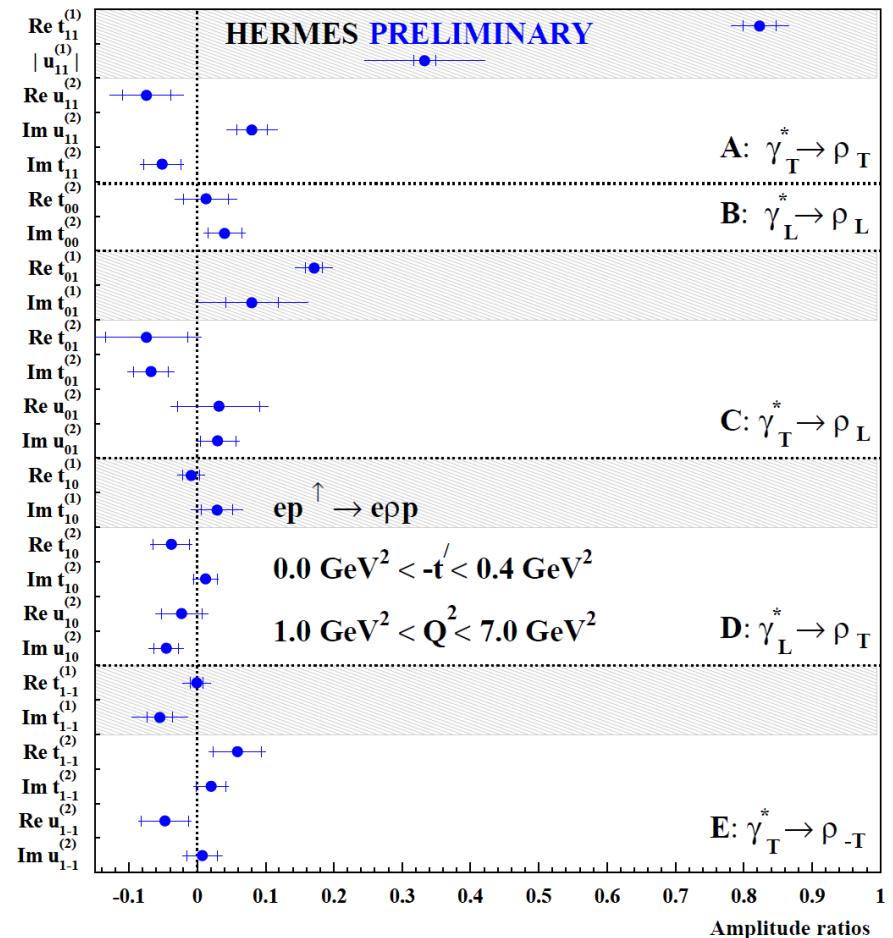
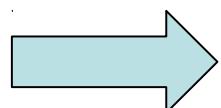
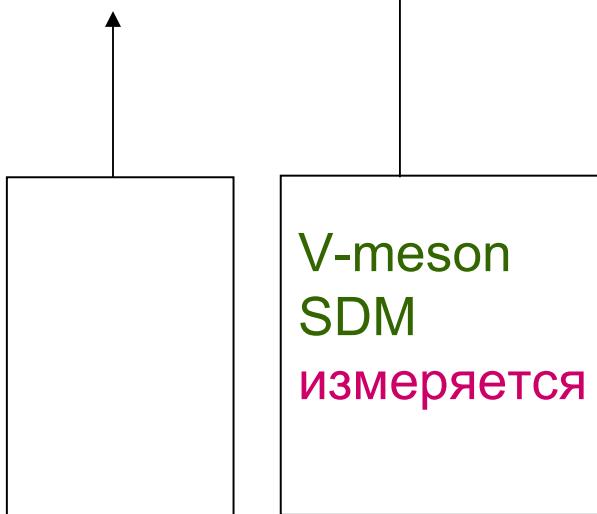
- Quark spin from DIS inclusive $\Delta\Sigma = 0.33 \pm 0.02_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.03_{\text{model}}$
- Quark spin from DIS semi-inclusive $\Delta\Sigma = 0.36 \pm 0.03_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.02_{\text{model}}$
- Gluon polarization estimation $\Delta g/g = 0.05 \pm 0.03_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.01_{\text{syst}}$
- First measurements of Sivers DF and Collins FF
- Detailed study of GPDs *not yet*
- Λ -hyperon polarization *fully*
- Spin-dependent exclusive vector meson production *published*
3

Current analysis. Electroproduction of vector mesons

Сергей М.

$$\vec{\gamma}^* + \vec{N} \rightarrow \vec{V}(\rho, \phi, \omega) + \vec{N}'$$

$$\{3 \times 3\}_\gamma \times \{2 \times 2\}_N \Rightarrow \{3 \times 3\}_V \times \{2 \times 2\}_{N'}$$



Spin transfer from polarized beam to Λ in DIS

$$D_{LL'} = 0.11 \pm 0.10_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.03_{\text{syst}}$$

$$D_{LZ} = 0.06 \pm 0.03_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02_{\text{syst}}$$

$$D_{LX} = -0.02 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.03_{\text{syst}}$$

$$D_{LZ} = -0.04 \pm 0.07_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02_{\text{syst}}$$

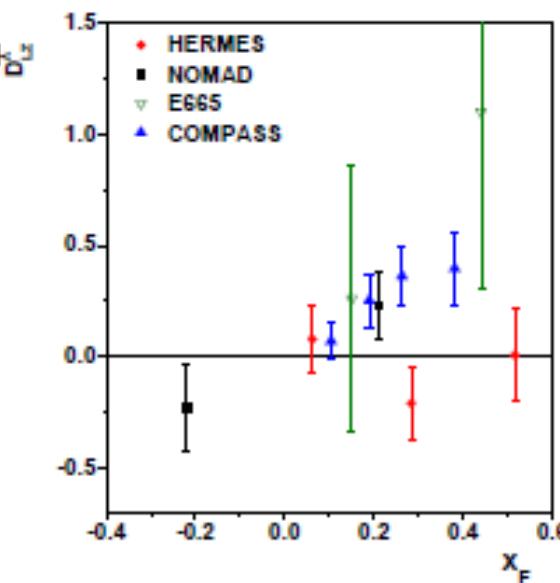
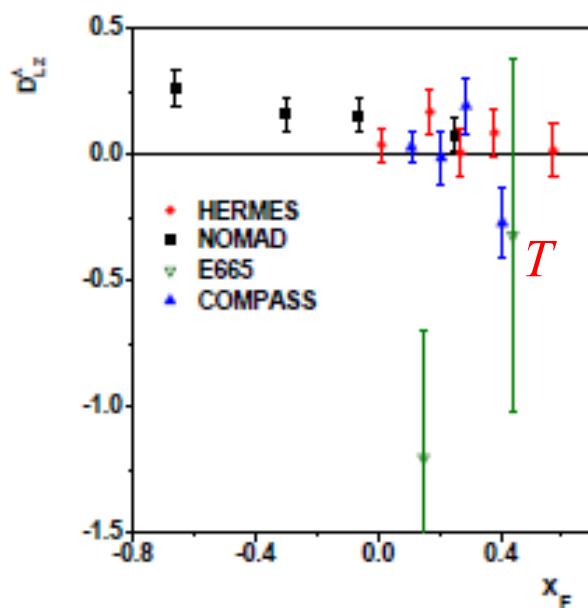
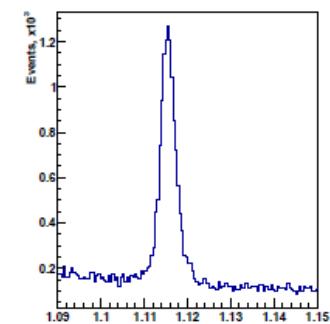
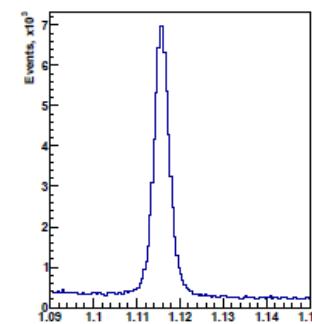
$$D_{LX} = 0.04 \pm 0.10_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.03_{\text{syst}}$$

