

Precision Measurement of Muon Capture on the Proton “*μCap experiment*”



www.npl.uiuc.edu/exp/mucapture/

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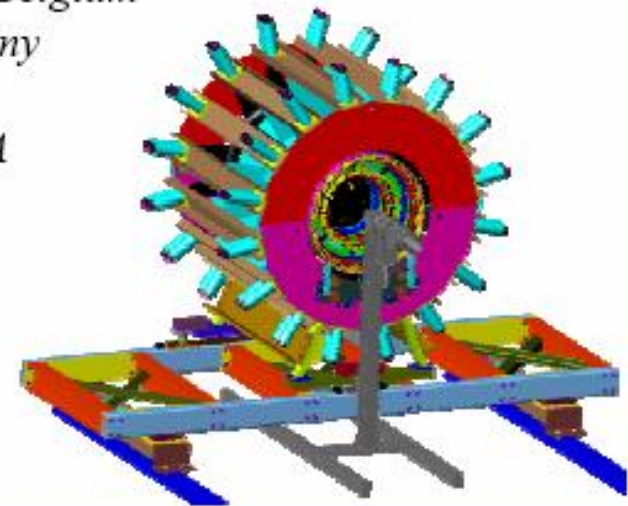
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Universite Catholique de Louvain, Belgium

TU Munich, Garching, Germany

Boston University, USA

University of Kentucky, USA



ГРУППА МЕЗОЯДЕРНЫХ РЕАКЦИЙ

- Вед.н.с. к.н. - Семенчук Г.Г.
- Ст.н.с. к.н. - Маев Е.М.
- Ст.н.с. - Петров Г.Е.
- Ст.н.с. к.н. - Воропаев Н.И.
- Н.с. - Балин Д.В.
- Н.с. - Смиренин Ю.В.
- Н.с. - Маев О.Е.
- Инж. пр. - Фотиева Е.В.
- Инж.оп.пр. - Дубограй В.С.
- Монт. р/а - Еремеев А.Д.

Группа Шапкина
Протий-газ
Хим. очистка и
анализ примесей

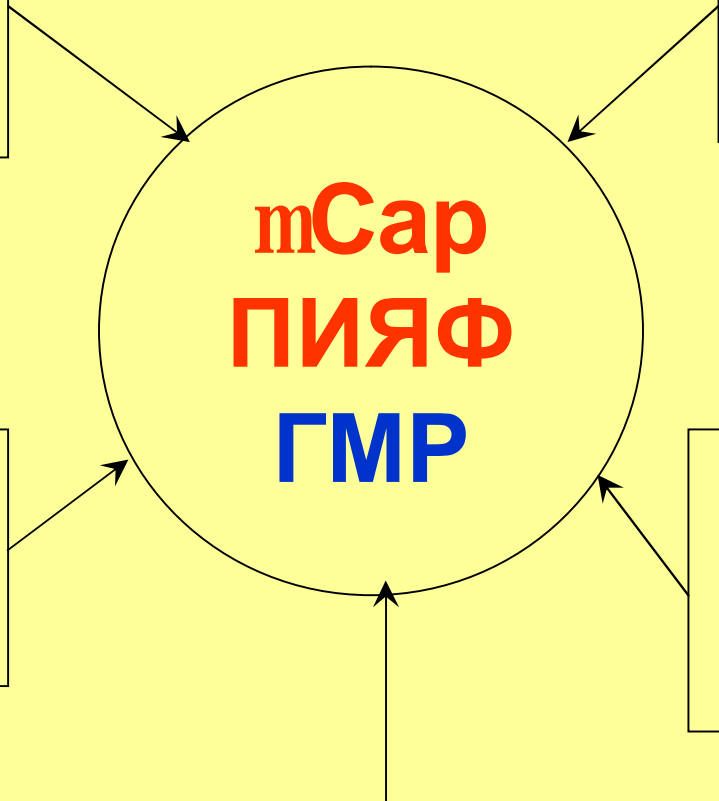
Отдел Крившича
MWPC's, TPC

mCarp
ПИЯФ
ГМР

Лаборатория
Васильева
Система
рециркуляции

Лаборатория
Алексеева
(ОНИ)
Противевая вода

ФТИ им. Иоффе
Анализ
примесей D2





n Стандартная Модель и структура нуклонов

n $G_v = 0.9755 \pm 0.0005$

n $G_a = 1.245 \pm 0.003$

n $G_m = 3.582 \pm 0.003$

$G_p(\text{th}) = 8.26 \pm 0.23$

n $G_p = 6 - 12$

n $G_p (\text{RMC}) = 12.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4$

pseudoscalar form factor g_P

PCAC:

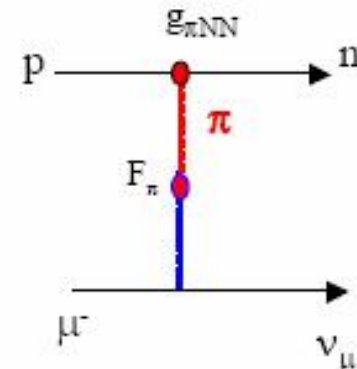
$$g_P(q^2) = \frac{2 m_\mu M}{m_\pi^2 - q^2} g_A(0)$$

$g_P = 8.7$

heavy baryon chiral perturbation theory:

$$g_P(q^2) = \frac{2 m_\mu g_{\pi NN} F_\pi}{m_\pi^2 - q^2} - \frac{1}{3} g_A(0) m_\mu M r_A^2$$

$g_P = (8.74 \pm 0.23) - (0.48 \pm 0.02) = 8.26 \pm 0.23$



Λ calculations $O(p^3)$ show good convergence: 100 % 25 % 3 %
 delta effect small LO NLO NNLO

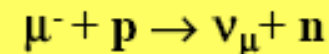
$g_{\pi NN}$
13.31(34)
13.0(1)
13.05(8)

author	year	g_P	Λ_S	Λ_T	comment
Primakoff	1959		664(20)	11.9(7)	smaller g_A
Opat	1964		634	13.3	smaller g_A
Bernard et al	1994	8.44(23)			
Fearing et al	1997	8.21(9)			
Govaerts et al	2000	8.475(76)	688.4(38)	12.01(12)	
Bernard et al	2000/1		687.4 (711*)	12.9	NNLO, small scale
Ando et al	2001		695 (722*)	11.9	NNLO

*NLO result

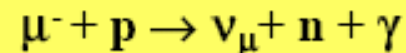
Experimental information on g_p

Ordinary Muon Capture



BR $\sim 10^{-3}$, 8 experiments 1962-82, BC, neutron, electron detection
"in principle" most direct g_p measurement

Radiative Muon Capture



BR $\sim 10^{-8}$, TRIUMF (1998), $E_\gamma > 60$ MeV, 297 ± 26 events
closer to pion pole \rightarrow *3x sensitivity of OMC*
theory more involved (min substitution, ChPT)

• Muon capture in nuclei

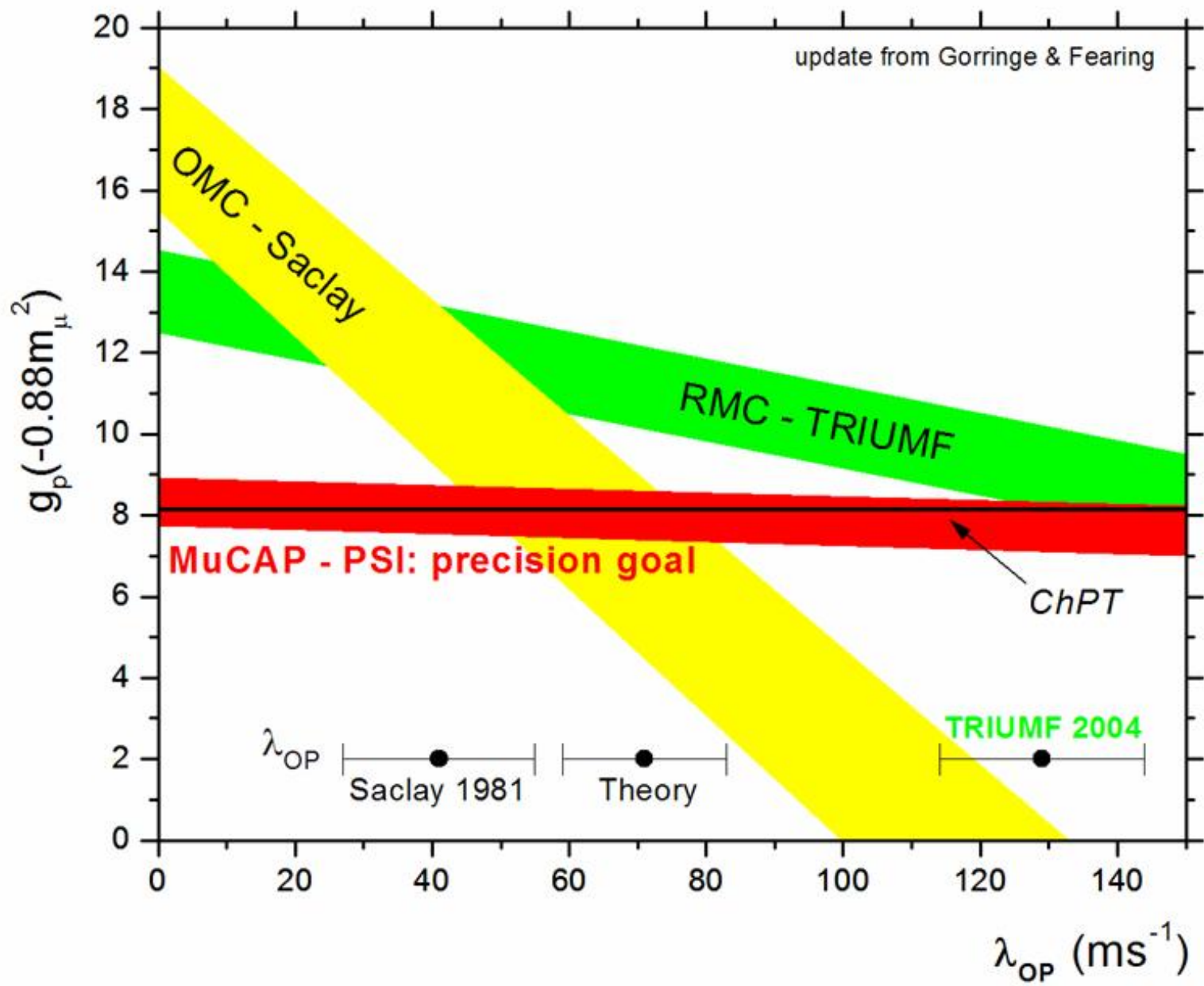
$\mu + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu + {}^3\text{H}$ $\Lambda_{\text{st}} = 1496 \pm 4 \text{ s}^{-1}$ PSI (1998)
 $g_p = g_p^{\text{th}}$ (1.08 ± 0.19) error dominated by 3-N theory
correlation measurements

Table 1 presents the available experimental data on the OMC rate, Λ_c . Most of the measure-

Year	Exptl.place	H ₂ -target	$\Lambda_c \pm \delta\Lambda_c \text{ s}^{-1}$	$\delta\Lambda_c/\Lambda_c$	Ref.	Method
1962	Chicago	liquid	428 ± 85	20%	[12]	neutron detection
1962	Columbia	liquid	515 ± 85	17%	[13]	-"-
1962	CERN	liquid	450 ± 50	11%	[14]	-"-
1963	Columbia	liquid	464 ± 42	9%	[15]	-"-
1969	CERN	gas, 8 atm	651 ± 57	9%	[16]	-"-
1974	Dubna	gas, 41atm	686 ± 88	13%	[17]	-"-
1981	Saclay	liquid	460 ± 20	4.5%	[18]	life time measurement
1981	Saclay	liquid	$531 \pm 33^*)$	6%	[19]	-"-

Table 1: Present status of $p\mu$ capture measurements.

*) corrected for ortho-para transitions in the $pp\mu$ molecule.



Стратегия MuCap эксперимента

- Измерение времени жизни t_{m^-} с точностью **10ppm**, регистрация 10^{10} $m \rightarrow e\pi\pi$ распадов

$$\textcircled{R} L_S = 1/t_{m^-} - 1/t_{m^+} \sim 1\%$$

- Однозначность интерпретации

захват из $F=0$ состояния $m\bar{p}$ атома при плотности LH_2 1%

- Использование методики активной мишени (TPC)

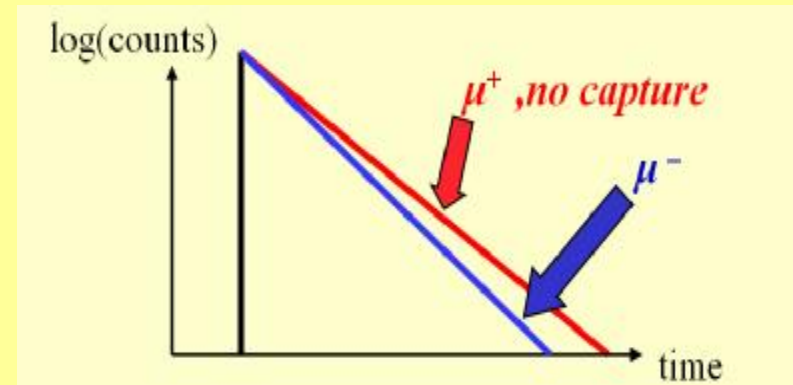
с точной регистрацией координат и времени остановок мюонов, реконструкция треков электронов к точке распада

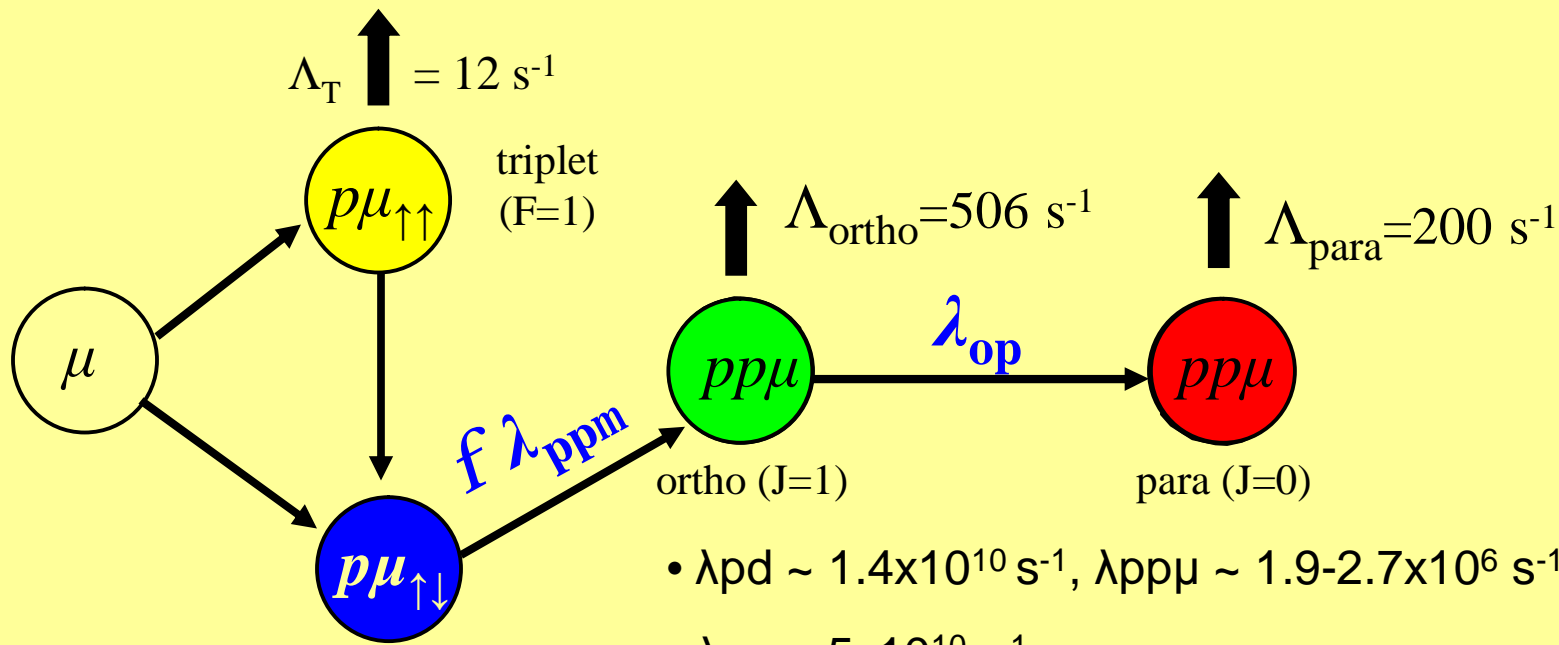
- Использование ультрачистого водорода $C_z < 10^{-8}$

- Контроль примесей по реакциям: $m\bar{p} + Z \textcircled{R} mZ + p$, ~ 10 ppb N_2

- Обеспечение изотопической чистоты водорода

$m\bar{p} + d \textcircled{R} md + p + 134$ eV, примесь $D_2 \sim 1$ ppm, диффузия $md \sim$ см



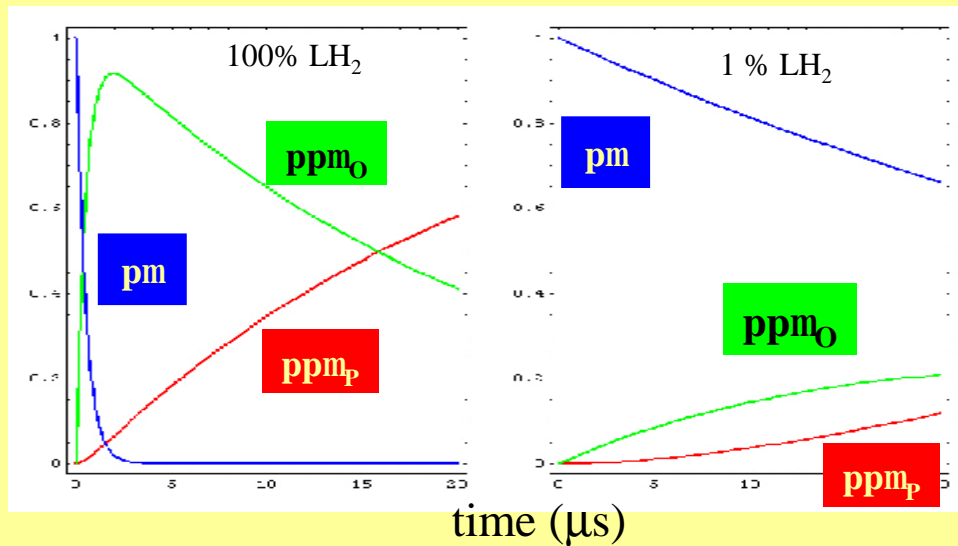


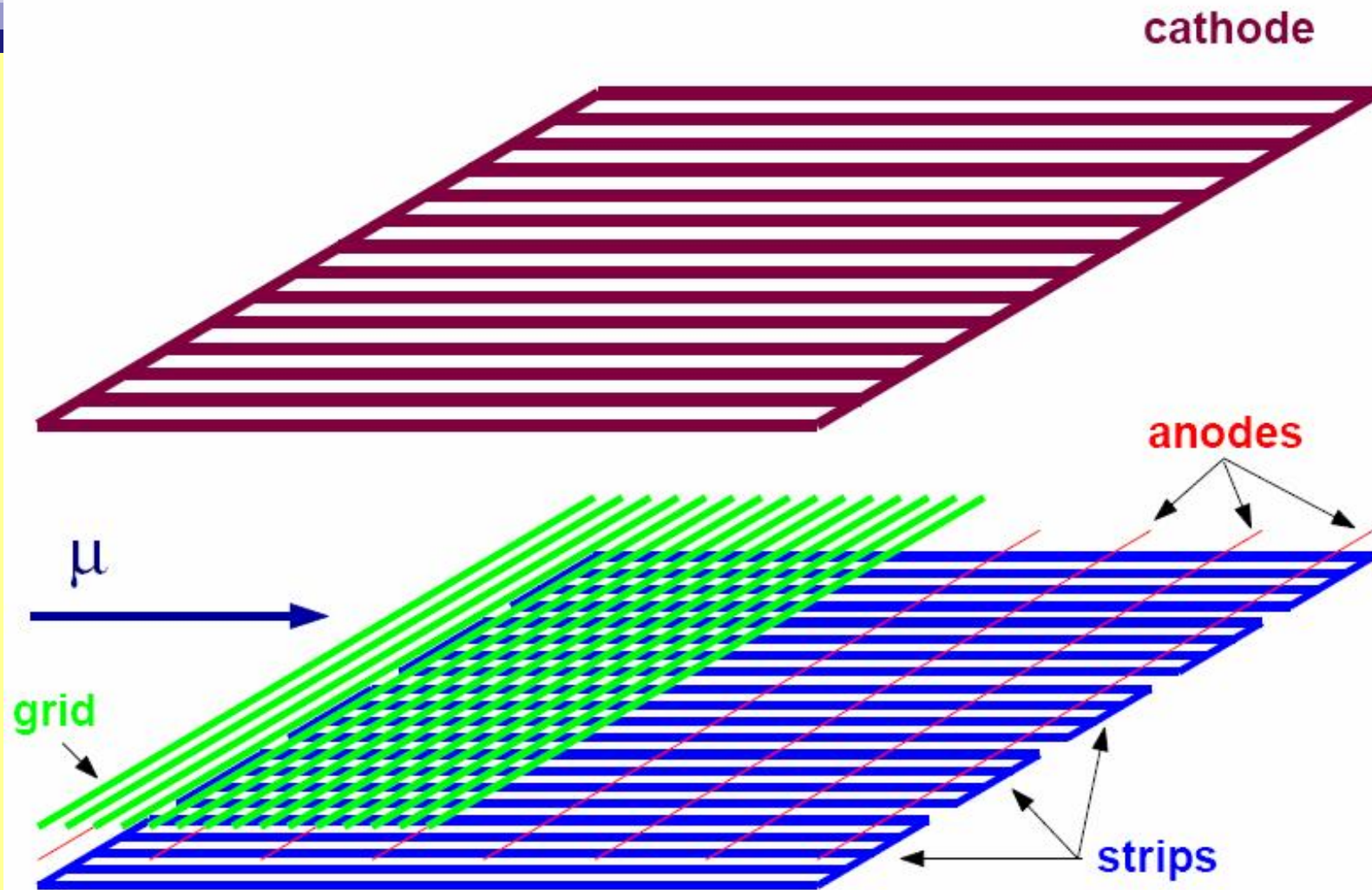
- $\lambda_{pd} \sim 1.4 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$, $\lambda_{pp\mu} \sim 1.9\text{-}2.7 \times 10^6 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $\lambda_{\mu z} \sim 5 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$