8200 Λ *PRD 2006*

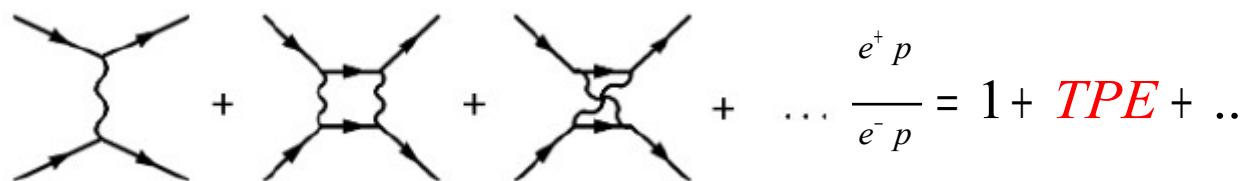
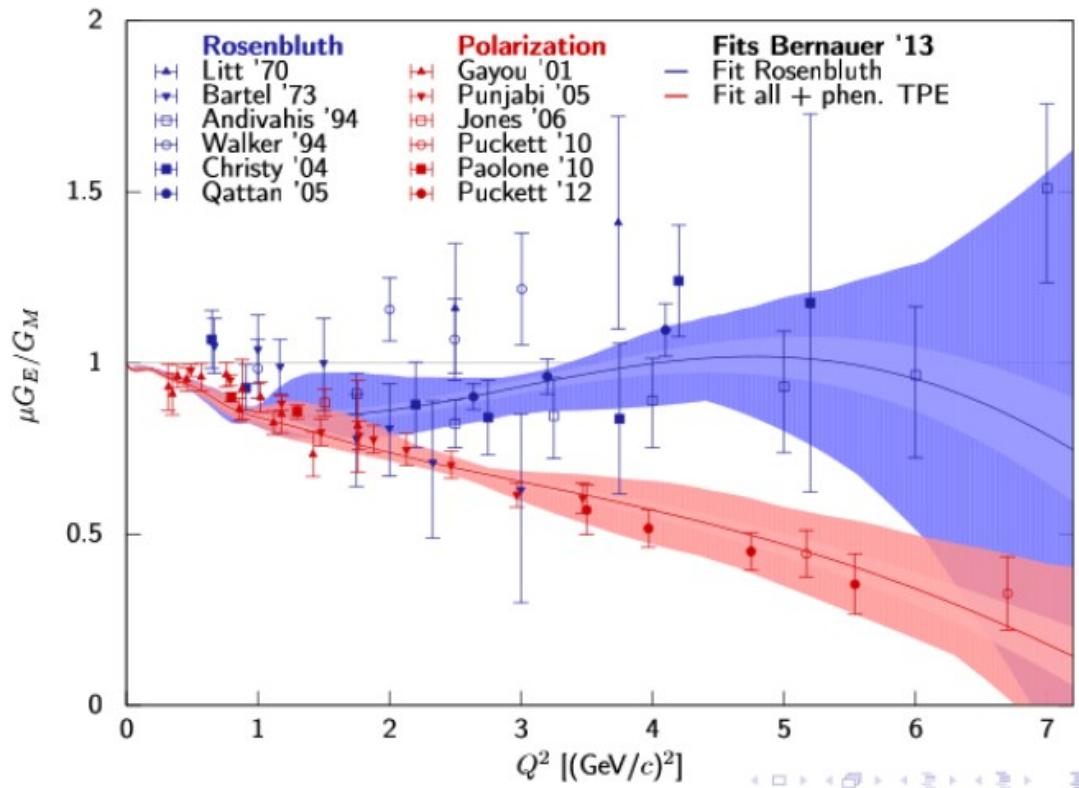
61320 Λ