$L_S = 691 \text{ s}^{-1}$

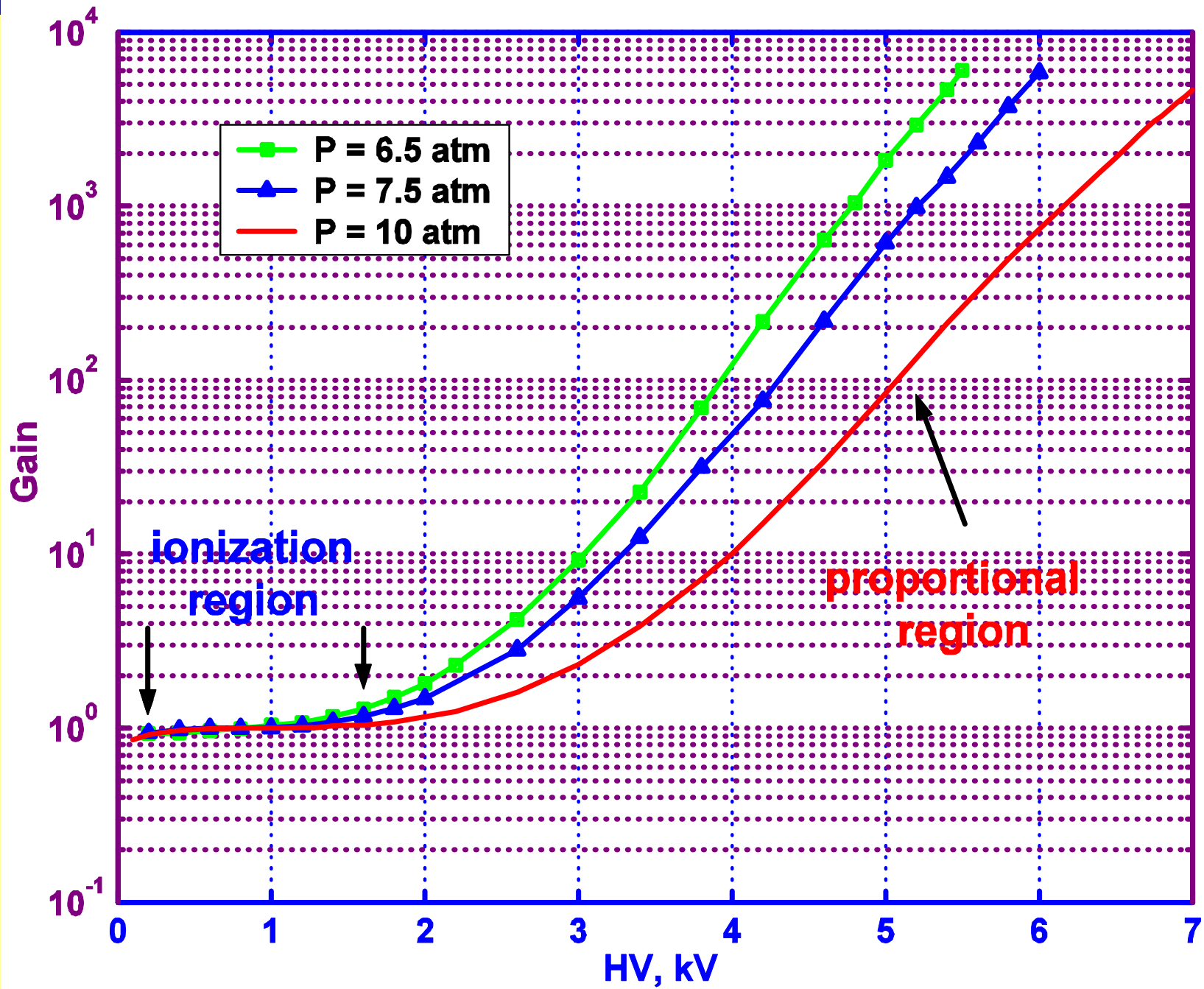
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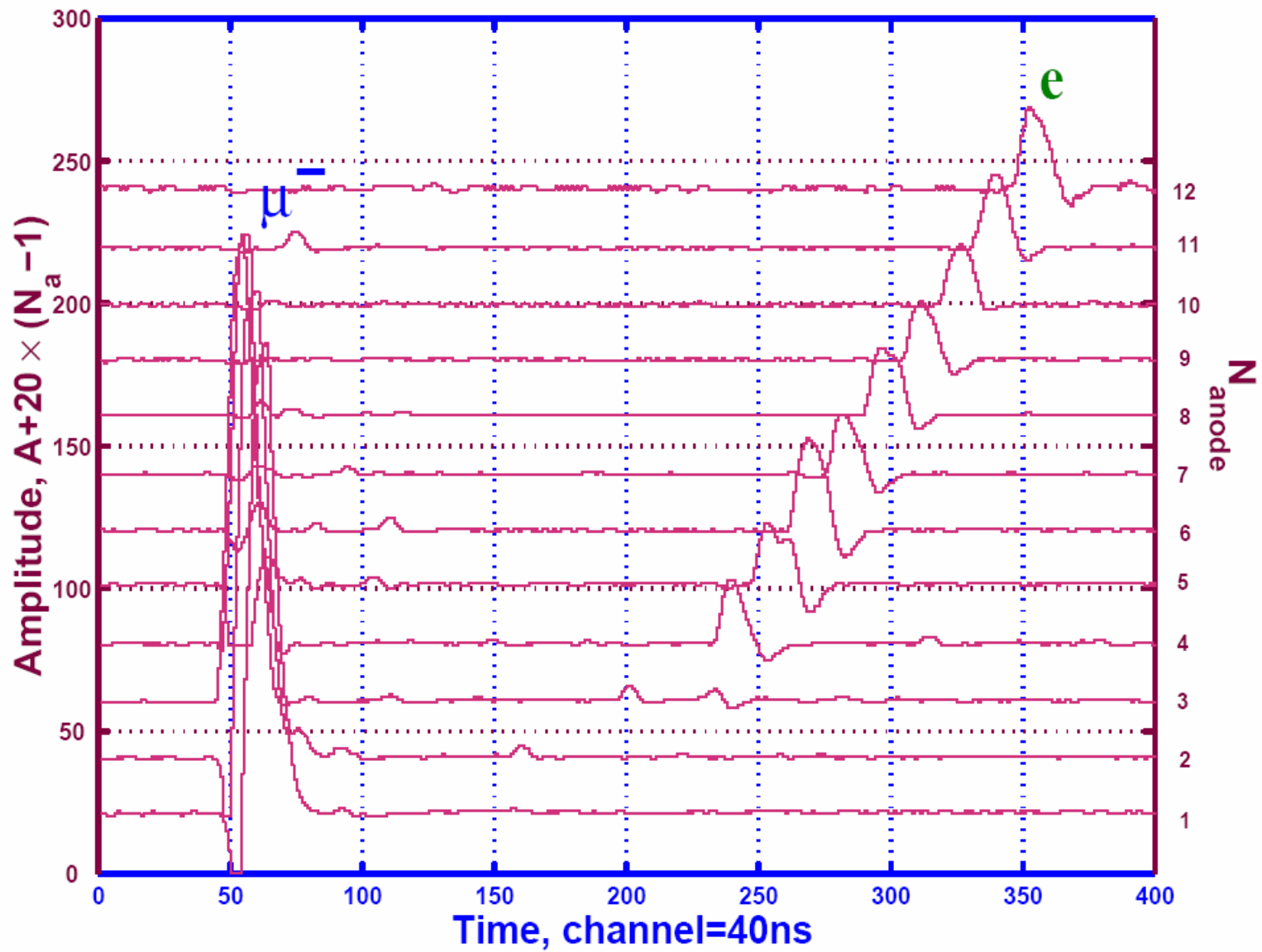
$n+n$