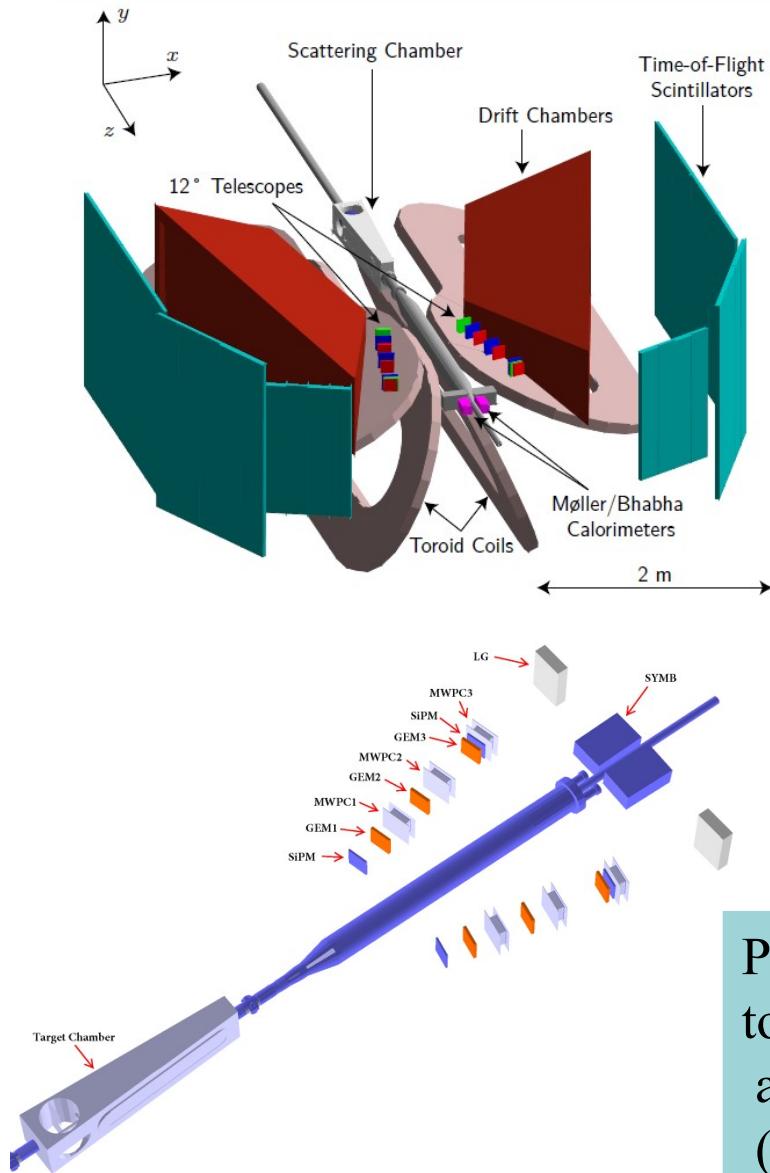
$\bar{\Lambda}$

8700



OLYMPUS. Proton form factor puzzle and TPE





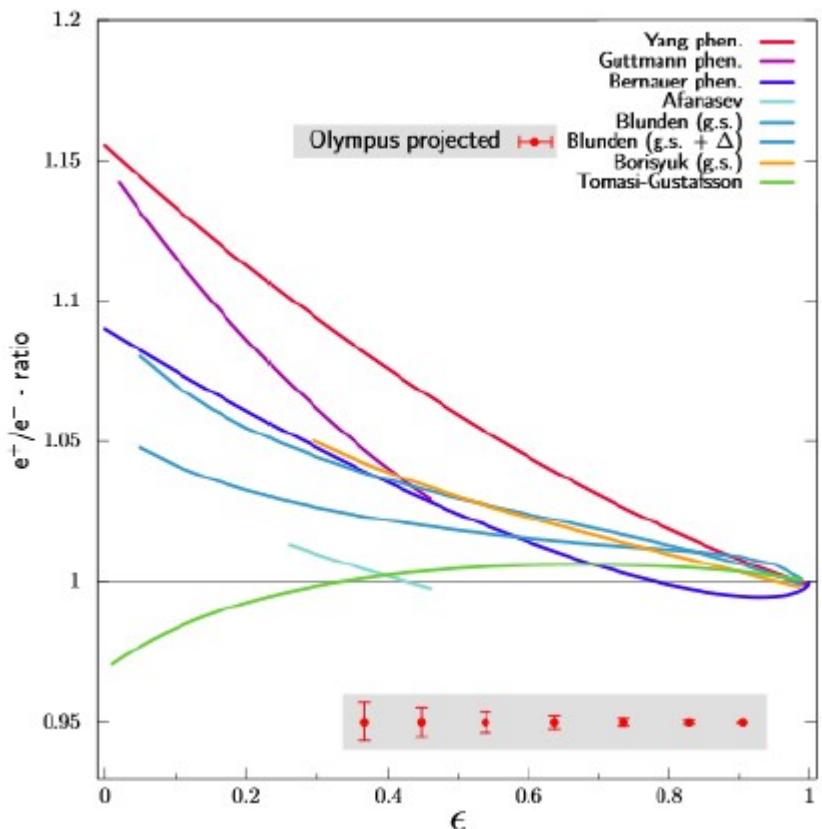
as conceived

PNPI
to de...
at sm...
(0.16)