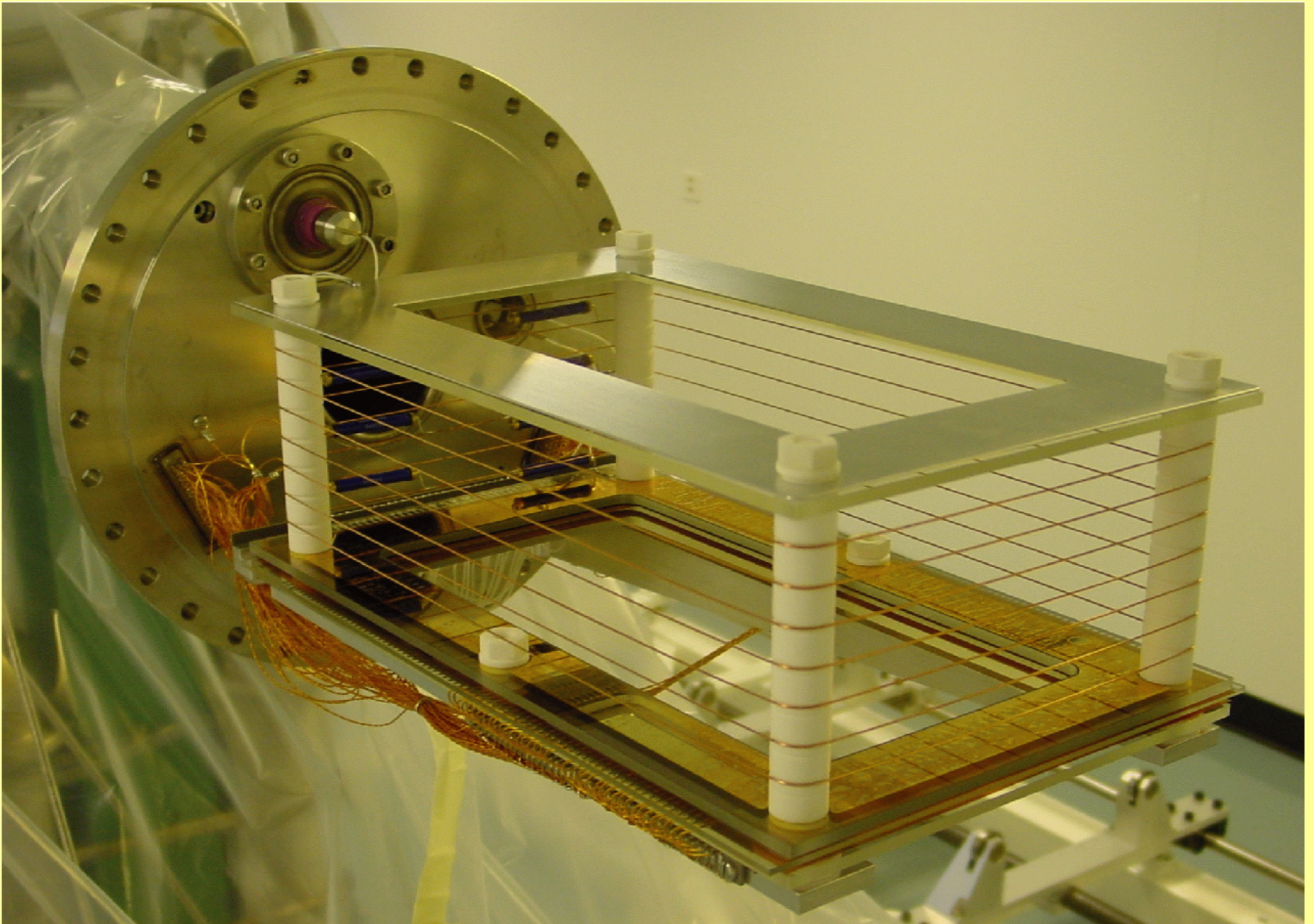


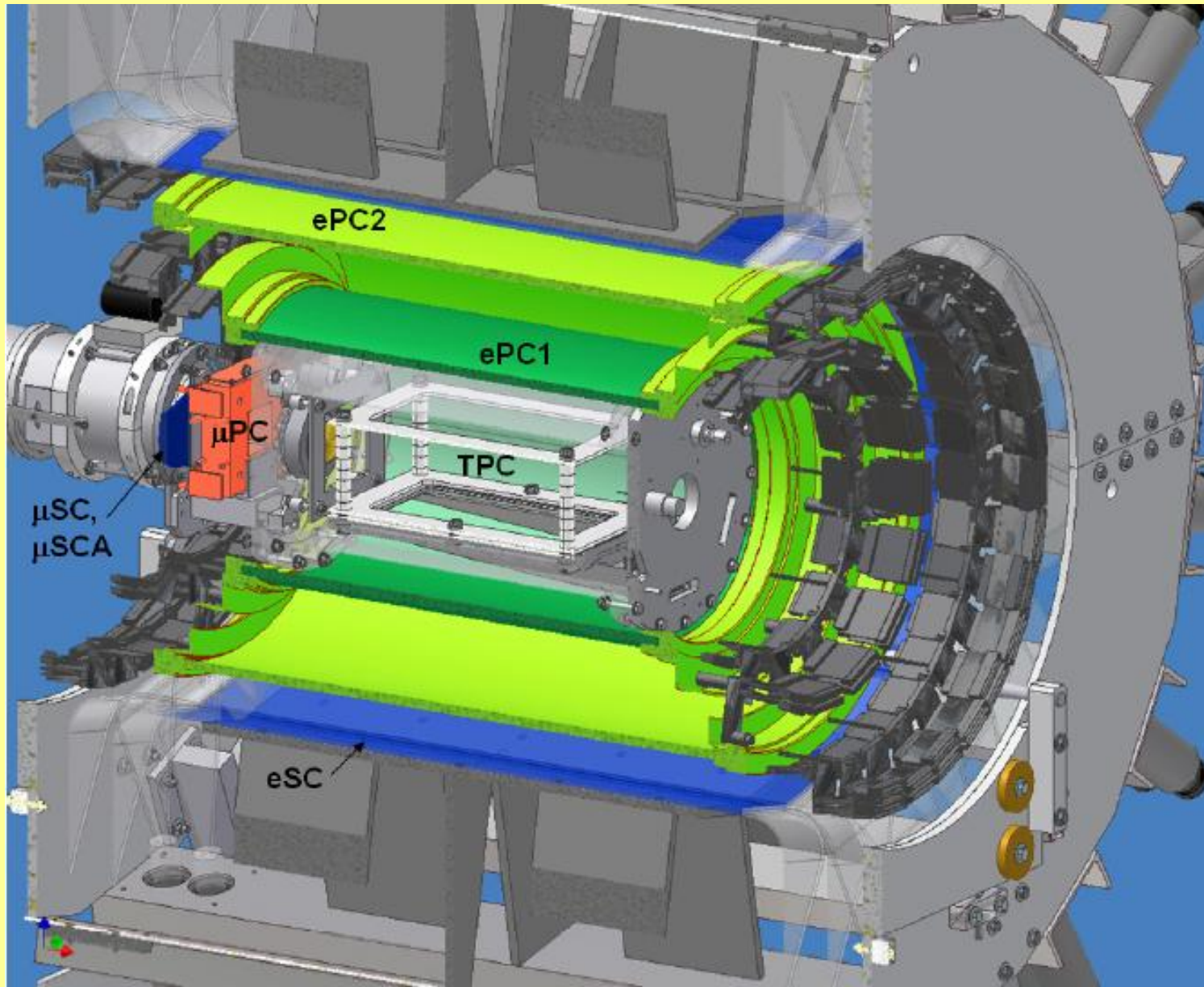


Верхний катод- 300мкм,Fe,шаг- 3мм, $U \sim 25-30$ кВ, дрейф 0.7см/мкс
 Катодная плоскость-80 мкм,Fe,шаг-1мм, зазор- 2x3.5 мм, $U \sim 5-6.4$ кВ
 Аноды- 25 мкм,W(Au),шаг-4мм,75 каналов. Стрипы – 34 канала