Statistical uncertainty

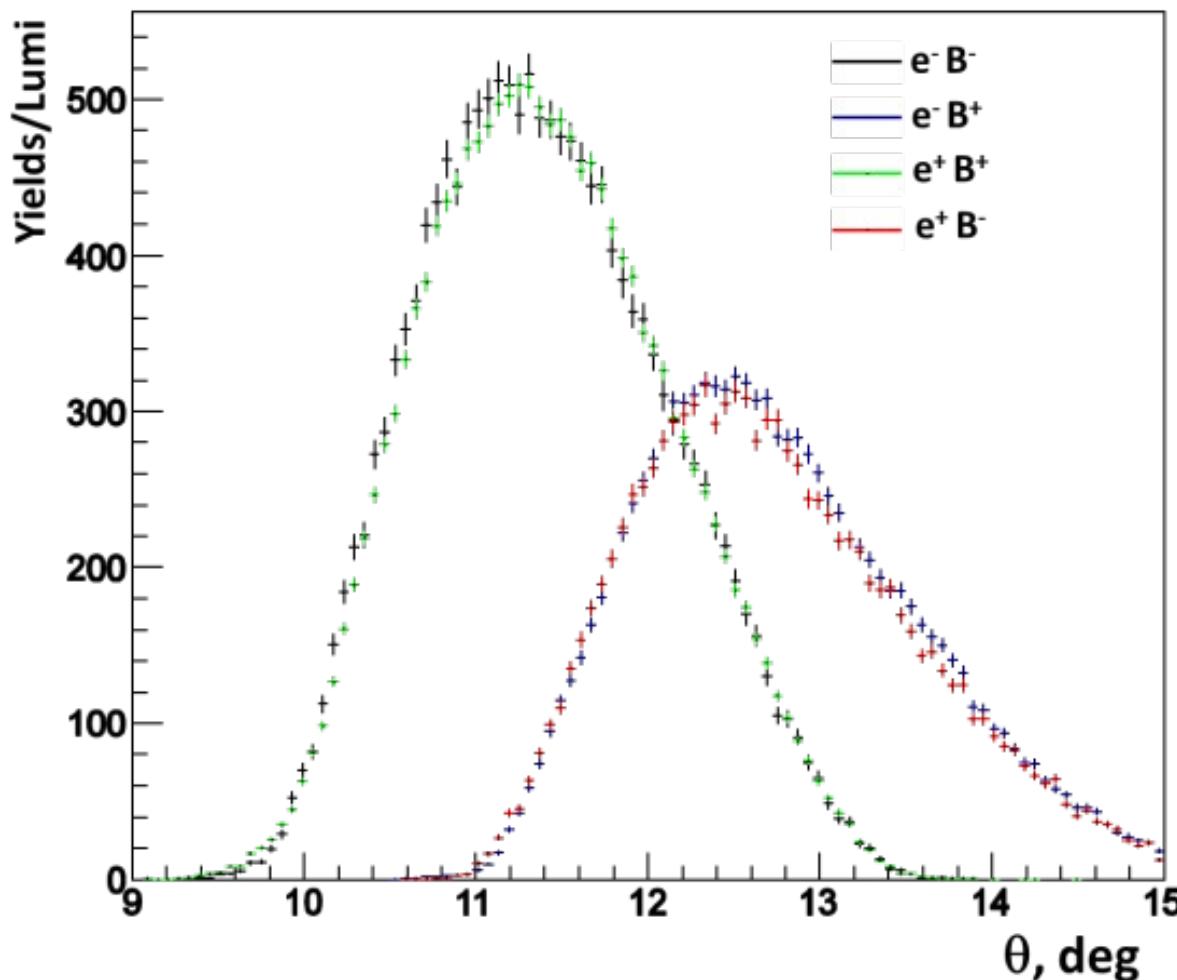
as realized

A



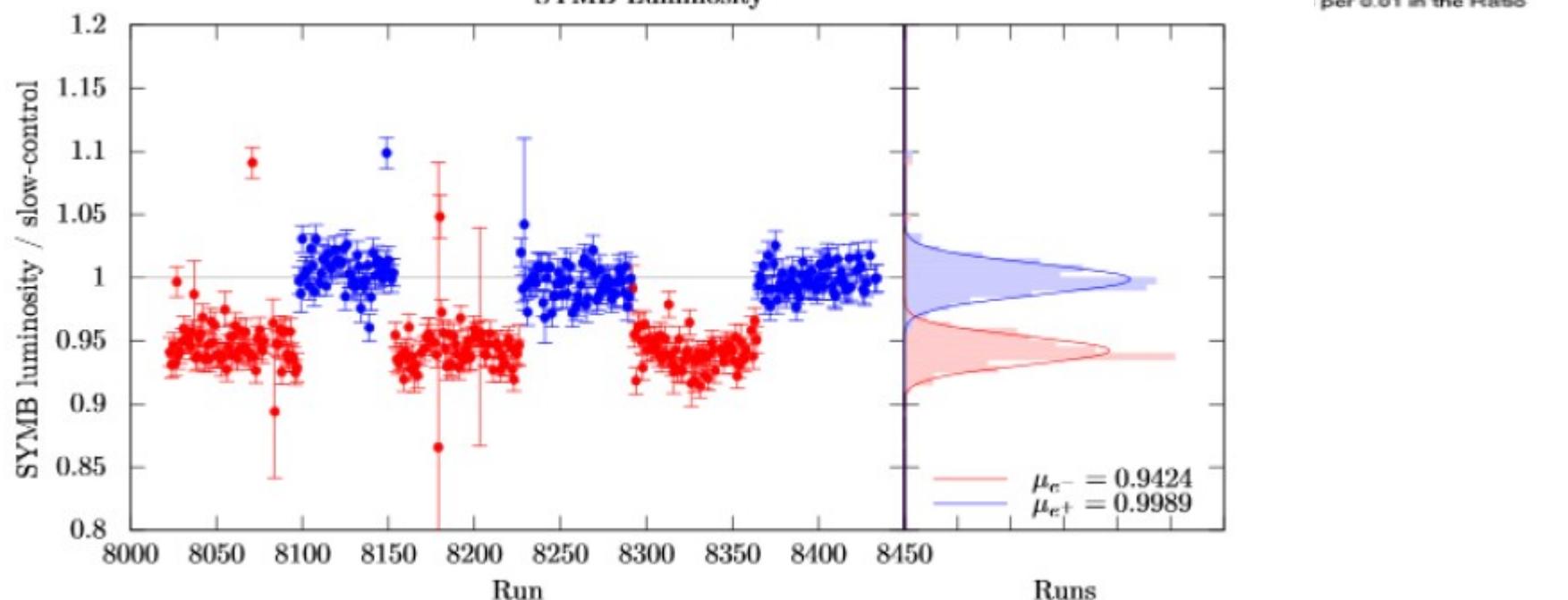
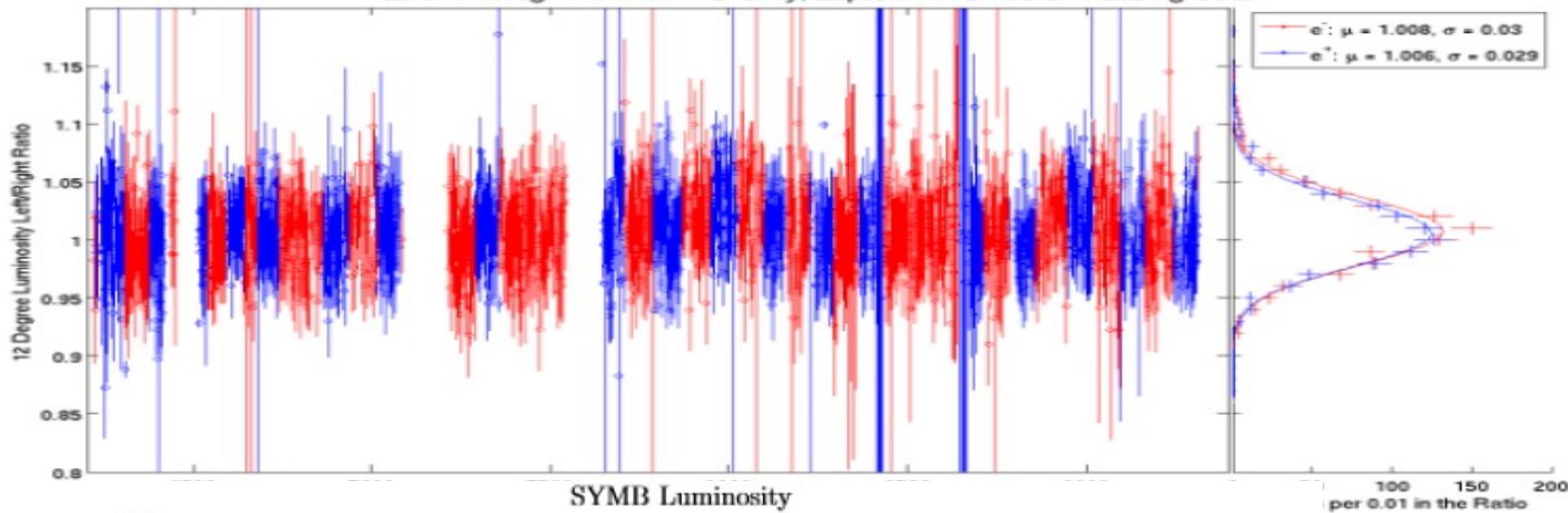
Data analysis. Double ratio, control measurement, large Q^2 ...

1



At large Q^2
statistics is not
sufficient for
double ratio
→
intensive MC
study of
acceptance ,
efficiency....
tracking etc.

Left Arm/Right Arm MWPC-Only, Lepton + WC Proton Passing Cuts



The progress includes

- the analysis of 80% of the Olympus dataset;
- the achievement of good agreement between the luminosity measurement of the 12° MWPC and the slow control luminosity;
- a further improvement of the calibration and the description of the TOF and tracking chambers;
- the achievement of reasonably good agreement for the MC–data comparison.

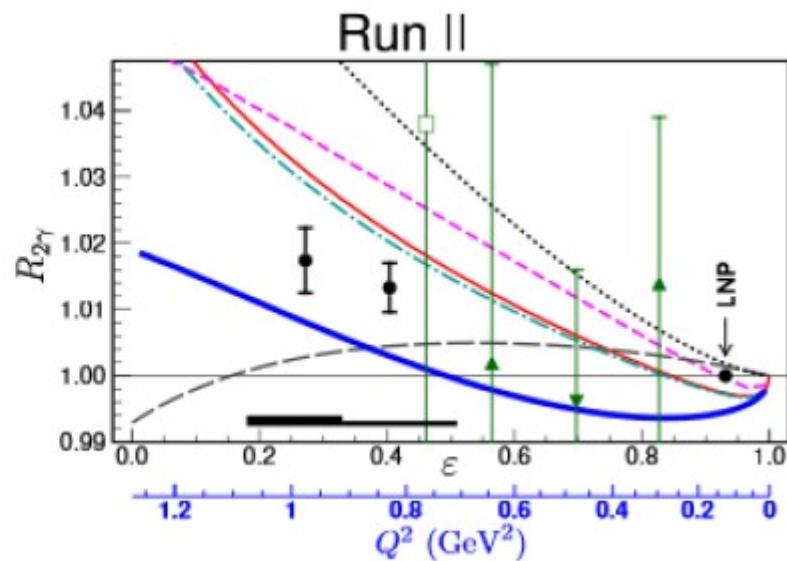
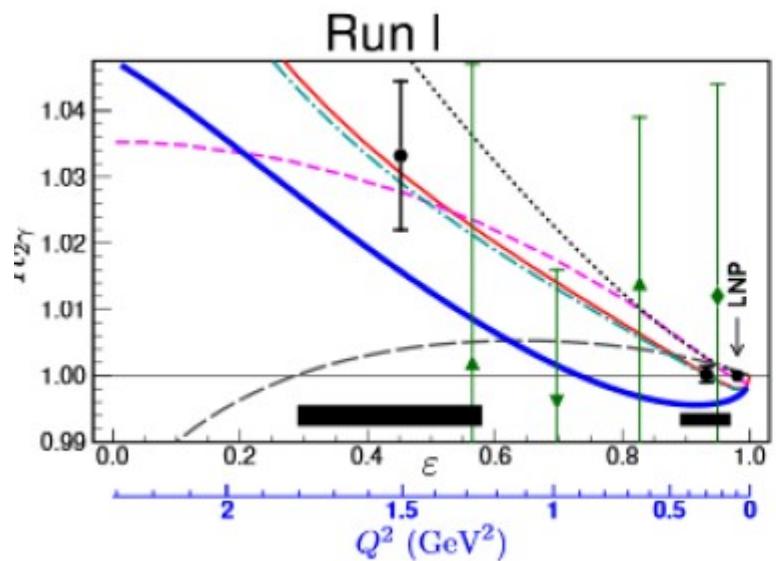
The PRC has still some remaining concerns:

- There is still no understanding why the symmetric Moeller/Bhabha detector does not provide the best luminosity measurement in the experiment. The PRC feels it is extremely important to clarify the reason for this mismatch.
- There is unfortunately not yet a detailed idea what type of systematic precision can be achieved at the end.