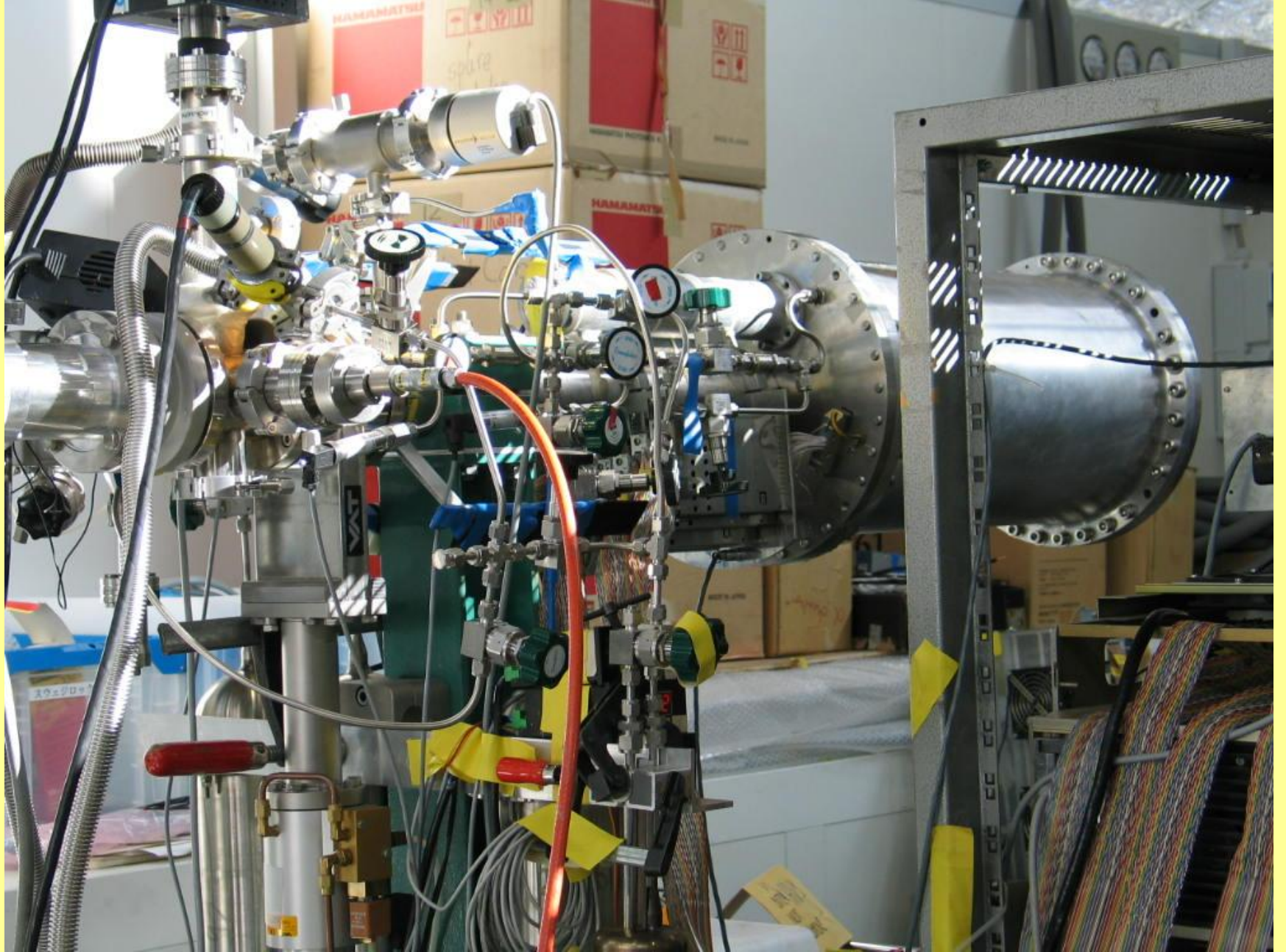


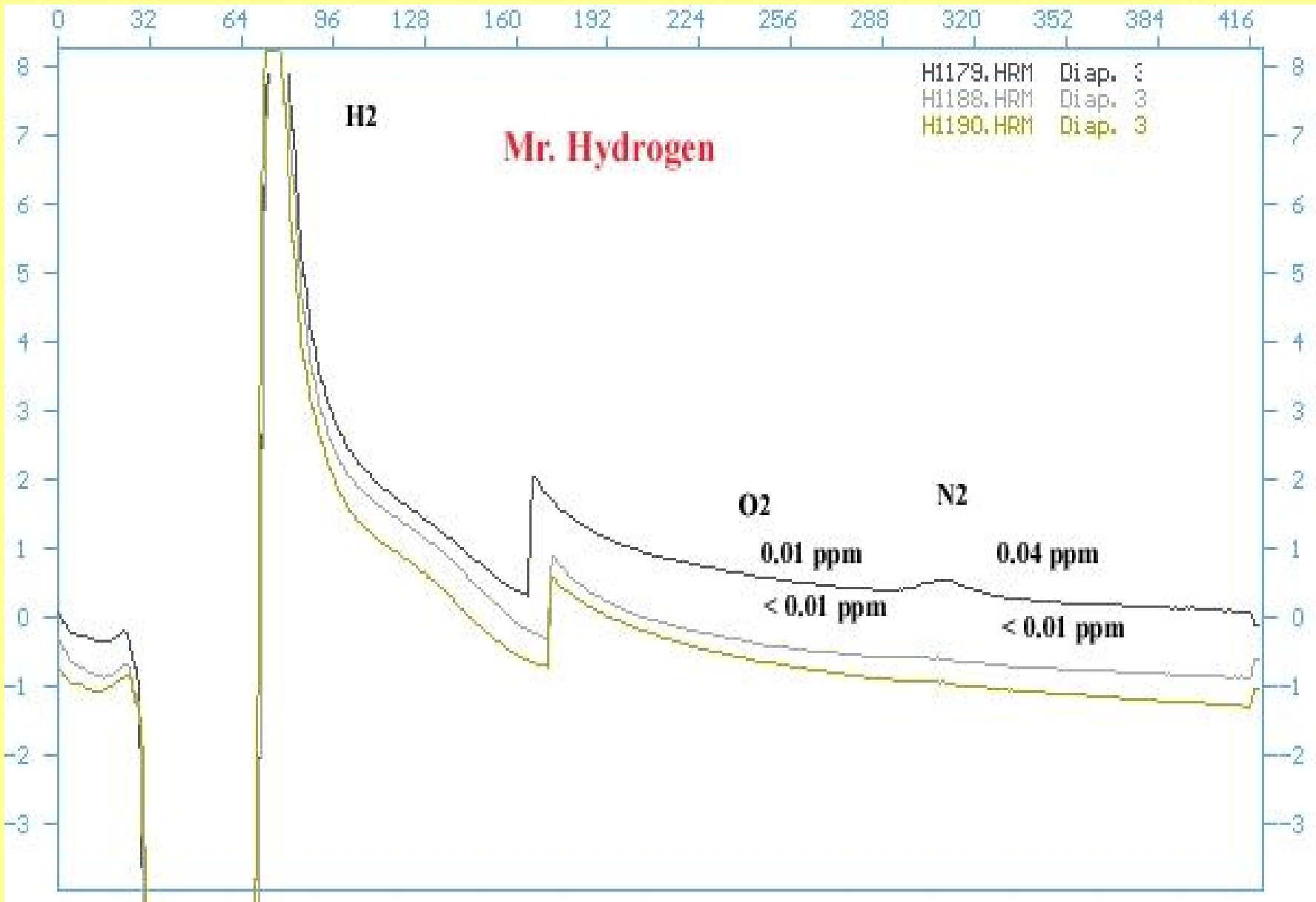












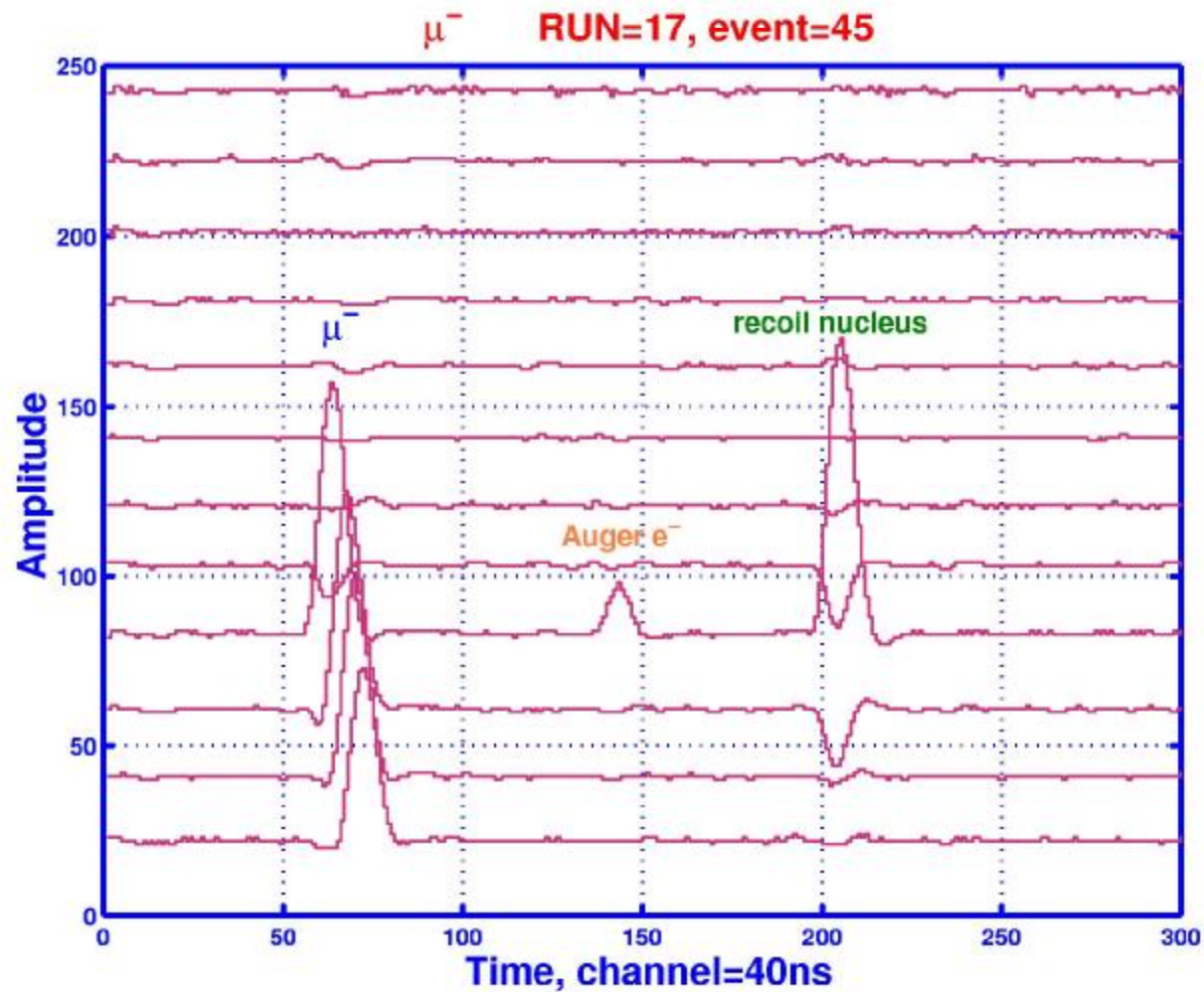
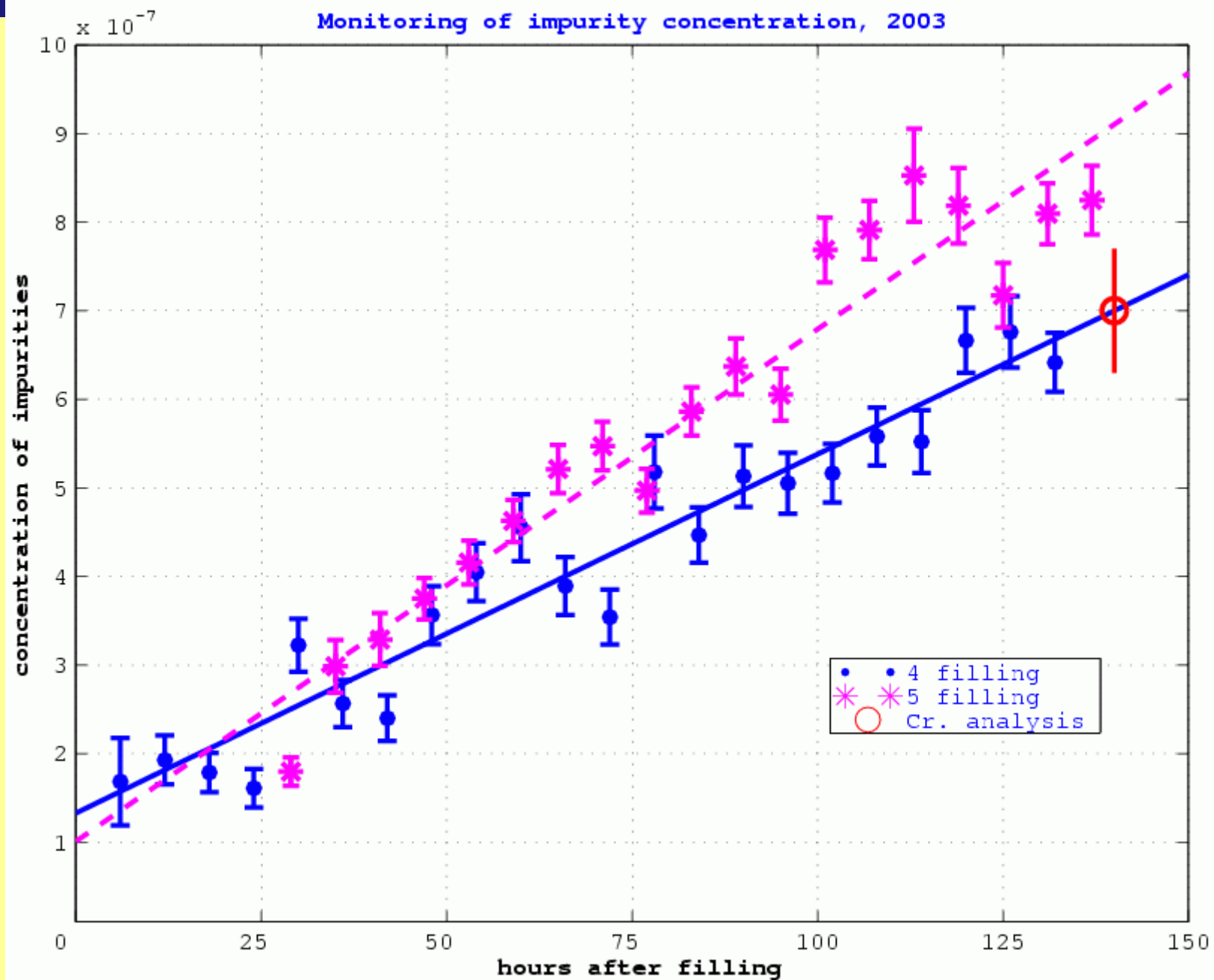
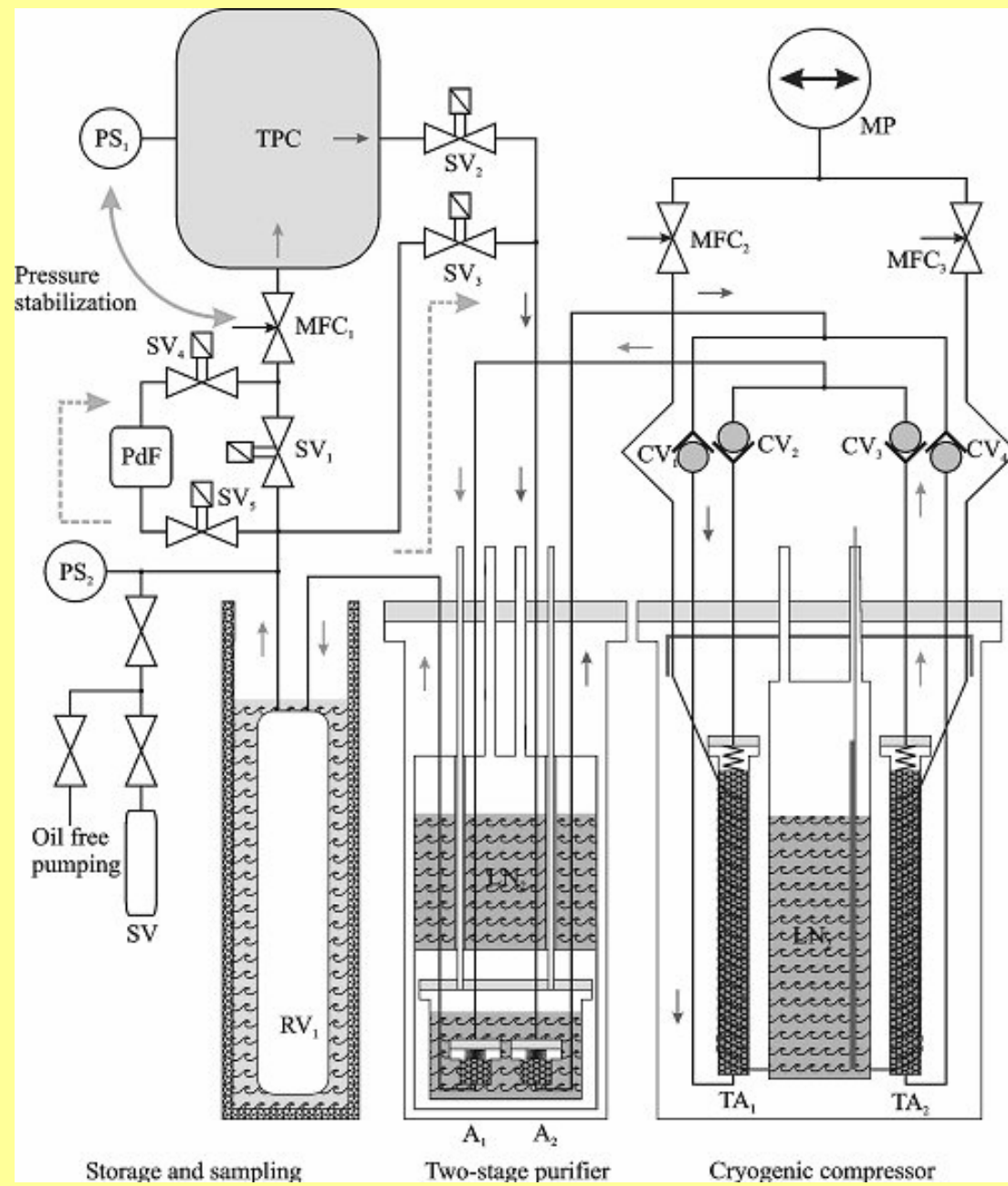
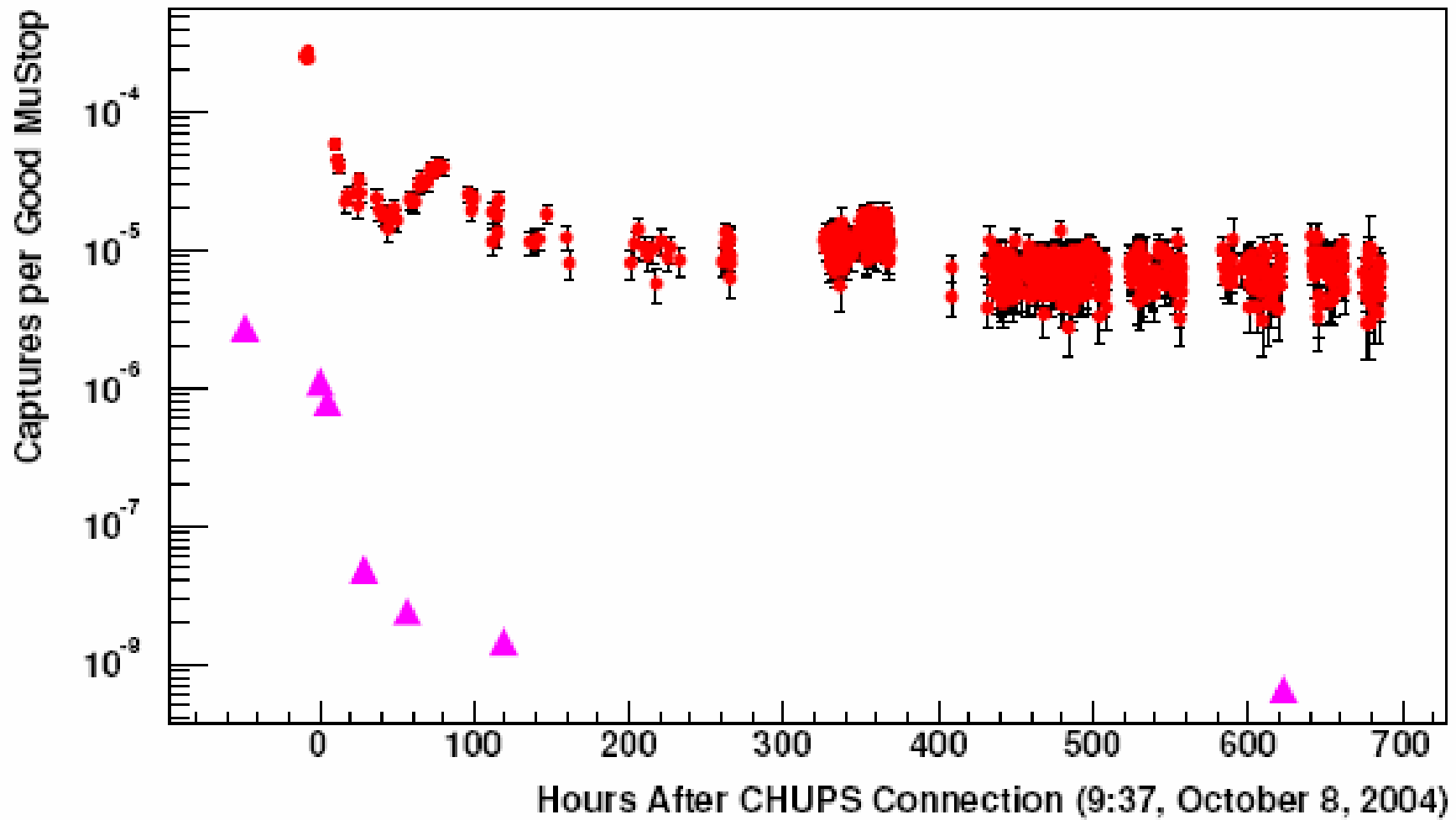


Figure 3: Display of flash ADC's showing typical event with signals from muon, Auger electron and signal from recoil nucleus.

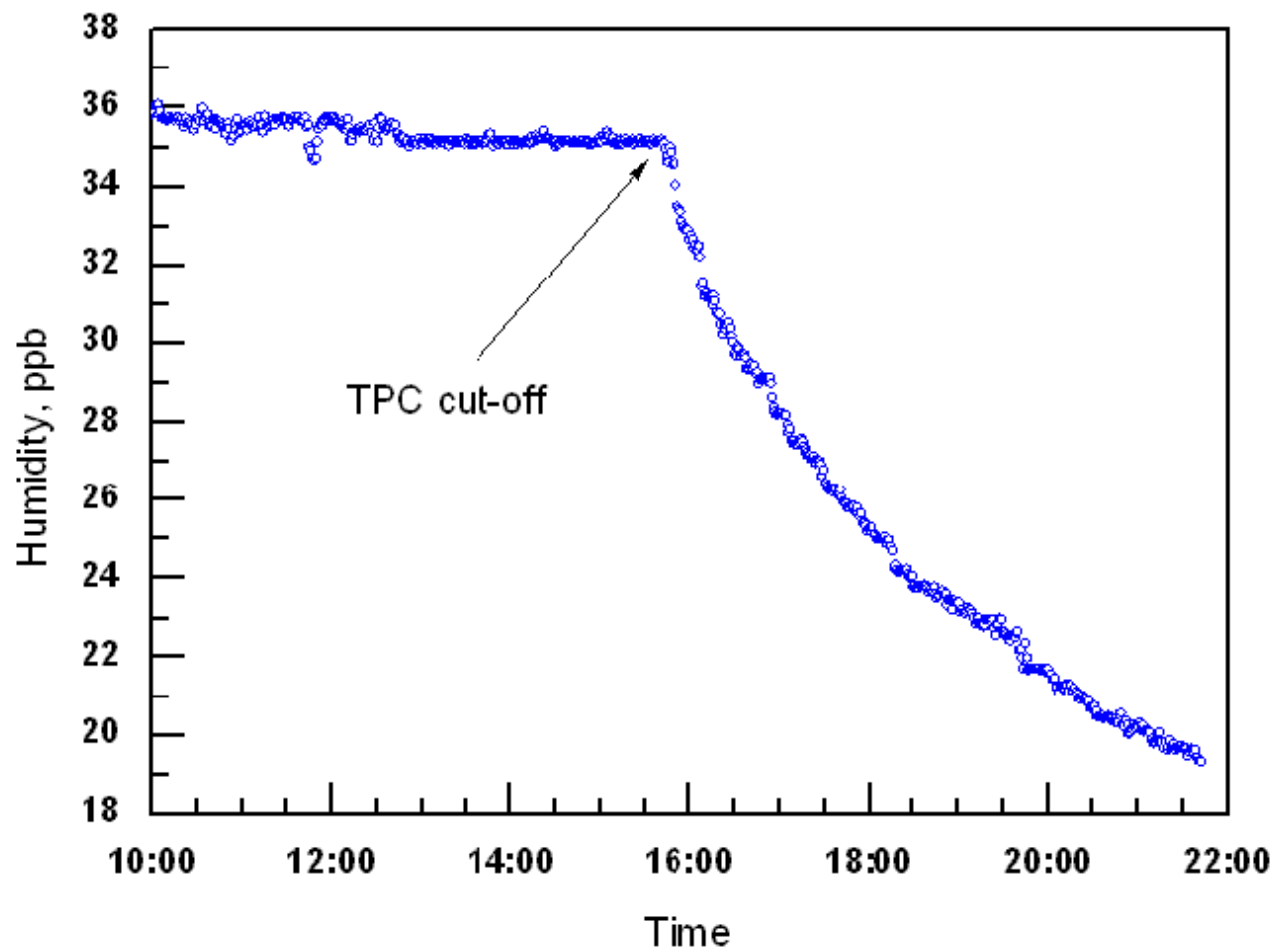




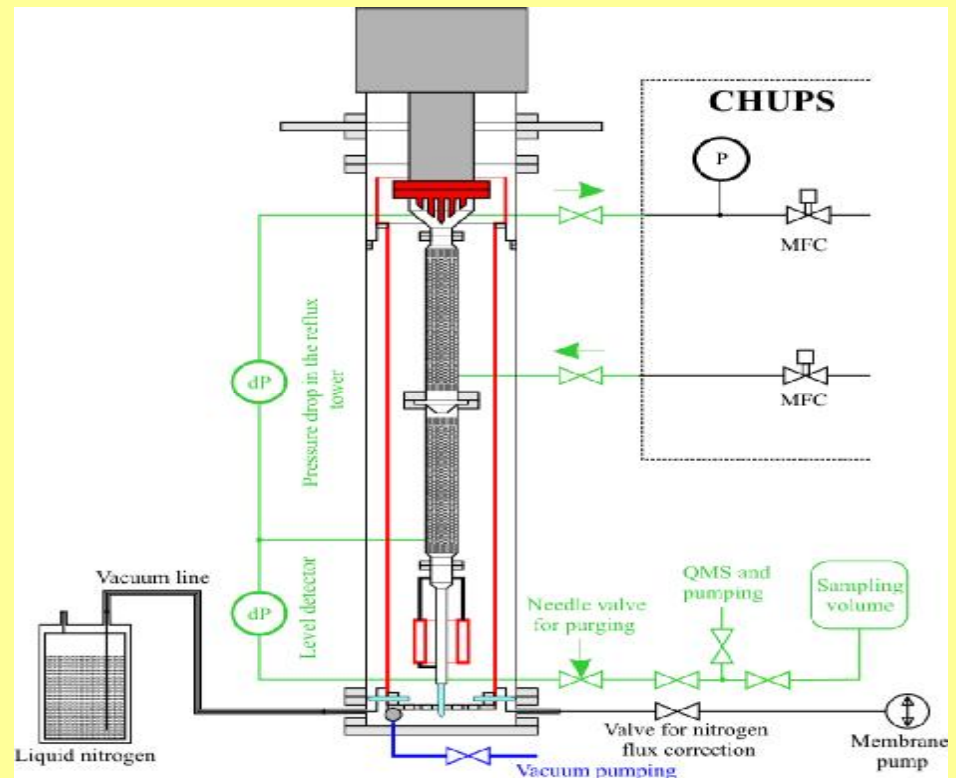
Run8 Gas Impurity vs. Time



Humidity behaviour during 29.11.2005



IV. the new protium isotope separation facility: production of ultra-depleted protium

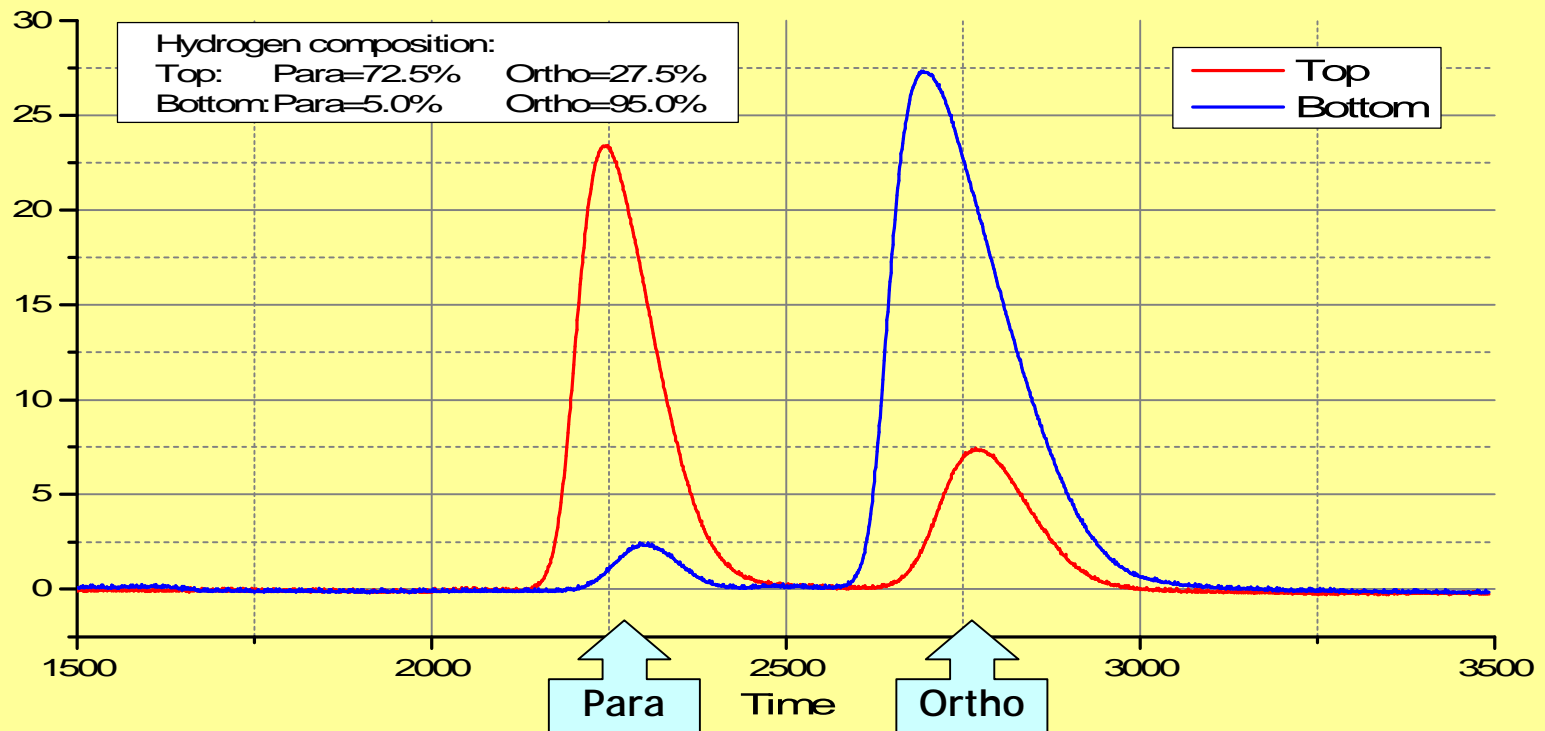


- 1) sample #74 from column after separation run: $cd < 0.14$ ppm
(twice analyzed April-15 & May-18)
- 2) 3 stp-ltr protium sample from run-10 gas $cd < 0.07$ ppm
- 3) 0.5 stp-ltr sample with end-of-run-8 gas $cd = 1.44 \pm 0.13$ ppm

Ortho-Para Hydrogen

(Natural hydrogen, Column pressure = 1.2 bar; Reboiler power = 10W)