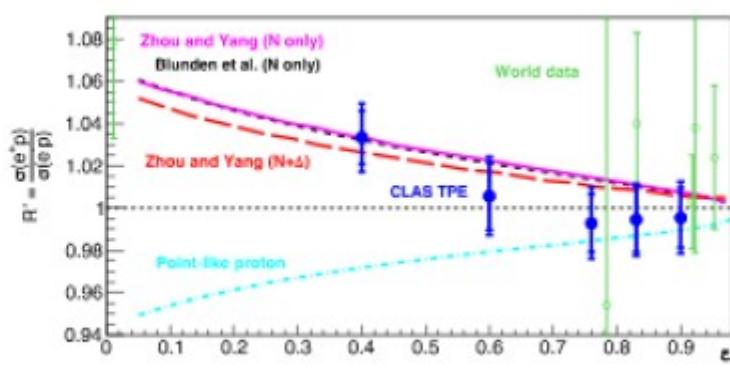
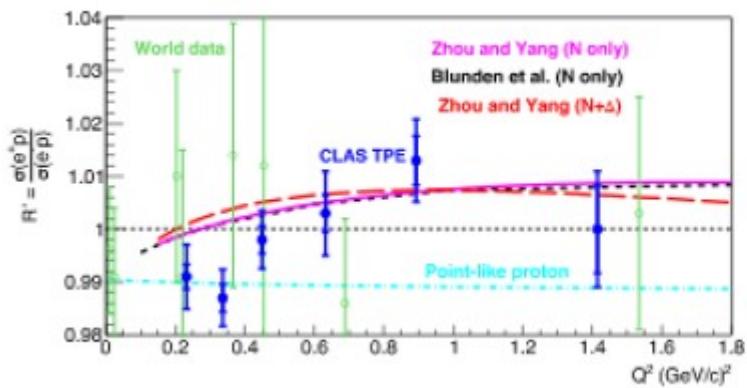
The PRC awaits with eagerness the first results.

BACKUP SLIDES

V

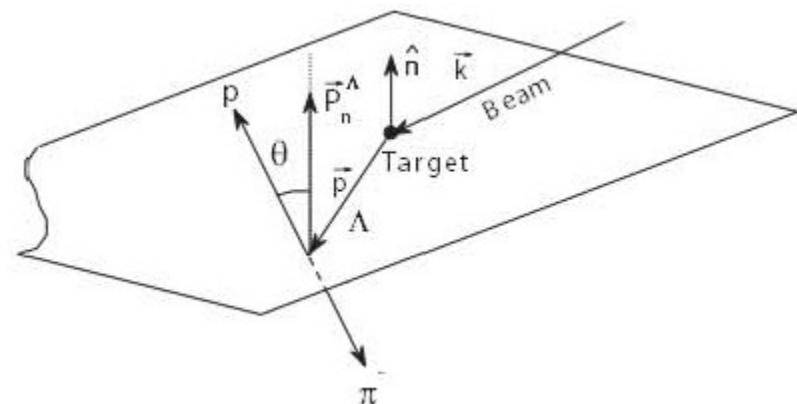
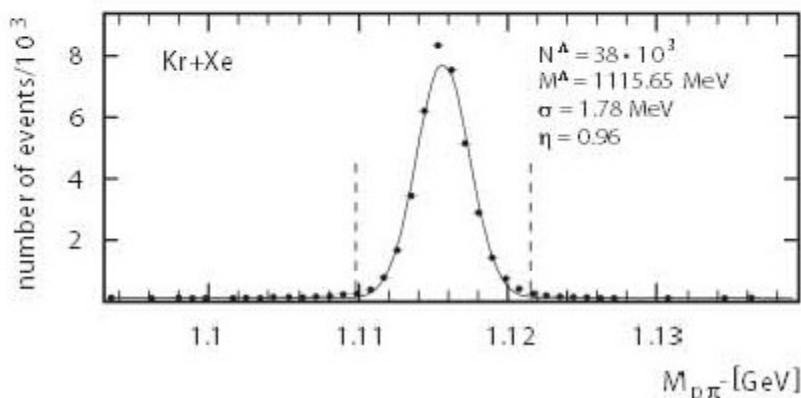
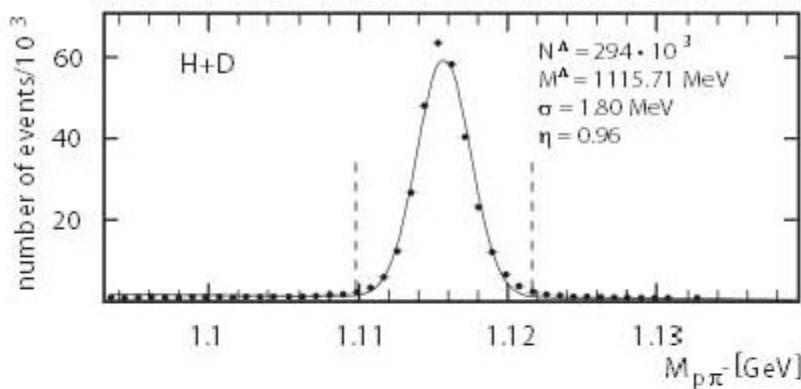


C



$\tilde{\gamma} + A \rightarrow \Lambda (\bar{\Lambda}) + X$ at $Q^2 \approx 0$ quasireal photoproduction

$$\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^- \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+ \text{ weak decay } \frac{dN}{d\Omega_p} \sim 1 + \alpha P_\Lambda \cos \theta_p$$



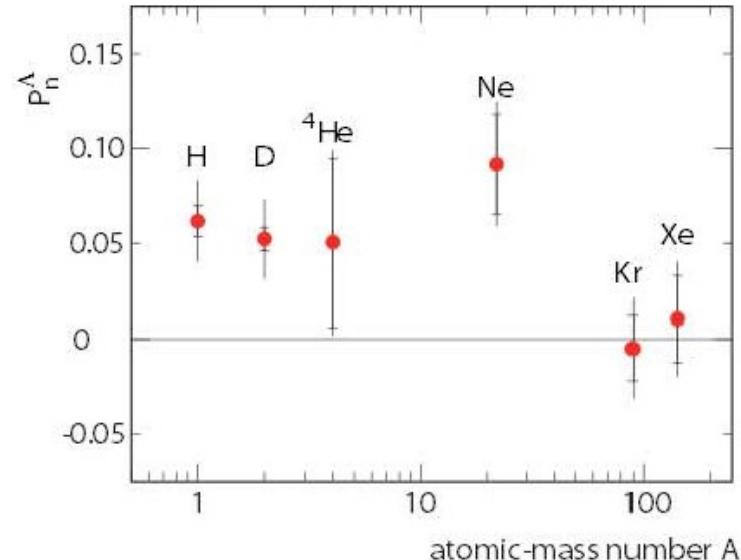
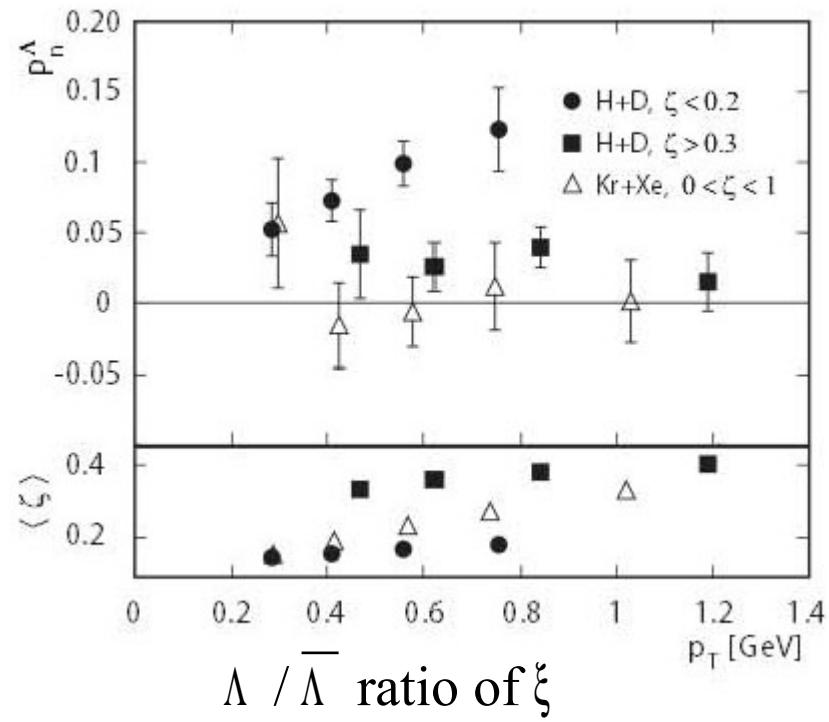
$$\widetilde{\frac{dN}{d\Omega_p}} \sim (1 + \alpha P_\Lambda \cos \theta_p) \otimes \text{acceptance function}$$