Chromatogram

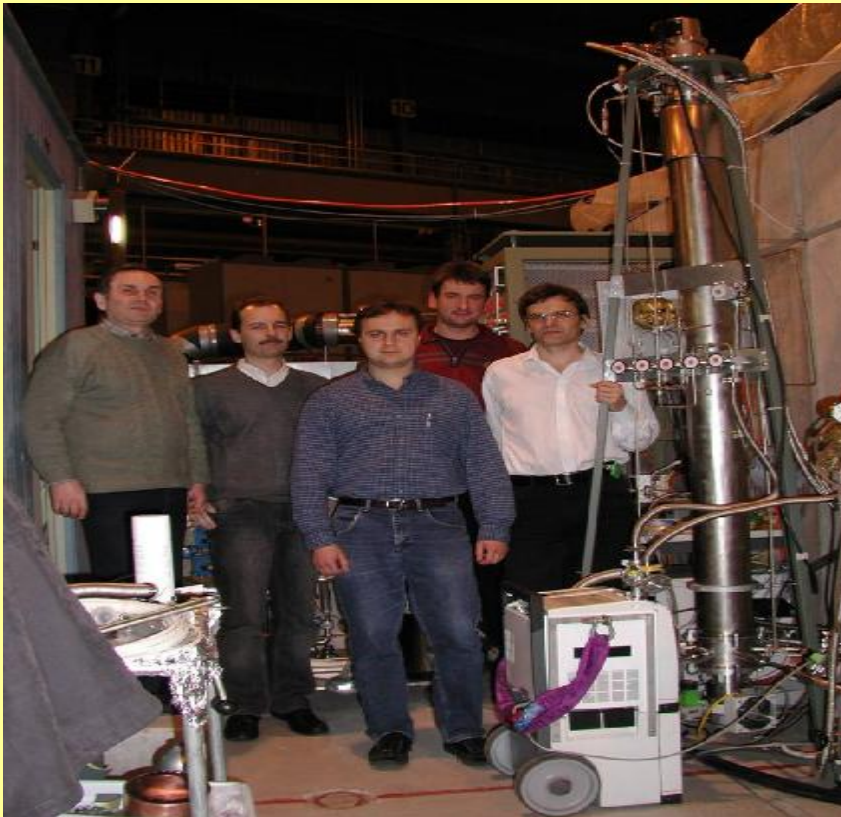


main results of ETH protium gas analysis

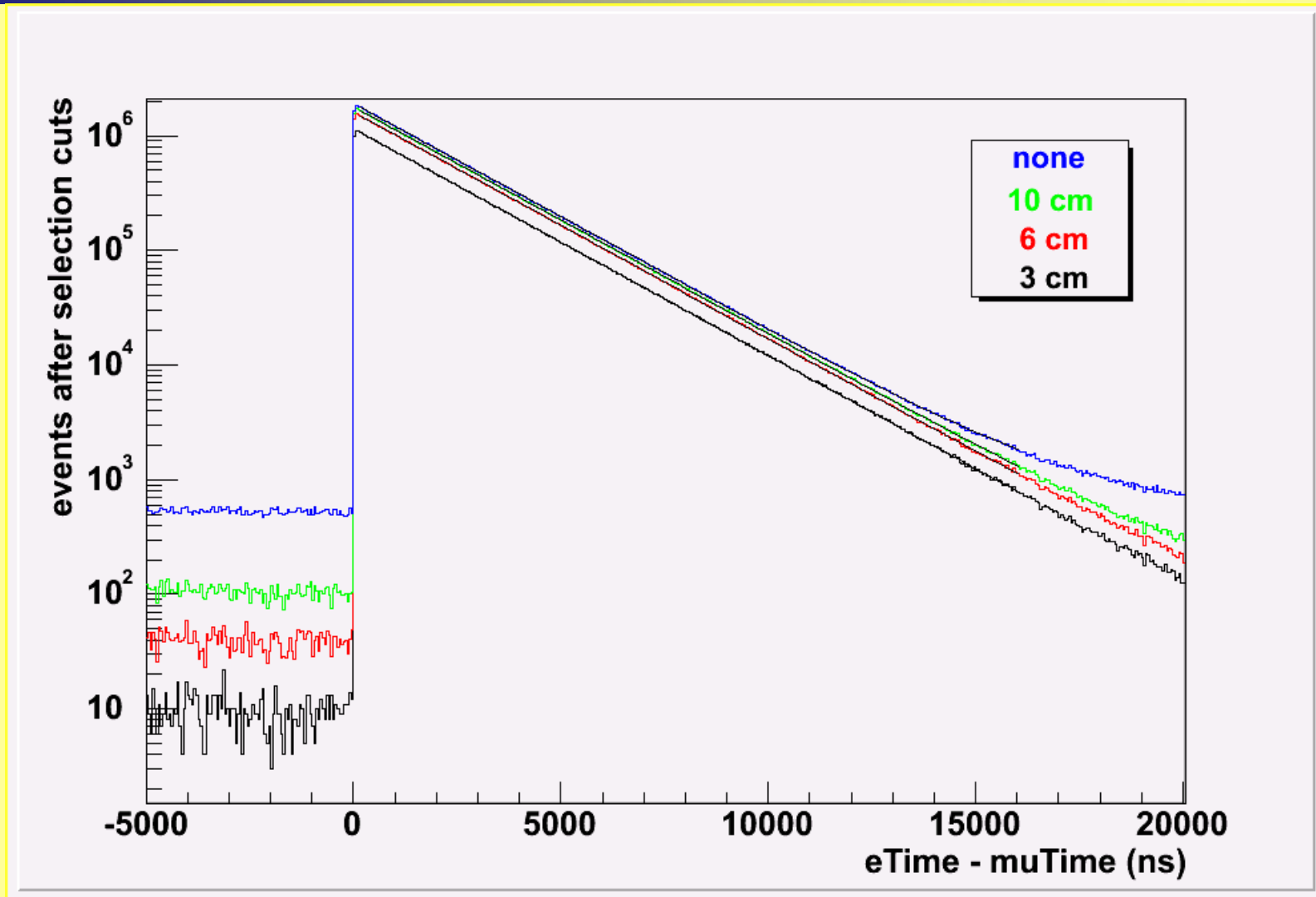
during two measurement cycles, April-15 and May-18, 2006,
10 hydrogen/protium samples were analyzed with the small ETH
Tandem with unprecedented precision yielding the following results:

- 1) sample #74 from column after separation run:
(twice analyzed April-15 & May-18) $c_d < 0.14$ ppm
- 2) 3 stp-ltr protium sample from run-10 gas $c_d < 0.07$ ppm
- 3) 0.5 stp-ltr sample with end-of-run-8 gas
(after applying small corr. of 0.13 ppm) $c_d = 1.44 \pm 0.13$ ppm
- 4) protium sample with run-9 gas $c_d = 1.45 \pm 0.14$ ppm
- 5) deuterium enriched sample #50 ("feed through,
no purging", calculated enrichment factor 41
→ back-calculation gives for run-8+run-9 gas
(systematic error not yet determined) $c_d = 76.9 \pm 1.6$ ppm
 $c_d = 1.40 \pm 0.03$ ppm
- 6) "natural" hydrogen from new 2006-bottle $c_d = 126.9 \pm 1.9$ ppm
agrees with Saurer result 04/04/06 old bottle $c_d = 126.9$ ppm
but disagrees with Saurer 01/26/05 old bottle $c_d = 117.6$ ppm

CHUPS + cryogenic separation column



Status report
for the period
March – April 2006



Histogram shows dramatic accidental suppression in the lifetime spectrum due to m-e impact parameter cuts (cut radius given in the legend).

Общая набранная статистика

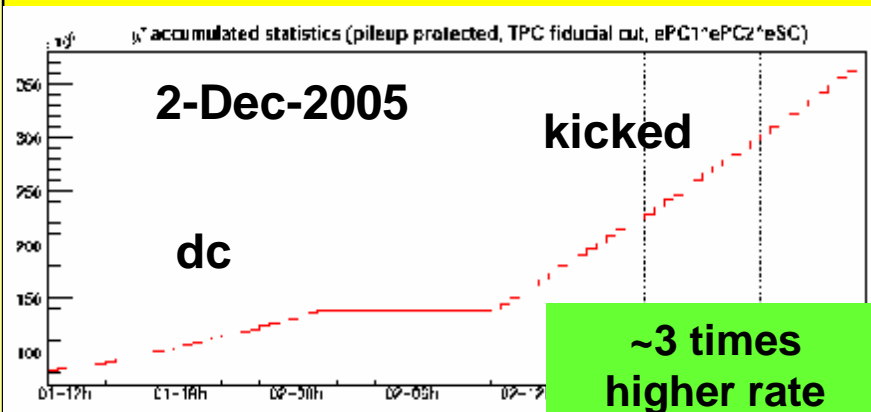
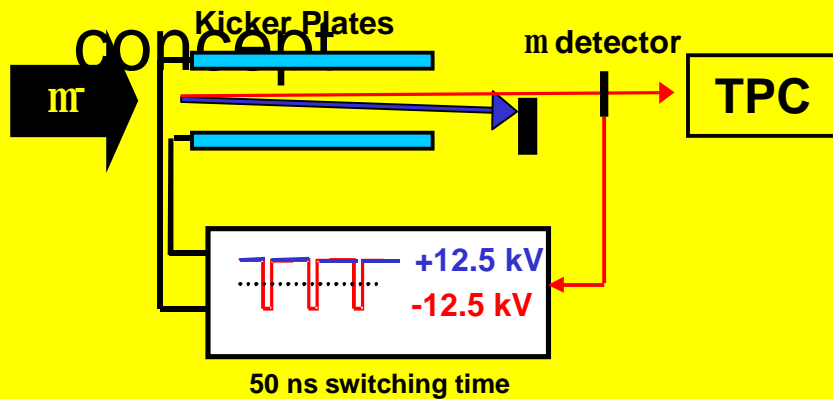
Год	$\mu^+ \times 10^9$	$\mu^- \times 10^9$	D_2 (ppm)	H_2O (ppm)
2004	0.2	2.0	~1.5	0.07
2005	1.4	3.5	~1.5	0.036
2006	4.0	8.0	<0.07	0.02
	5.6	13.5		

За 2006 год набрано данных ~ 25 Tb

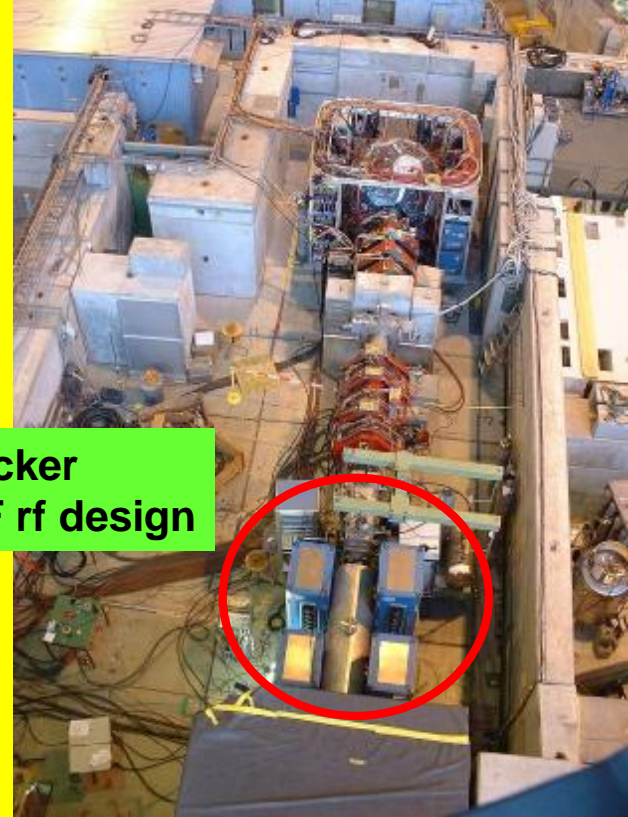
μCap Unique Capabilities: Muon-On-Demand

- n Single muon requirement (to prevent systematics from pile-up)
- n limits accepted μ rate to ~ 7 kHz,