moment method \Leftrightarrow

up/down detector mirror symmetry \Rightarrow

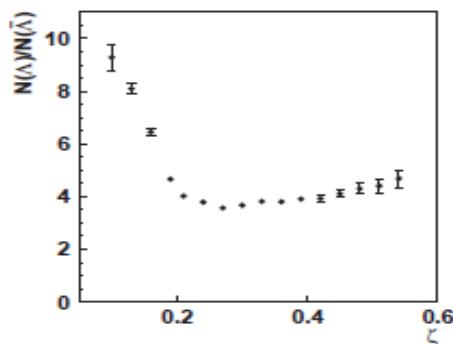
$$P_\Lambda = \frac{\langle \cos \theta_p \rangle}{\alpha \langle \cos \theta_p^2 \rangle}$$

$$\alpha_\Lambda = 0.62 \quad \alpha_{\bar{\Lambda}} = -0.62$$

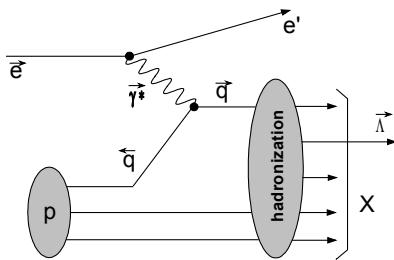


$$P_\Lambda (\text{H} + \text{D}) = 0.056 \pm 0.005_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02_{\text{sys}}$$

$$P_{\bar{\Lambda}} = 0.025 \pm 0.015_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.018_{\text{sys}}$$



- P_Λ positive like in $K^- \Sigma^-$ beam Λ production
- Polarization
- Target and current fragmentation regimes
- P_Λ drops down for heavy nucleus targets



$$\vec{e} + p \rightarrow e' + \vec{\Lambda} + X \quad P_{\Lambda} \sim D_{LL}^{\Lambda} \times P_{beam}$$

$$D_{LL}^{\Lambda}(x, z) = \sum_{f=u,d,s,\dots} D_{LL,f}^{\Lambda}(z) \omega_f^{\Lambda}(x, z)$$

$$D_{LL,f}^{\Lambda}(z) = \frac{\Delta F_f^{\Lambda}}{F_f^{\Lambda}} \text{ access to spin-fragmentation f-n}$$

 **partial spin transfer**

$D_{LL,f}^{\Lambda}$ is strongly related to Λ spin structure
 i.e., $D_{LL,f}^{\Lambda}$ is a measure of poorly known
 u,d-quark polarization in Λ

Λ spin structure

Naïve CQM

$$\Delta\Sigma=1 \quad \Delta u=\Delta d=0 \quad \Delta s=1$$

SU(3)_f S.B. using HERMES $\Delta\Sigma=0.32$

$$\Delta u=\Delta d=-0.16 \quad \Delta s=0.64$$

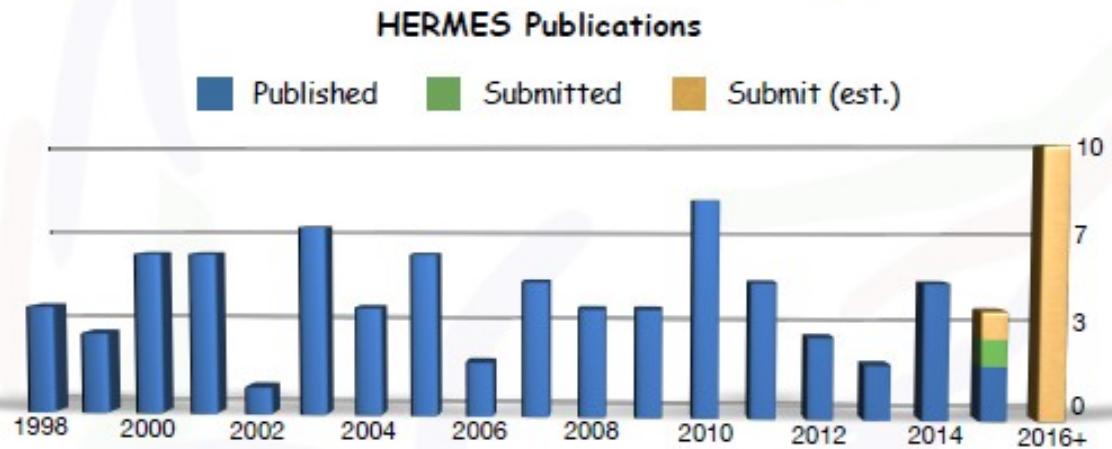
L

$$\frac{\Delta F_u^{\Lambda}}{F_u^{\Lambda}} \sim \Delta_u \quad \frac{\Delta F_s^{\Lambda}}{F_s^{\Lambda}} \sim \Delta_s$$

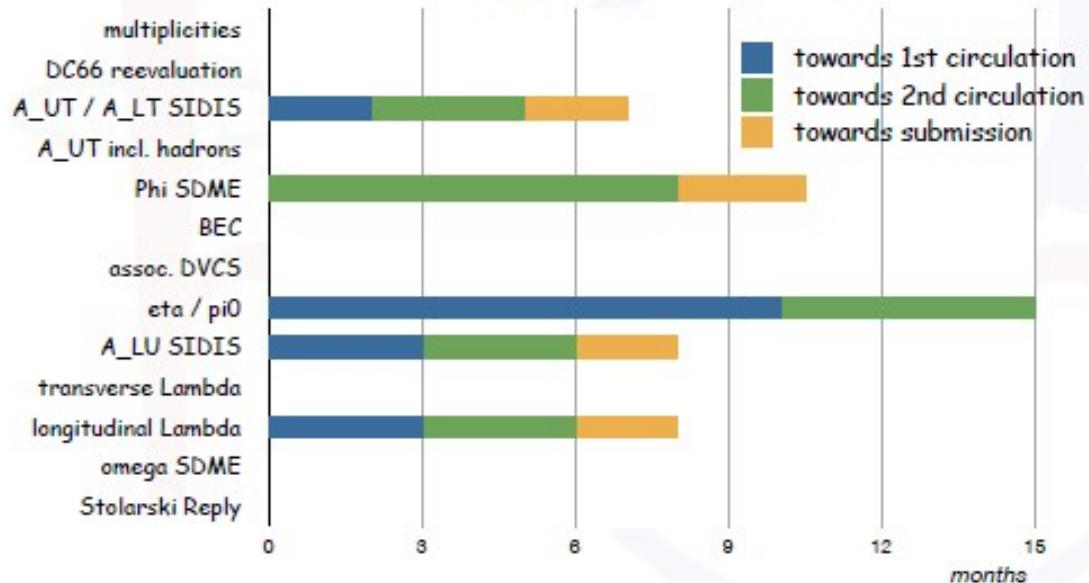
Expectation

$$D_{LL}^{\Lambda} \approx D_{LL,u}^{\Lambda} \leq 0$$

Publication statistics (Nov 2015)

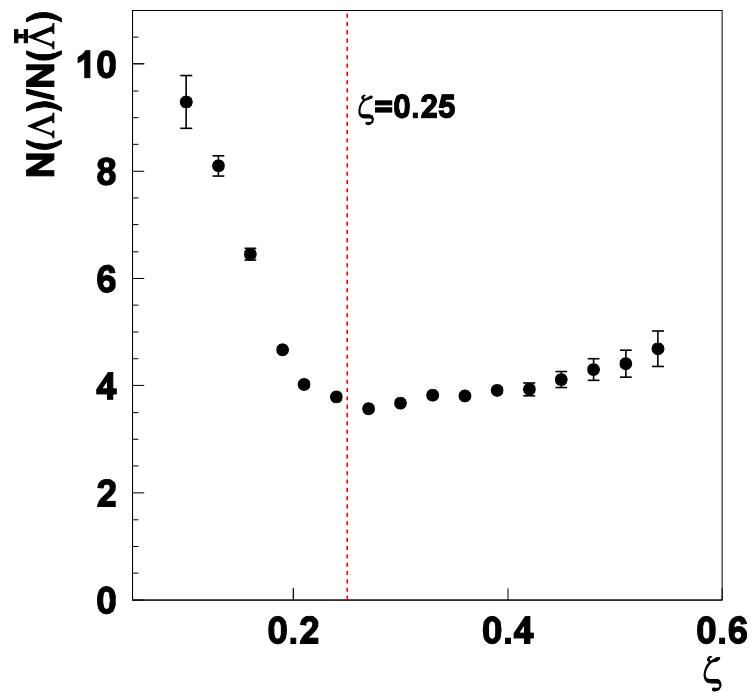
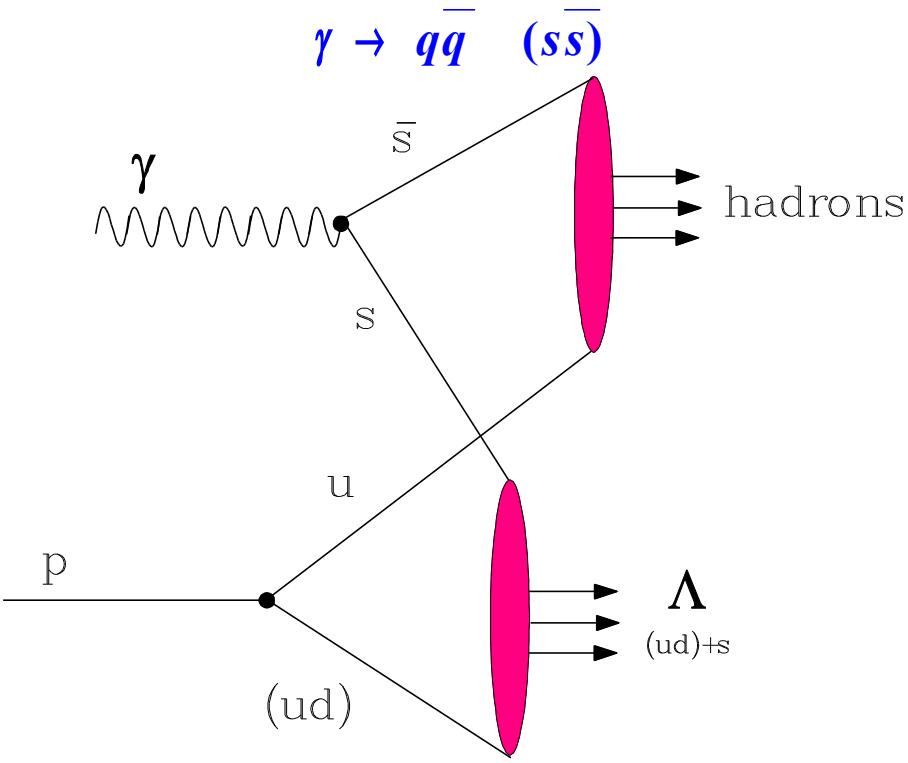


Publication schedule for priority analysis (Nov 2015)

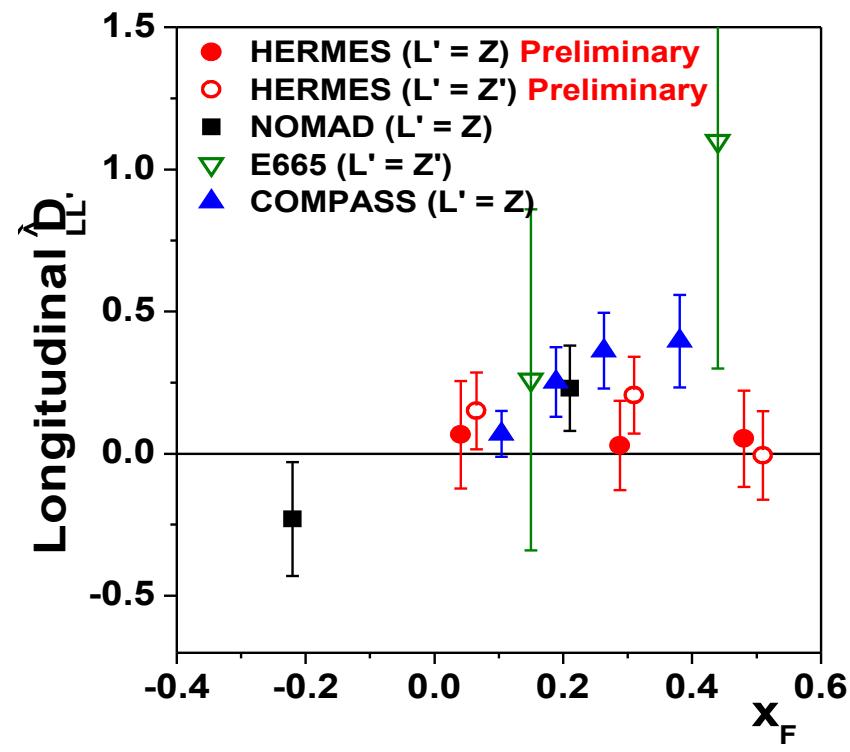
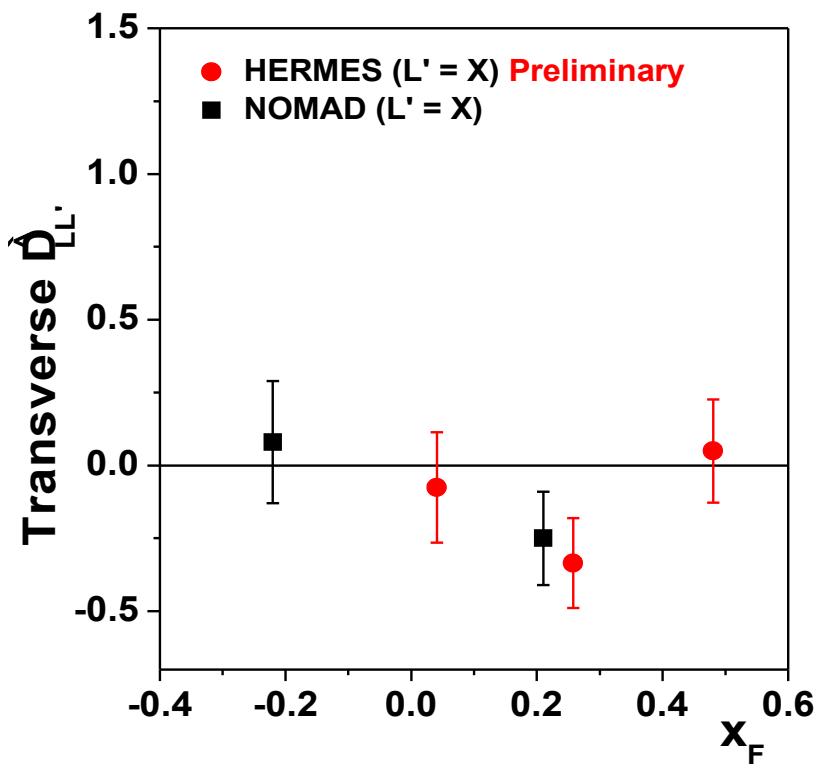