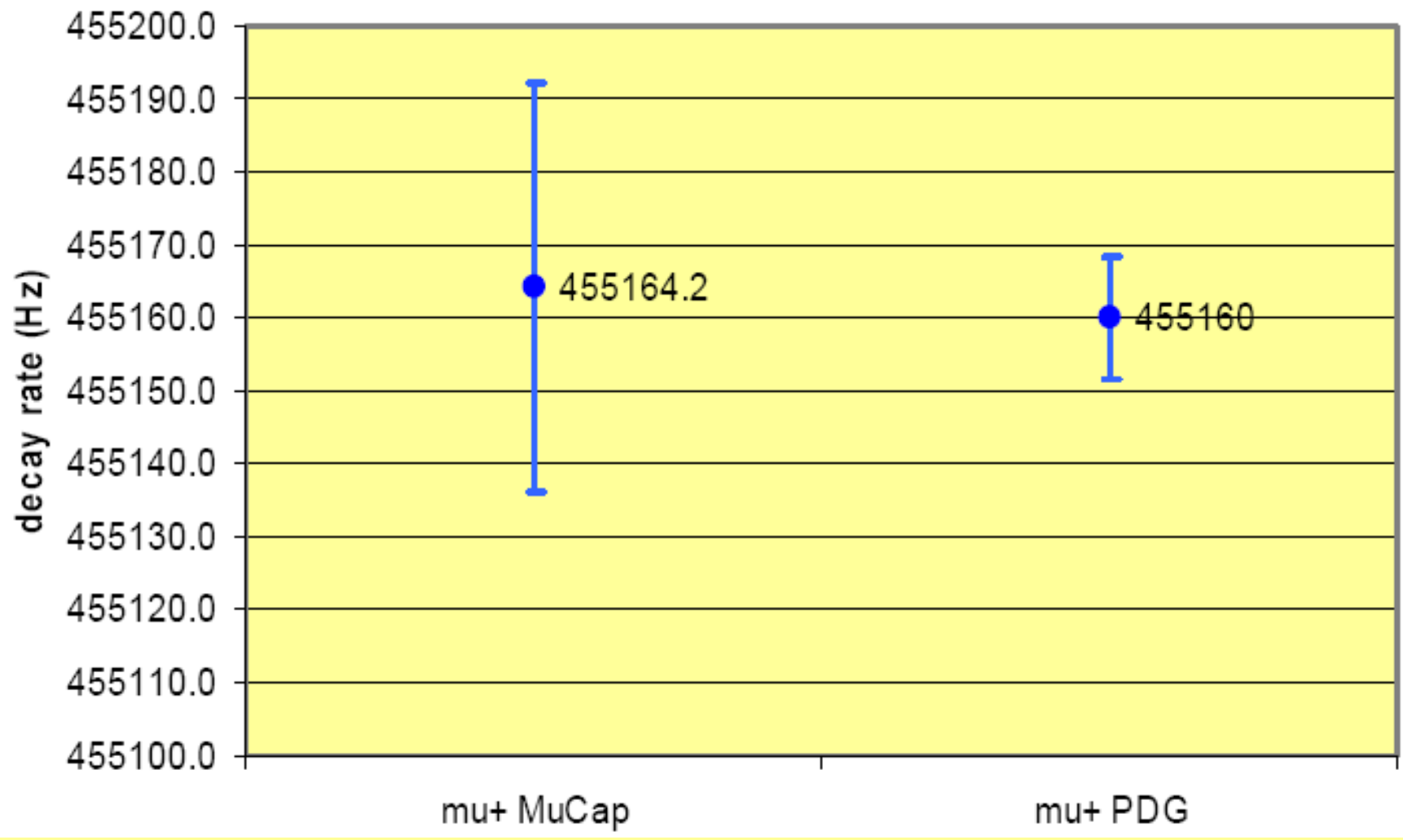
n Muon-On-Demand concept while PSI beam can provide ~ 70 kHz



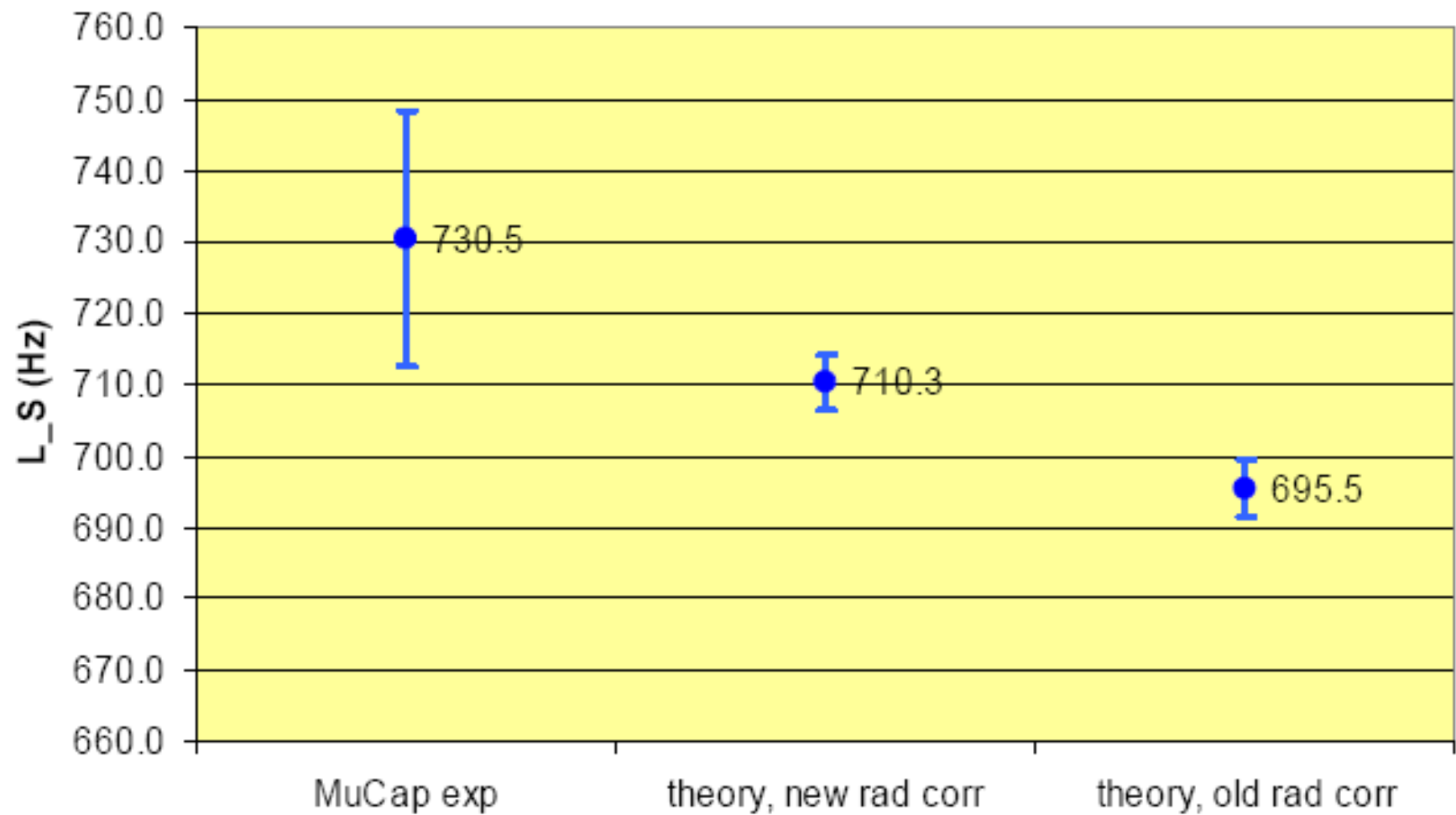
n Beamline



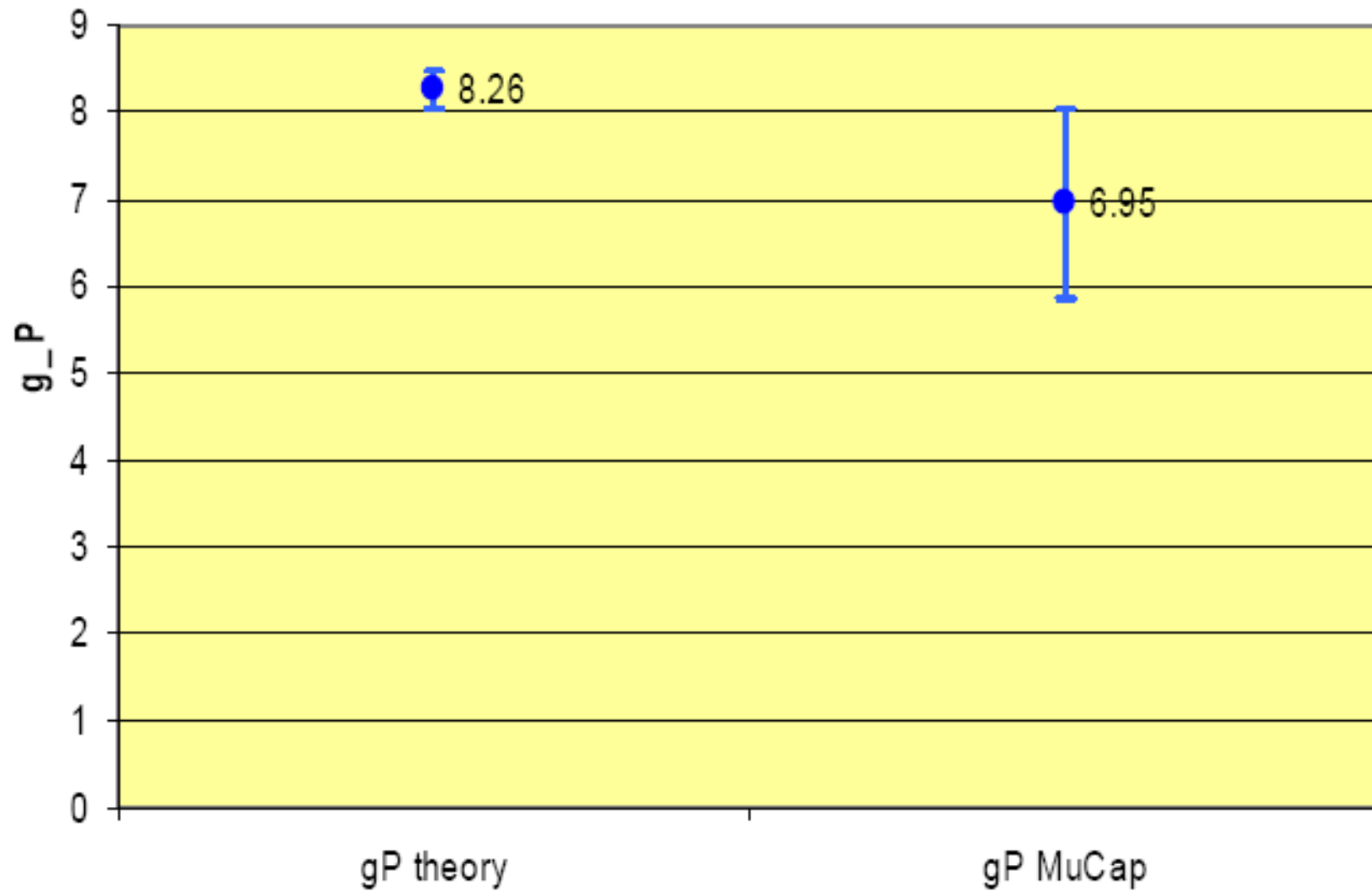
mu+



Singlet Capture Rate



g_P ($\mu+p$ capture)



Summary

∅ Preliminary results 2004 data

preliminary

	mCap	theory*
L_S	730 ± 18	707 - 715
g_P	6.95 ± 1.09	8.26 ± 0.23

∅ 2007 plans

§ 10^{10} events m^+ and m^- and suppl. measurements in 2007

→ L_S with 1% uncertainty

§ $m+d$ proposal planned for 2007

**including Czarnecki et al. rad. corrections*

ФИНАНСЫ 2006

- n Тема РАН – 600 т.руб + 550 т.руб
- n Минобрнаука (поездки) – 37 К USD
- n Грант CRDF ~49 К USD