$$\langle E_\gamma \rangle = \langle E_e - E_{e'} \rangle \simeq 15.6 \text{ GeV}$$

Λ to $\bar{\Lambda}$ yield ratio



$$\zeta^\Lambda \simeq \frac{E_\Lambda}{E_e} < 0.25 \quad \sqrt{t} = 3.31 \text{ GeV} \quad \rightarrow$$



Λ and other hyperon spin structure still poorly established

SU(6) spin-1/2 hyperon octet

$\Delta\Sigma=0.32$ F=0.47 D=0.81

	Δu	Δd	Δs
p(uud)	0.84	-0.43	-0.09
n(udd)	-0.43	0.84	-0.09
Λ (uds)	-0.16	-0.16	0.64
Σ^+ (uus)	0.84	-0.09	-0.43
Σ^0 (uds)	0.375	0.375	-0.43
Σ^- (dds)	-0.09	0.84	-0.43
Ξ^0 (uss)	-0.43	-0.09	0.84
Ξ^- (dss)	-0.09	-0.43	0.84

Λ spin structure

Jaffe assumption ($\Delta s_{\text{proton}}=0$)

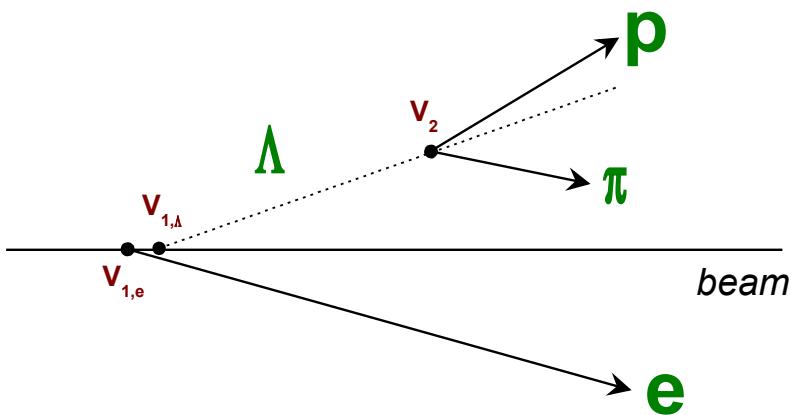
$\Delta\Sigma=0.586$ $\Delta u=\Delta d=-0.073$ $\Delta s=0.732$

Burkard & Jaffe from EMC result

$\Delta\Sigma=0.12$ $\Delta u=\Delta d=-0.23$ $\Delta s=0.58$ (± 0.04)

L

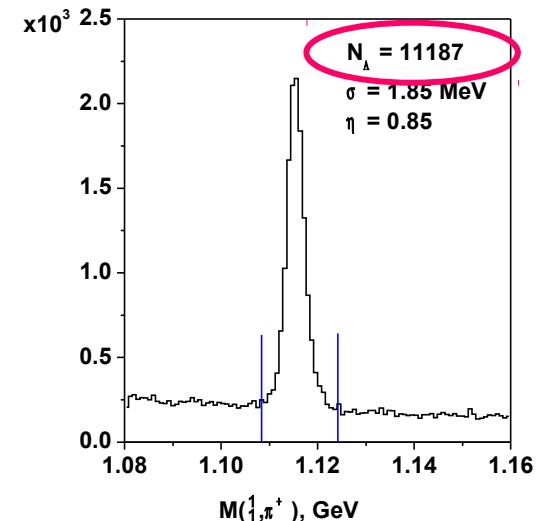
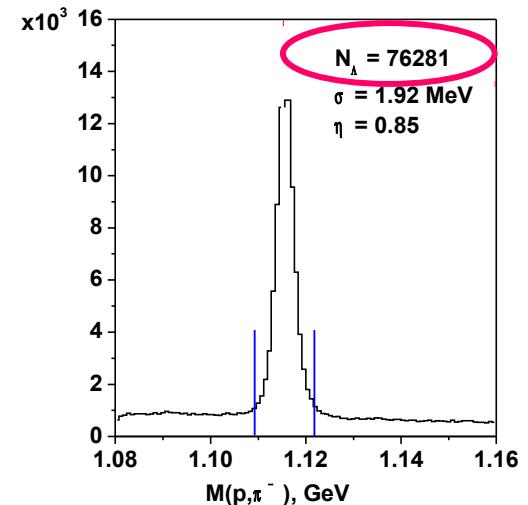
Λ and $\bar{\Lambda}$ events selection

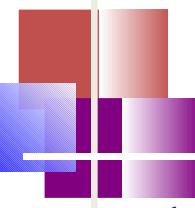


$h^\pm h^\mp$ pair background suppression

leading π or K rejection using threshold
Cherenkov det. (1996-1997) or RICH (1998-2007)

vertex separation cut: distance between V_1 and $V2$
vertices > 5 cm





$$\frac{dN}{d\Omega_p} = \frac{dN_0}{d\Omega_p} (1 + \alpha_{\Lambda} \vec{P}_{\Lambda} \times \hat{\vec{k}}_p) = \frac{dN_0}{d\Omega_p} (1 + \alpha_{\Lambda} P_B \sum_{i=x,y,z} D_{Li}^{\Lambda} \cos \theta_i)$$

$$\alpha_{\Lambda \rightarrow p^+ \pi^-} = 0.642 \pm 0.013 \quad \alpha_{\Lambda \rightarrow \bar{p}^+ \pi^+} = -0.642 \pm 0.013$$

For beam helicity balance case

$$[[P_B^2]] = \frac{\int P^2(t)L(t)dt}{\int L(t)dt} = 0$$

a

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{r^{\Lambda}} \sum_{v=1}^{N^{\Lambda}} \left(D^2(y) \cos \theta_i \cos \theta_k \right)_v \\ & - \sum_{v=1}^{N^{\Lambda}} \left(P_B D(y) \cos \theta_i \right)_v \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Вклад ПИЯФ в эксперимент

отка концепции, организация производства,

